Study of jet trigger with ALICE EMCAL for PbPb 5.5TeV

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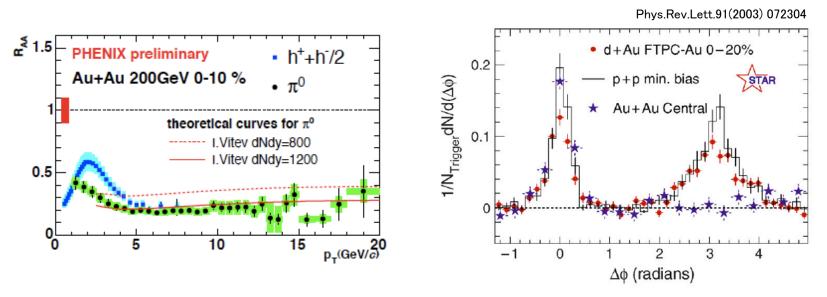
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Outline

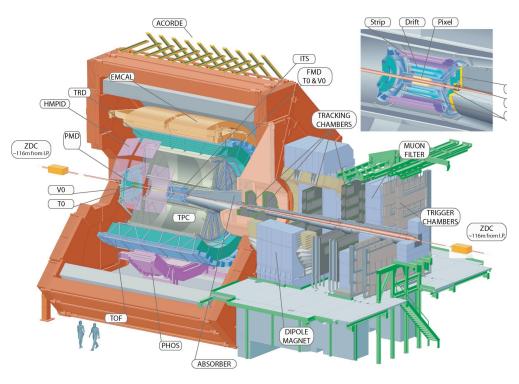
- Motivation
- ALICE Detector
- Annual jet yield with ALICE : PbPb 5.5TeV
- ALICE trigger architecture
- Jet trigger performance : PbPb 5.5TeV
- Summary

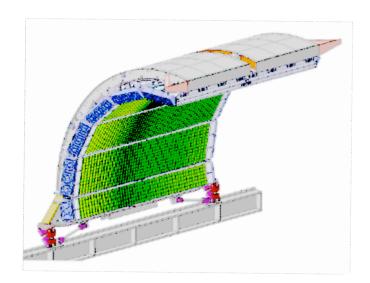
Motivation



- RHIC has discovered partonic energy loss in QGP
 - These results are from the measurement of leading hadrons
- If jets can be measured in heavy ion environment, it must be more direct probe for parton energy loss and QGP property itself

ALICE Detector



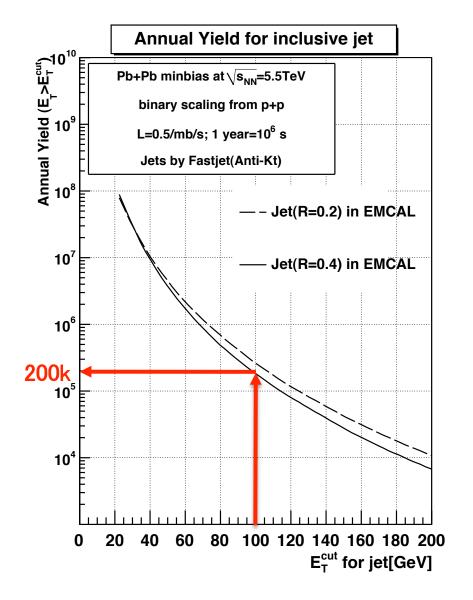


- ITS, TPC, TRD :

 - charged particle momentum determination.
 - $\Delta p/p \sim 5\%$ at 100GeV/c

- EMCAL :
 - $\Delta \phi < 110^{\circ}$, $|\eta| < 0.7$
 - π^0 and γ measurement
 - $\Delta E/E \sim 11\%/\sqrt{E}$

Annual jet yield at ALICE

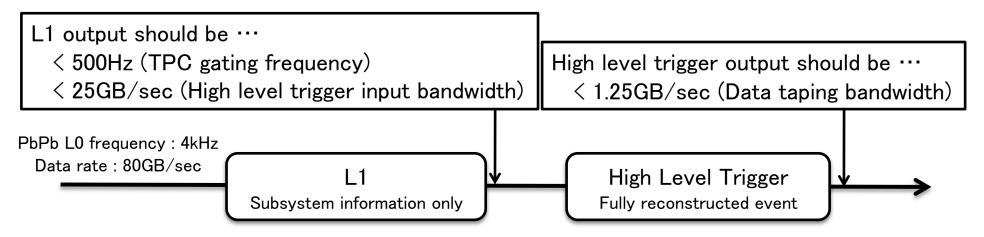


Annual jet yield

- Nominal PbPb luminosity
- 1 running year
- Binary scaling from p+p (pythia6)
- FastJet, anti-kt algorithm is applied for jet reconstruction.
 - See next talk by D. Sakata
- Huge cross section for jet production!
 - 200k jets/year above100GeV
 - We have lots of opportunity to use jets as a probe for the properties of QGP
- ALICE can't record all events
 - ➔ Need to trigger

ALICE trigger architecture

- Limitations on data flow
 - TPC gating frequency (500Hz)
 - High level trigger input bandwidth (25GB/sec)
 - Data taping bandwidth (1.25GB/sec)
- We have to select the interesting event efficiently \rightarrow trigger levels in ALICE (L0(1.2 μ s), L1(6.6 μ s), L2 and High level trigger)
- For heavy ion jet measurement with EMCAL, the trigger decision is at L1 and High level trigger



Jet trigger enhancement with EMCAL

System	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (TeV)	L _{mean}	Time	DAQ rate	EMCal
		$(cm^{-2}s^{-1})$	(s)	(Hz)	Trigger gain
p+p	5.5	$5 \cdot 10^{30}$	10 ⁶	500	110
p+p	14	$5 \cdot 10^{30}$	107	100	550
p+p	8.8	$1 \cdot 10^{29}$	10 ⁶	500	110
Pb+Pb					
cent 10%	5.5	$5 \cdot 10^{26}$	10 ⁶	20	5.3
periph 60-80%	5.5	$5 \cdot 10^{26}$	10 ⁶	20	53

- Trigger gain :
 - Comparison between

Jets triggered by and reconstructed with EMCAL

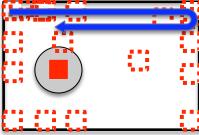
and

Jets by geometrical triggers and reconstructed with TPC

- Applicable for $E_T^{Jet} > 100 GeV$
- Jet trigger with EMCAL will enhance high pt jet yield

Study of jet trigger performance : PbPb 5.5 TeV

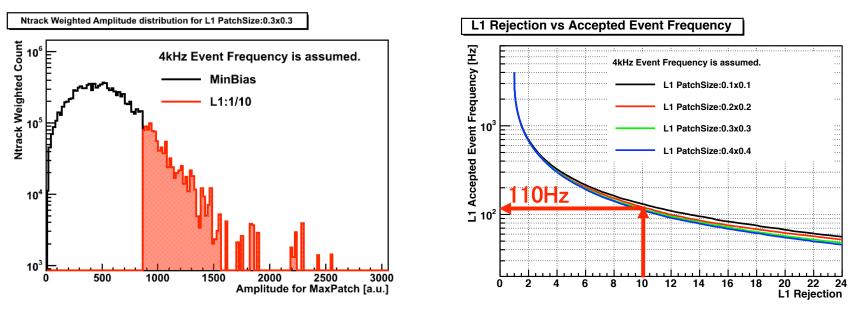
- To evaluate the jet trigger performance in PbPb collision with ALICE EMCAL, I analyzed the PYTHIA events merged with HIJING events, and applied the L1 trigger and High level trigger.
- L1 trigger
 - Patch trigger algorithm is used with subsystem information only (EMCAL, V0)
 - Search the square patch which have maximum amplitude in EMCAL acc.
 EMCAL
 - If the amplitude is above the threshold, we accept the event



• High level trigger

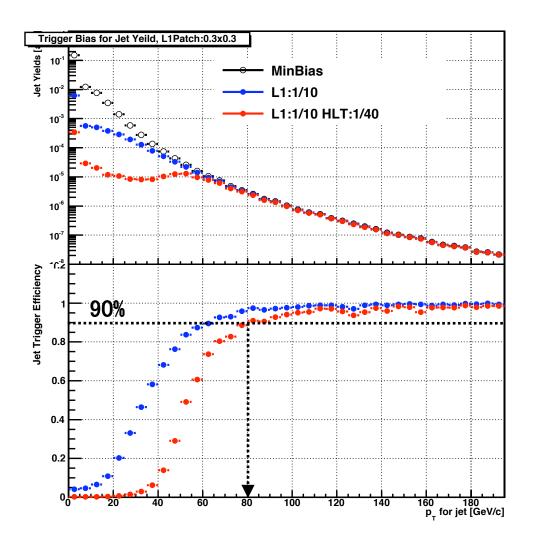
- Fully reconstructed event information (tracks, clusters in EMCAL, …, etc)
- Fastjet Anti-kt algorithm (R=0.4)
 - Search the jet which have maximum \textbf{p}_{T} inside EMCAL acc.
 - If the \textbf{p}_{T} is above the threshold, we accept the event

Background rejection : PbPb 5.5TeV



- Left plot :
 - Maximum patch amplitude distribution weighted by data volume
 - Background only (HIJING)
 - Applied cut to reduce data volume by factor 10
- Right plot :
 - L1 rejection vs L1 output frequency
 - □ Rejection 10 → L1 output 110Hz, 8GB/sec

Trigger bias on jet yield : PbPb 5.5TeV



- Upper plot :
 - Jet yield as a function of jet p_T for pythia before/after trigger
- Bottom plot :
 - Jet trigger efficiency
- Rejections are 10 and 40 for L1 trigger and High level trigger respectively
 - L1 output : 110Hz , 8GB/sec
 - HLT output : 0.2GB/sec
- We have 90 % efficiency at above 80GeV/c for these rejections

Summary

- Jet Trigger performance was evaluated for PbPb 5.5TeV
- Jet trigger efficiency is greater than <u>90% above 80GeV/c</u>

with the following rejections

L1 output	: 8GB/sec, 110Hz		
HLT output	: 0.2GB/sec		

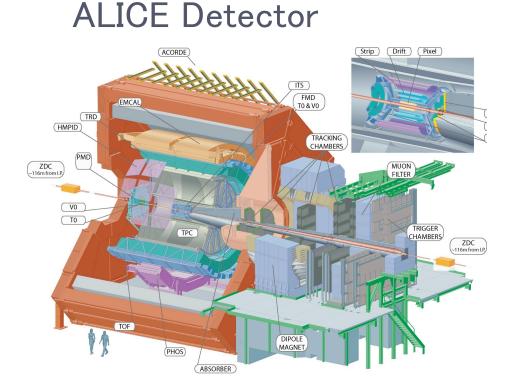
• These output are satisfied with the requirements

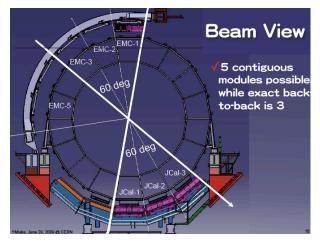
(TPC gating frequency, High level trigger input bandwidth and data taping bandwidth)

Outlook

- Centrality dependence of jet trigger performance
- Jet trigger performance with the jet quenching model
- Jet trigger performance for pp

Back up



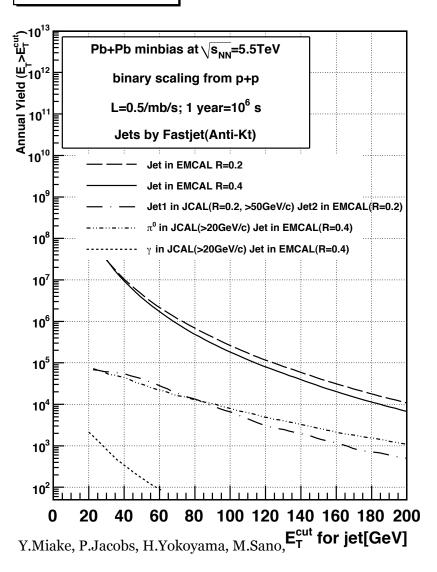


• ITS, TPC, TRD :

- $\Delta \phi < 2\pi, |\eta| < 0.9$
- charged particle momentum determination.
- $\Delta p/p \sim 5\%$ at 100GeV/c
- EMCAL :
 - $\Delta \phi < 110^{\circ}$, $|\eta| < 0.7$
 - π^{0} and γ measurement
 - $\Delta E/E \sim 11\%/\sqrt{E}$
- JCAL :
 - Upgrade of electro magnetic calorimeter in ALICE
 - Sitting on back to back side of existent EMCAL in azimuthal angle
 - $\Delta \phi < 60^{\circ}$, $\Delta \eta < 1.4$
 - Dijet, pi0-jet, gamma-jet correlation measurement.

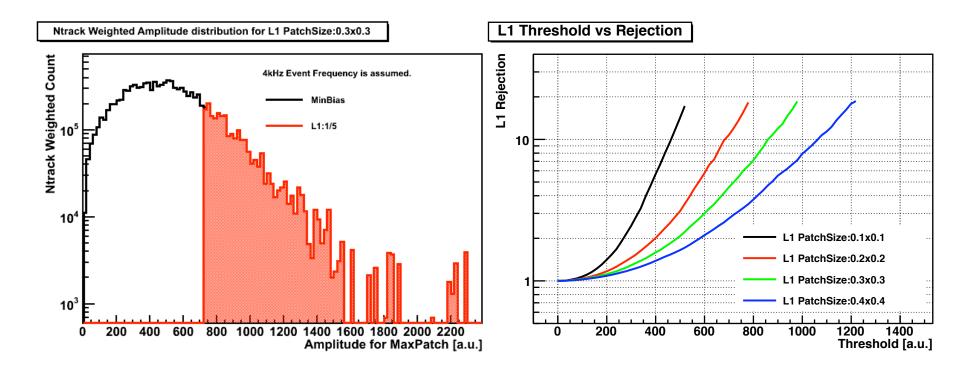
Annual jet yield at ALICE

Annual Jet Yield

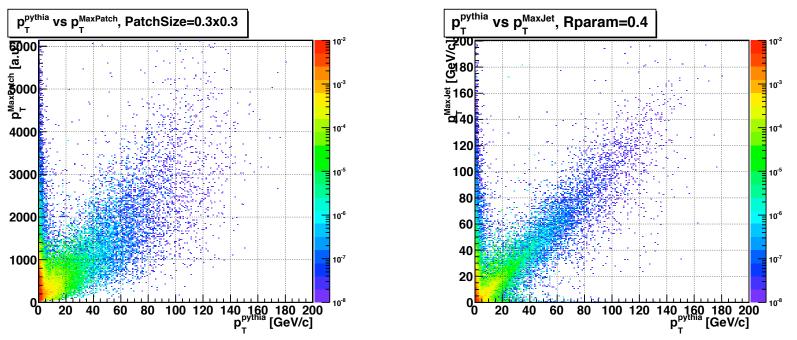


- Annual yield for various jets are calculated.
 - Inclusive jet with R=0.4 in EMCAL
 - Inclusive jet with R=0.2 in EMCAL
 - Jet1 (in Jcal) jet2(in EMCAL)
 - π^{o} (in Jcal) jet (in EMCAL)
 - γ (in Jcal) jet (in EMCAL)
 - Nominal PbPb luminosity for 2 months.
 - Binary scaling from p+p (pythia6)
 - FastJet, anti-kt algorithm is applied for jet reconstruction.
- We have lots of opportunity to use jets as a probe for the property of QGP !!

L1 rejection vs Threshold for PbPb

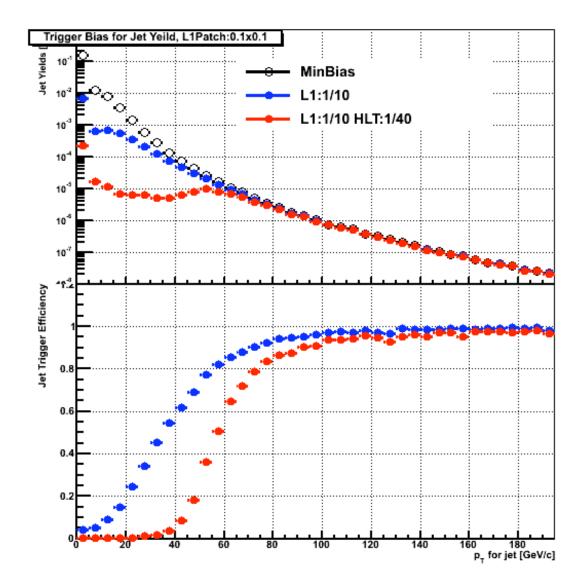




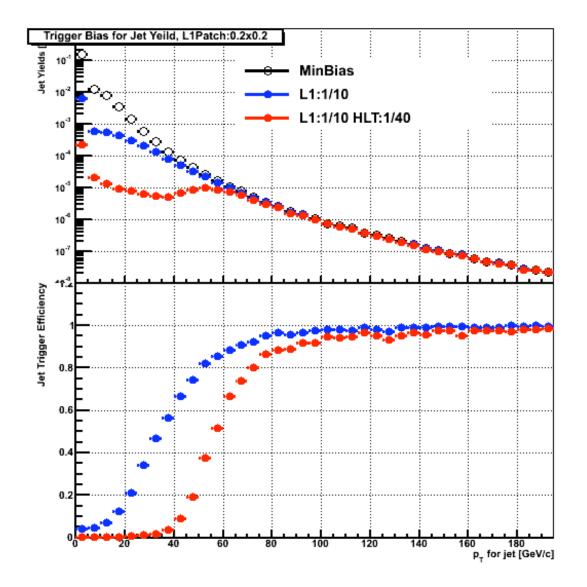


- Left plot : for L1
 - Correlation between " jet p_T in pythia(X axis)" and "amplitude of MaxPatch for L1 in pythia+Hijing(Y axis)".
 - For L1 we can use only partial information like EMCAL cell, V0 and etc. therefore broad correlation can be seen.
- Right plot : for HLT
 - Correlation between "jet p_T in pythia(X axis)" and " p_T of Maximum Jet for HLT in pythia+Hijing(Y axis)".
 - For HLT we can use the fully reconstruced information, so much sharper correlation can be seen than L1.

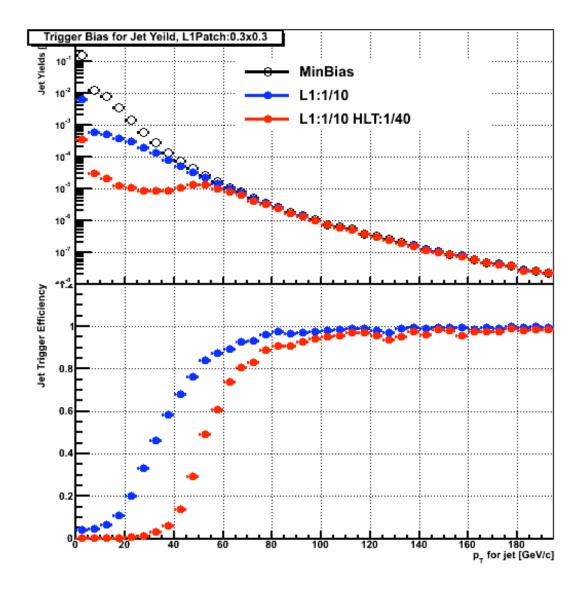
Patch size : 0.1x0.1



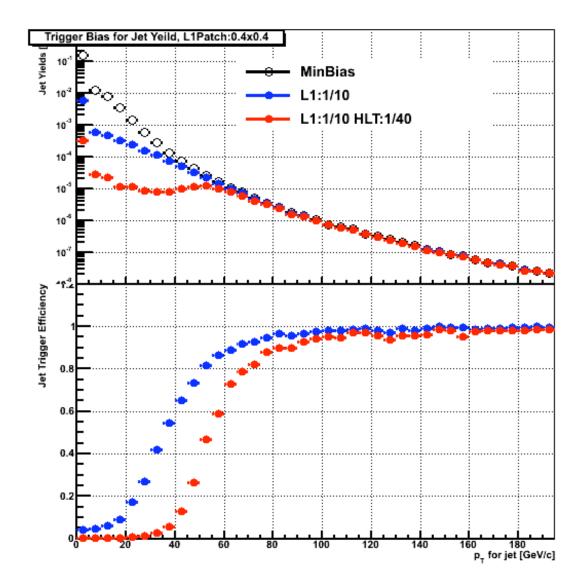
Patch size : 0.2x0.2

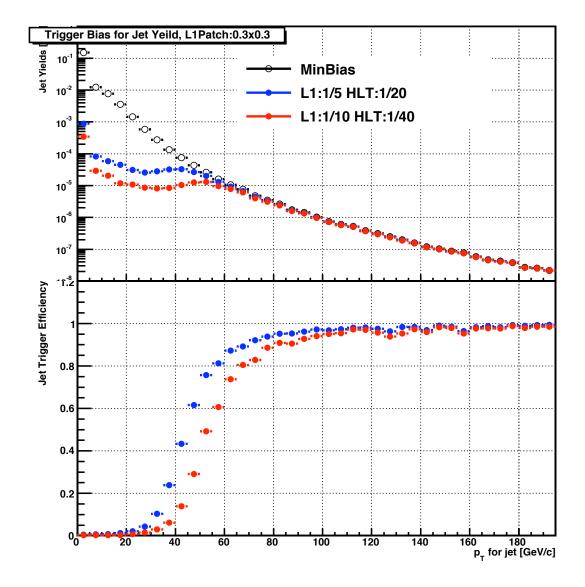


Patch size : 0.3x0.3

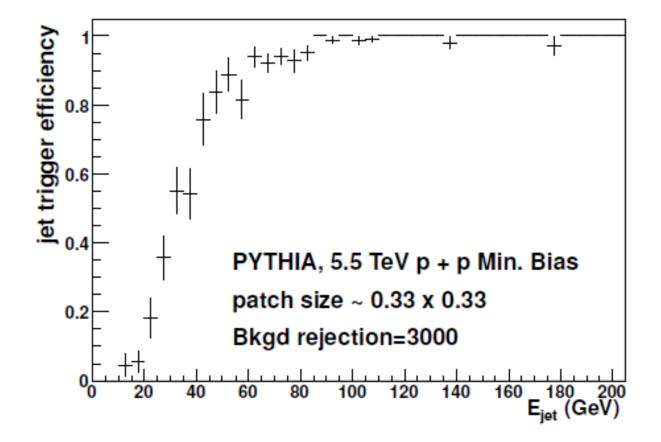


Patch size : 0.4x0.4

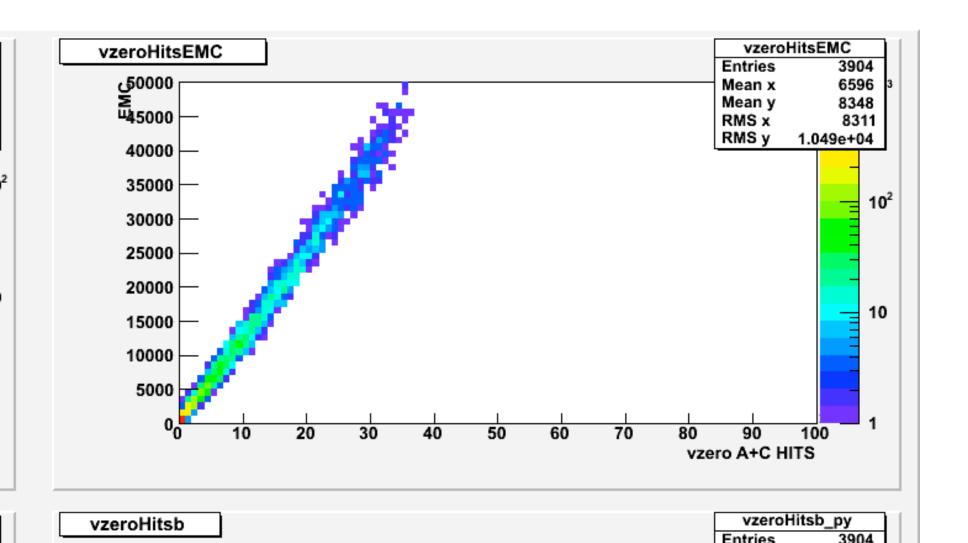




Jet trigger efficiency : pp 5.5TeV



V0 hits vs EMCAL total energy : Background subtraction



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Jet energy resolution

