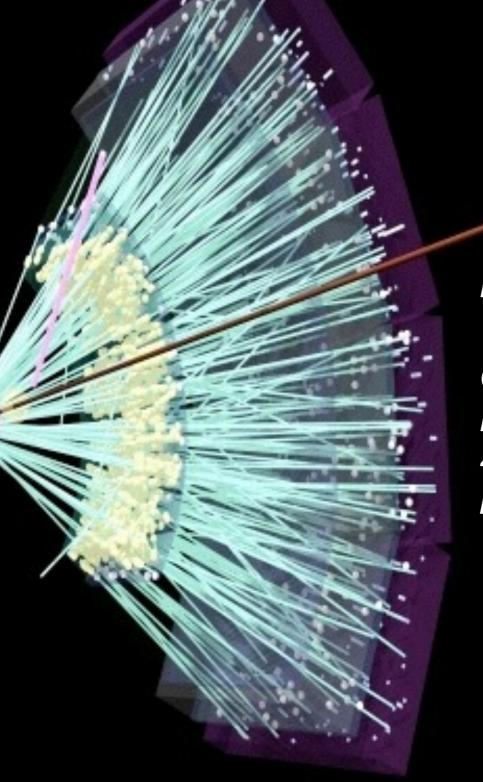
Beam Energy Scan at RHC



Hiroshi Masui / University of Tsukuba,

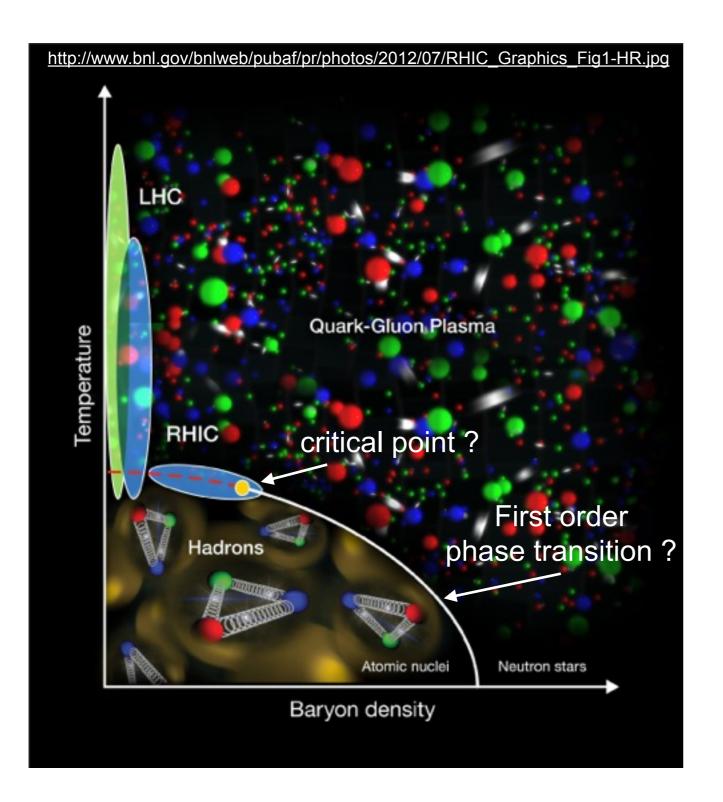
Quark Gluon Plasma and Future Directions in Heavy Ion Physics at RHIC and LHC, 4th joint meeting of APS-DNP and JPS, Hawaii, Oct 7-11



Outline

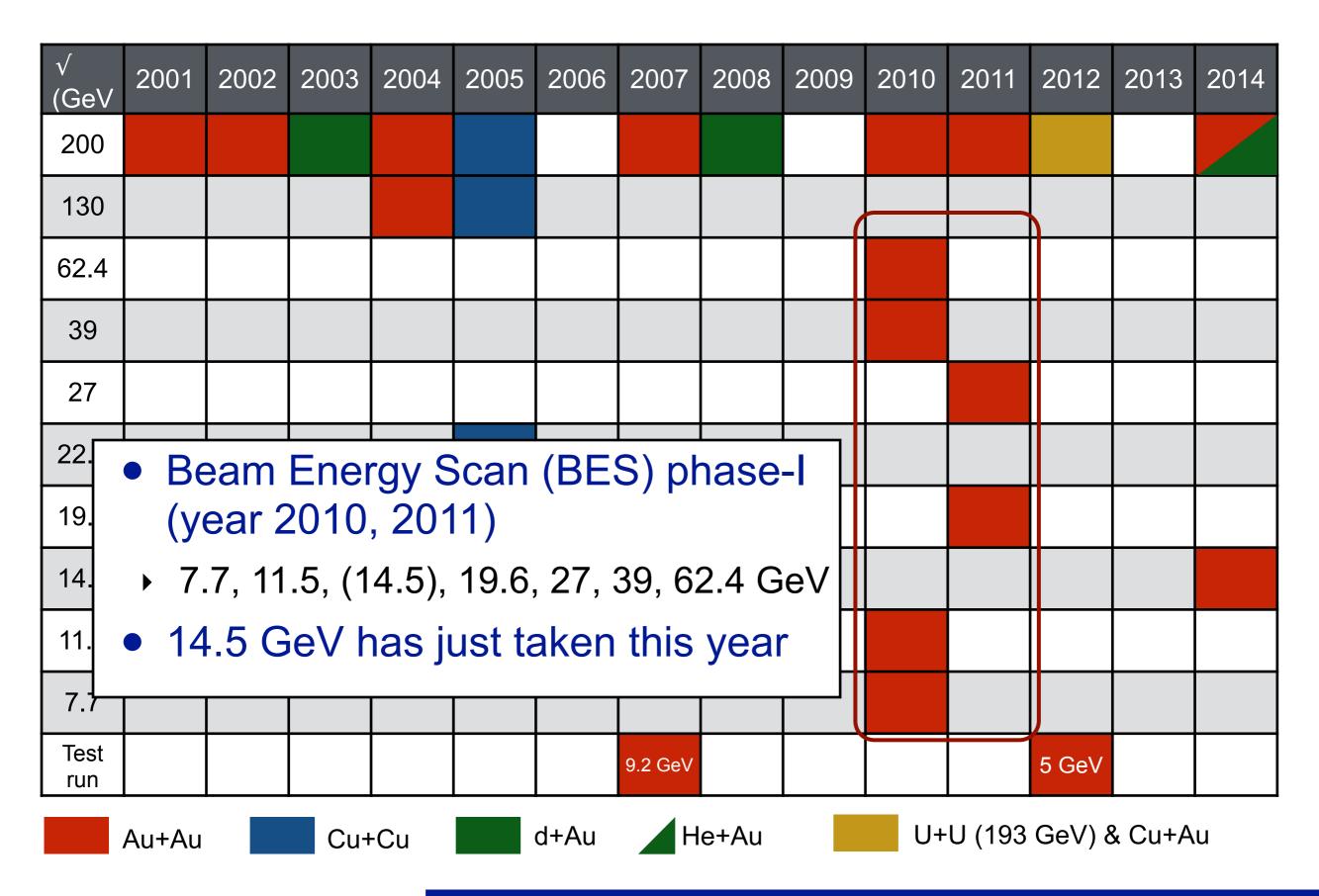
- Introduction
 - RHIC Beam Energy Scan (BES) phase-I
- Review selected results
- Future upgrade for BES phase-II
 - RHIC luminosity upgrade, sPHENIX & STAR upgrade
- Summary

RHIC Beam Energy Scan (BES)

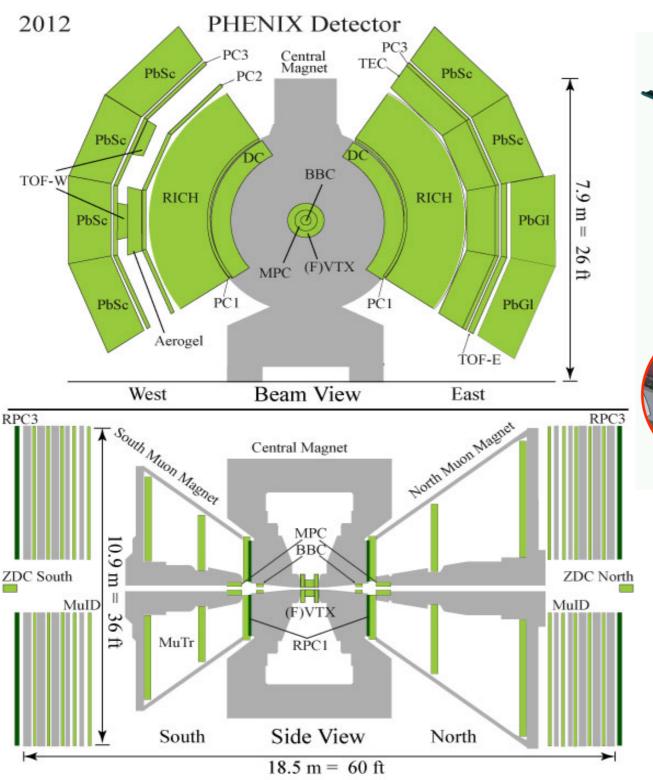


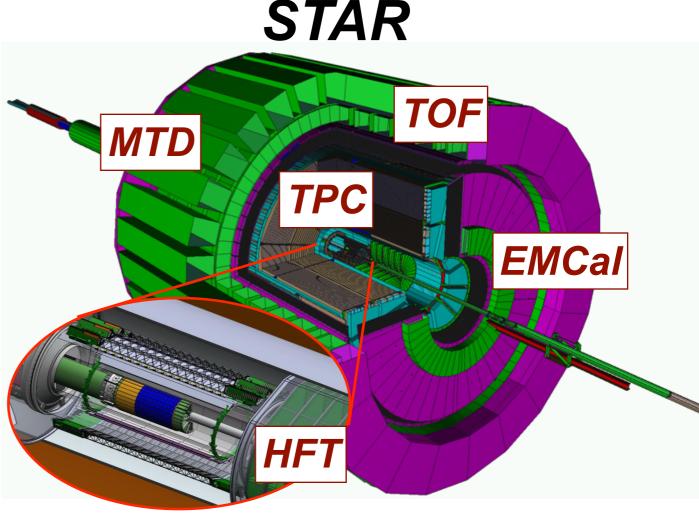
- Cross-over transition at μ_B=0
- from 1st principle Lattice QCD calculations
- If phase transition is 1st order at high baryon density, the end point is QCD critical point
- Beam energy scan → reach high baryon density
- Goals of BES at RHIC:
 - Search for turn-off QGP signals
 - Search for signals of 1st order phase transition
 - Search for signals of QCD critical point

RHIC heavy ion collisions



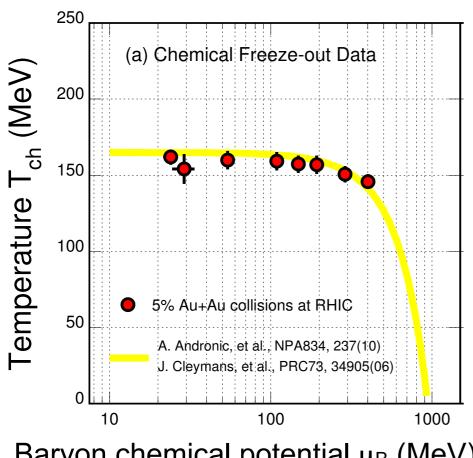
PHENIX & STAR experiments



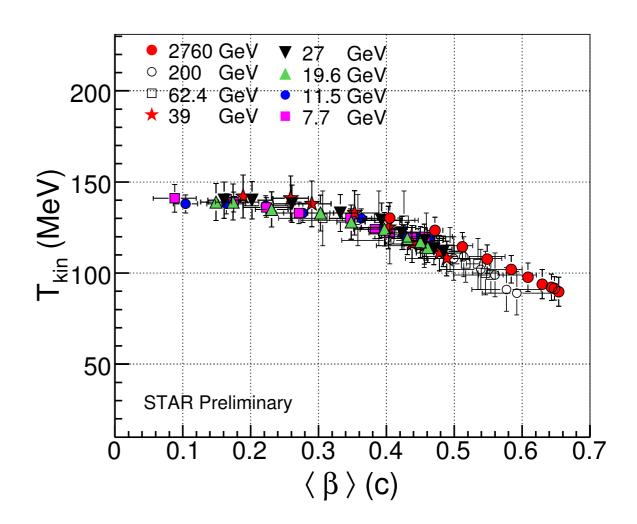


- Good acceptance in STAR
- Fast trigger, good forward counters in PHENIX
- Similar PID capabilities

Where are we in QCD phase diagram?







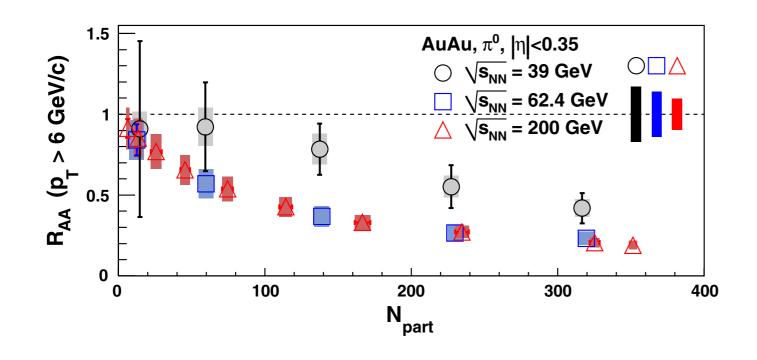
RHIC BES phase-I covers up to ~ 400 MeV in μ_B

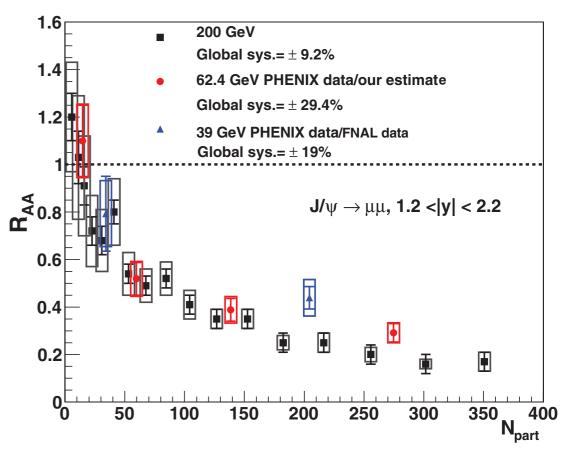
- Chemical freeze-out temperature & baryon chemical potential from particle ratio
- Kinetic freeze-out temperature from p_T spectra

Nuclear modification factor RAA

PHENIX: PRL109, 152301 (2012)

PHENIX: PRC86, 064901 (2012)

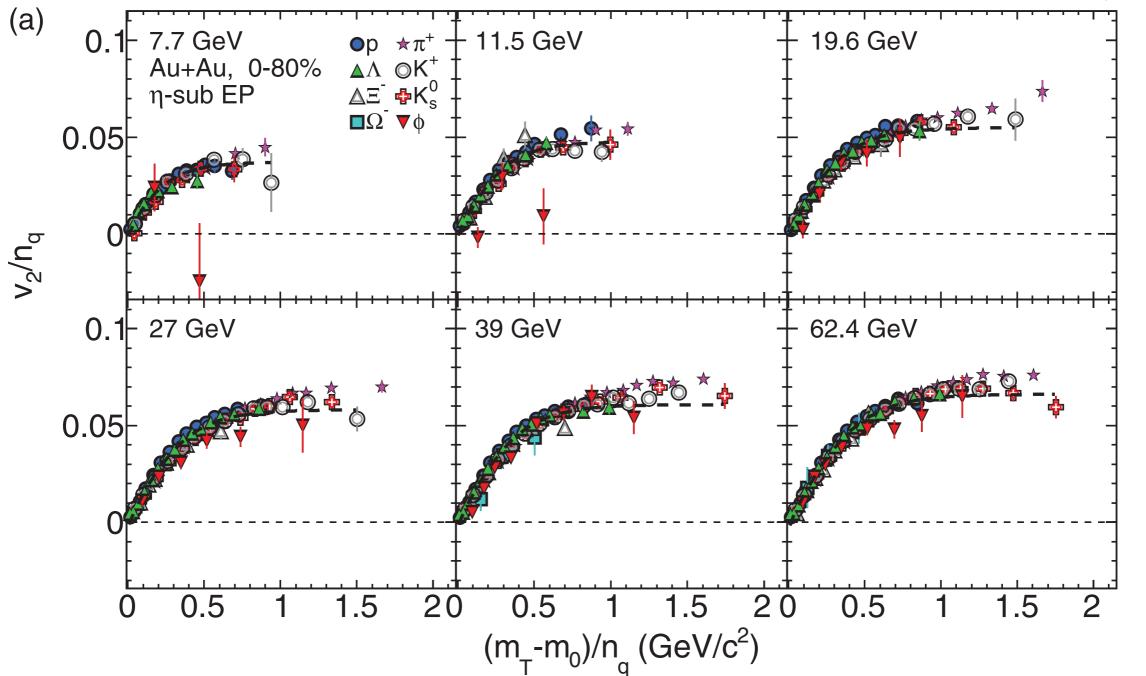




- Parton energy loss in colored medium
 - π^0 R_{AA} is suppressed in most central 0-10% at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ = 39 GeV
 - Results in Cu+Cu 22.5 GeV show enhancement in p_T = 4 GeV/c
 - J/ψ R_{AA} is also suppressed at 39 GeV, similar with 62.4 and 200 GeV

Elliptic flow V₂

STAR: **PRC88**, 014902 (2013)

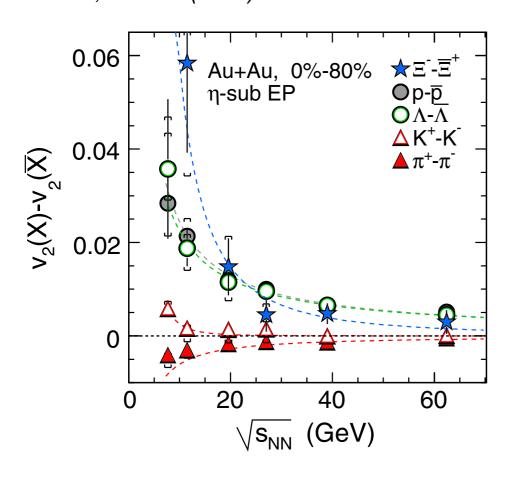


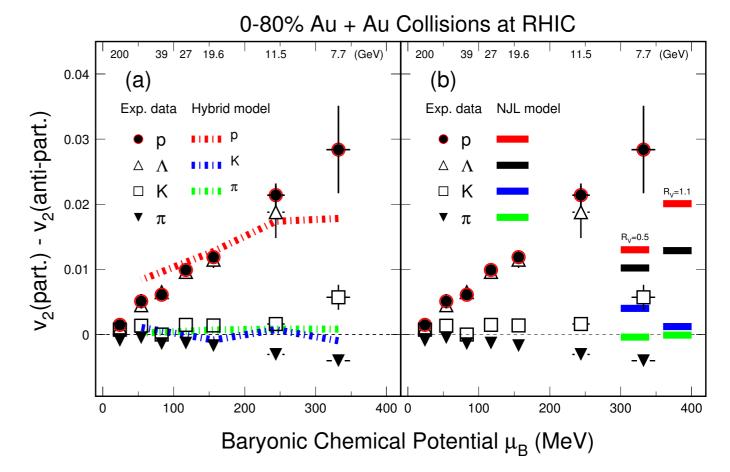
- Number of constituent quark (NCQ) scaling partonic d.o.f
- Hold separately for particles and anti-particles
- Need more statistics in high m_T-m₀ at lower energies

v₂; particles vs anti-particles

STAR: **PRL110**, 142301 (2013), **PRC88**, 014902 (2013)

Hybrid model: **PRC86**, 044903 (2012) NJL model: **PRL112**, 012301 (2014)

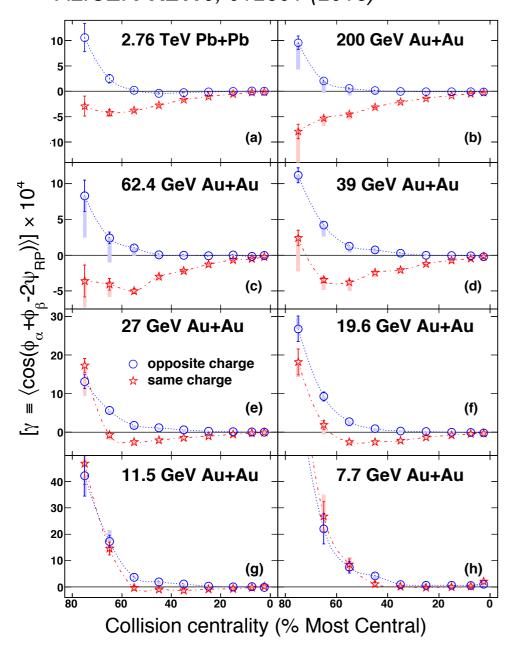


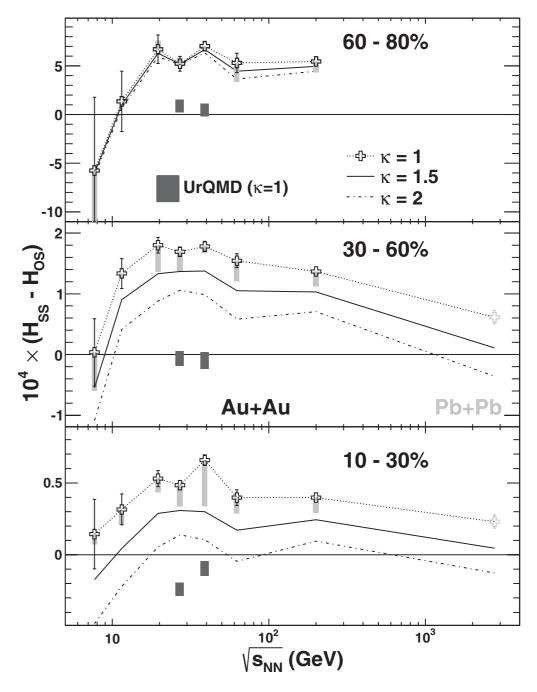


- Relative difference of v₂ between particles and anti-particles increase in lower beam energies
 - Difference increase linearly with baryon chemical potential
 - ▶ Reasonable agreement with hybrid hydro model → baryon stopping ?
 - NJL model also qualitatively reproduce the data

Charge separation w.r.t. event plane

STAR: **PRL103**, 251601 (2009), **PRL113**, 052302 (2014), ALICE: **PRL110**, 012301 (2013)

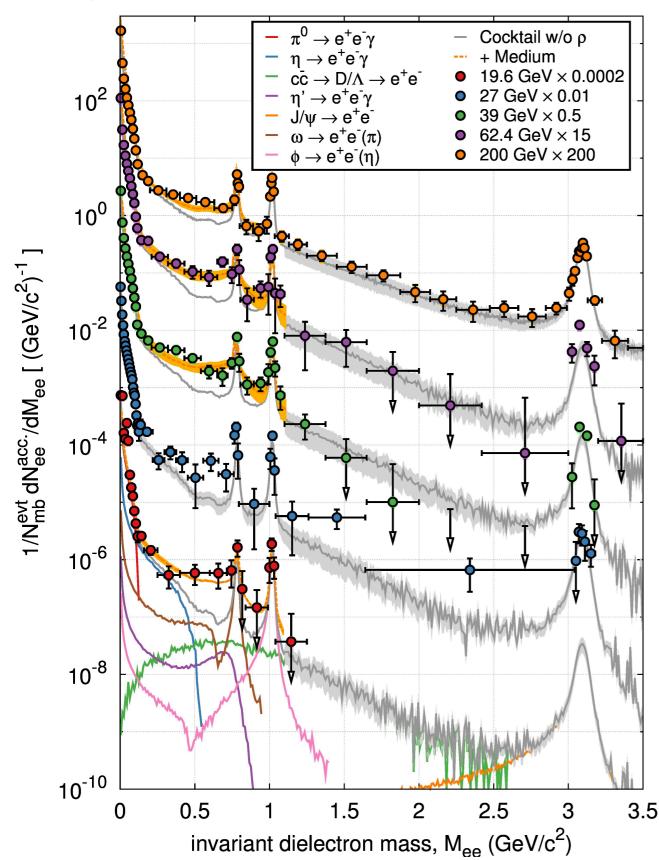




- Chiral magnetic effect + Local parity violation
 - Signal ~ 0 in √s_{NN} = 7.7 19.6 GeV
 - Need better estimate of κ & precision measurements below 20 GeV

Di-electron mass spectra

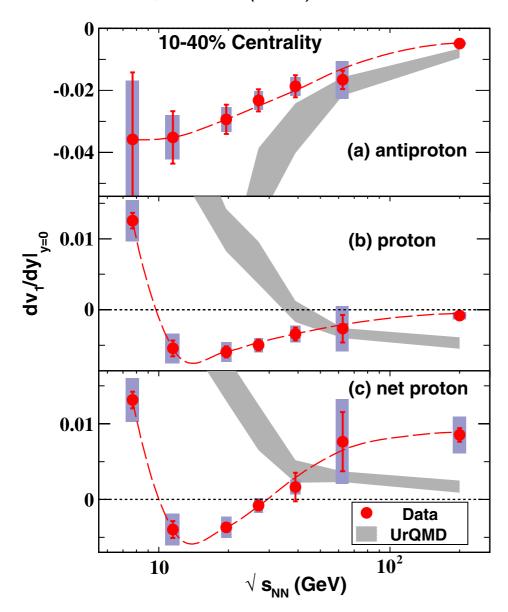
STAR, QM2014

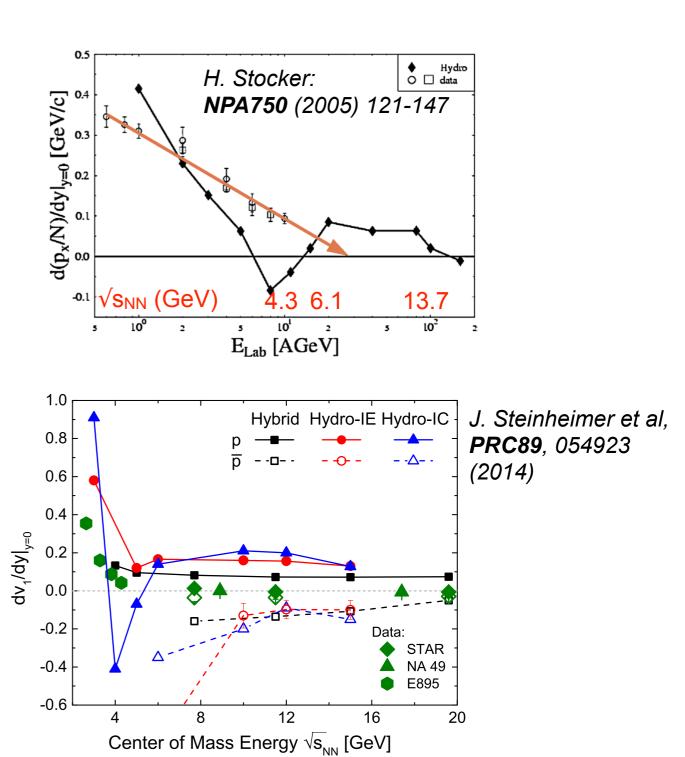


- Chiral symmetry restoration, thermal radiation
 - STAR measured di-electron spectra in √s_{NN} = 19.6 - 200 GeV
 - ► Excess in M_{ee} < 1.1 GeV/c²
 (LMR) observed at all energies
 - In-medium modification of ρ spectral function describe LMR enhancement
 - No energy dependence of LMR excess
- Need more statistics below 20 GeV

Directed flow v₁

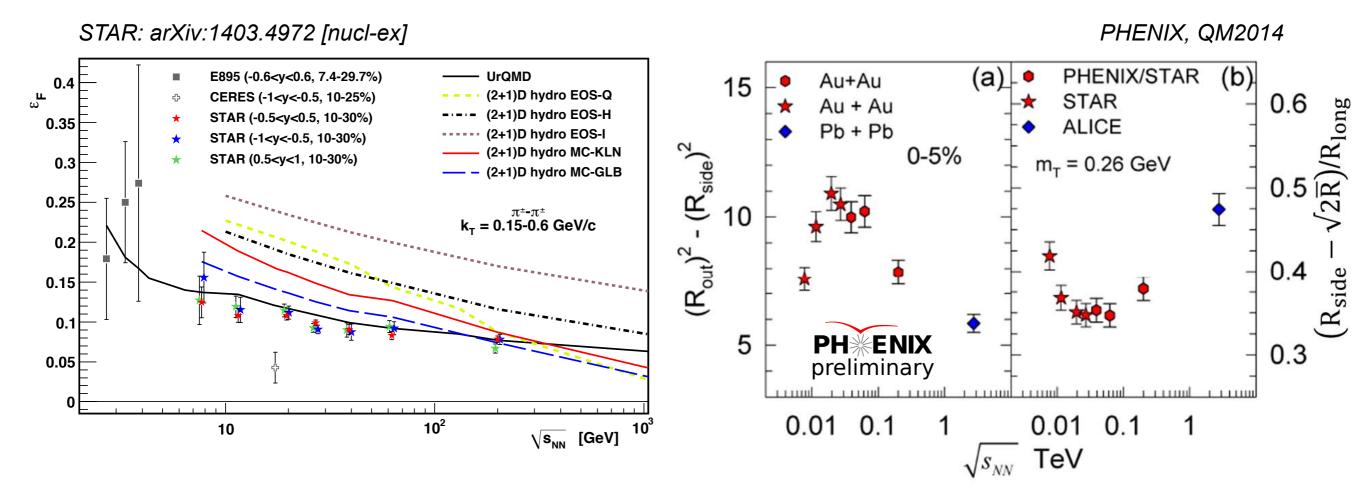
STAR: **PRL112**, 162301 (2014)





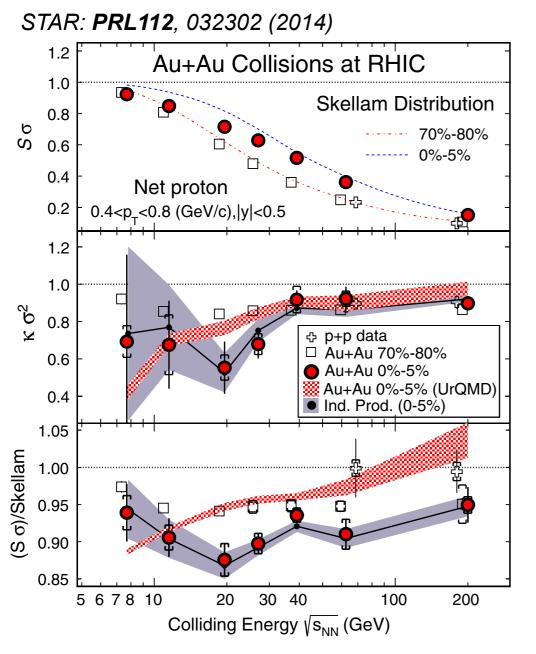
- Possible signature of first order phase transition
 - Non-monotonic behavior, trend is similar with early prediction
 - Recent more realistic hybrid calculation can't reproduce the data

Azimuthal sensitive HBT

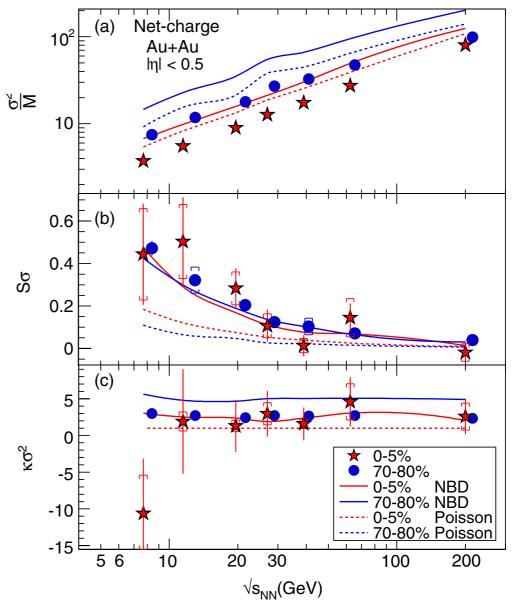


- First order phase transition → small freeze-out eccentricity
 - STAR results show monotonic energy dependence
- Non-monotonic behavior on $(R_{out})^2$ - $(R_{side})^2$, R_{side}/R_{long}
 - ► (R_{out})²-(R_{side})² ~ emission duration, R_{side}/R_{long} ~ proxy of sound speed

Net-proton & net-charge fluctuations

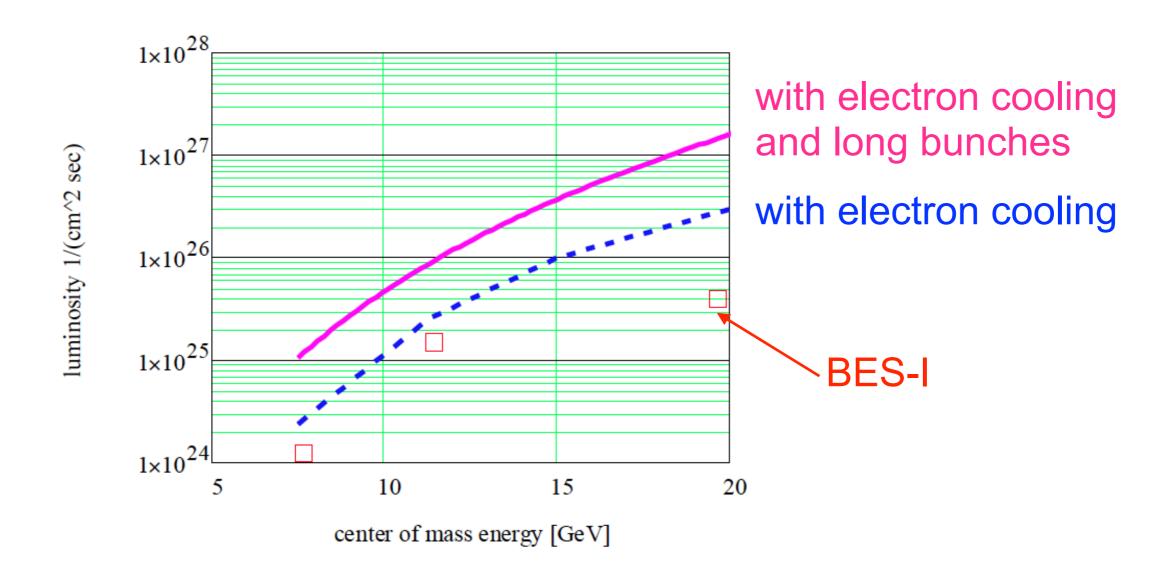


STAR: **PRL113**, 092301 (2014)



- Sensitive to fluctuations induced by QCD critical point
- Largest deviation around 19.6 GeV for net-proton
- Need more precise measurements

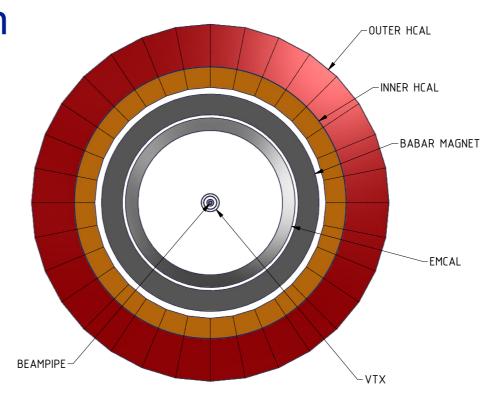
RHIC luminosity improvements



- Electron cooling will be available for BES-II
 - ▶ Electron cooling: by a factor of 3-10 increase in 5-20 GeV
 - ▶ Electron cooling + long bunches: by a factor of 2-5

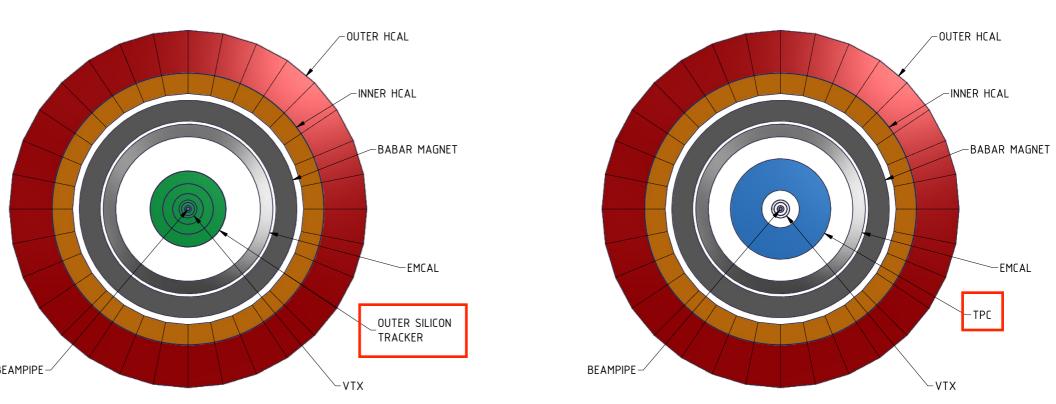
sPHENIX upgrade for BES-II

- Possible configurations in year 2019
- Option 1: EMCAL+VTX
- Option 2
 - Option 1+ Additional silicon trackers
- Option 3
 - Option 1+ TPC

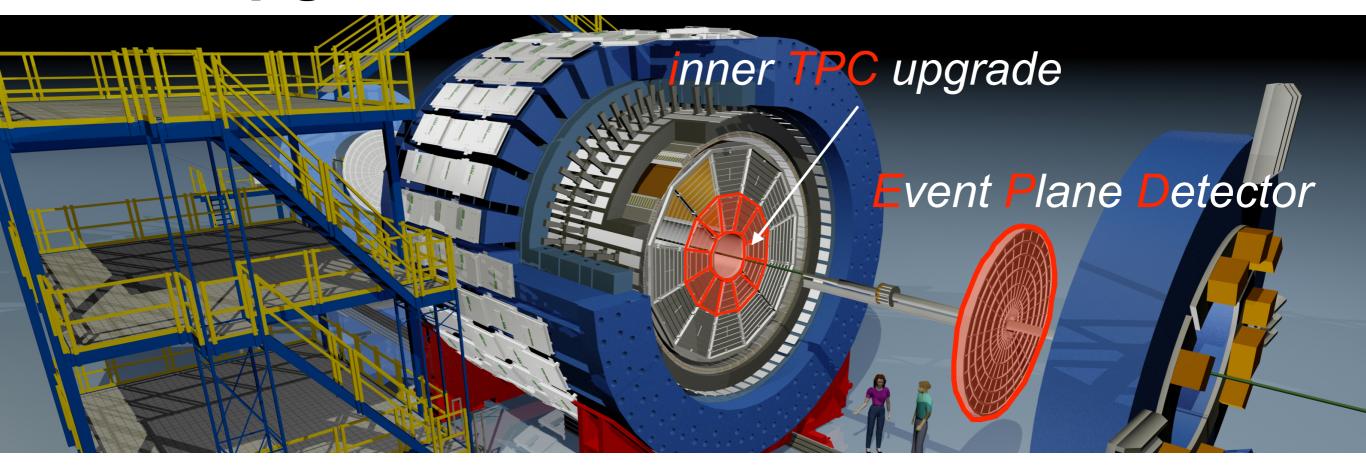


Acceptance:

- $|\eta| < 1$
- Full azimuth



STAR upgrade for BES-II



- Event Plane Detector, $1.8 < |\eta| < 5$
 - Trigger, event plane, centrality
 - suppress backgrounds on flow measurements, independent centrality determination
- inner TPC upgrade
 - increase TPC acceptance from 1 to 1.5 in η
 - improve dE/dx resolution → better PID

BES-II white papers

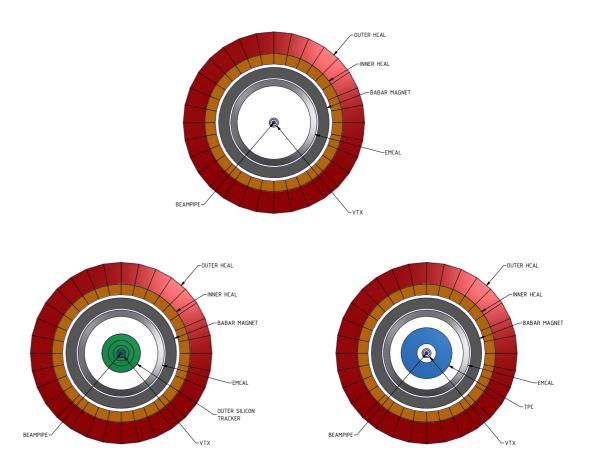
https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/system/files/BES_WPII_ver6.9_Cover.pdf

Studying the Phase Diagram of QCD Matter at RHIC A STAR white paper summarizing the current understanding and describing future plans 01 June 2014

http://www.phenix.bnl.gov/phenix/WWW/publish/dave/sPHENIX/BES_II_whitepaper.pdf

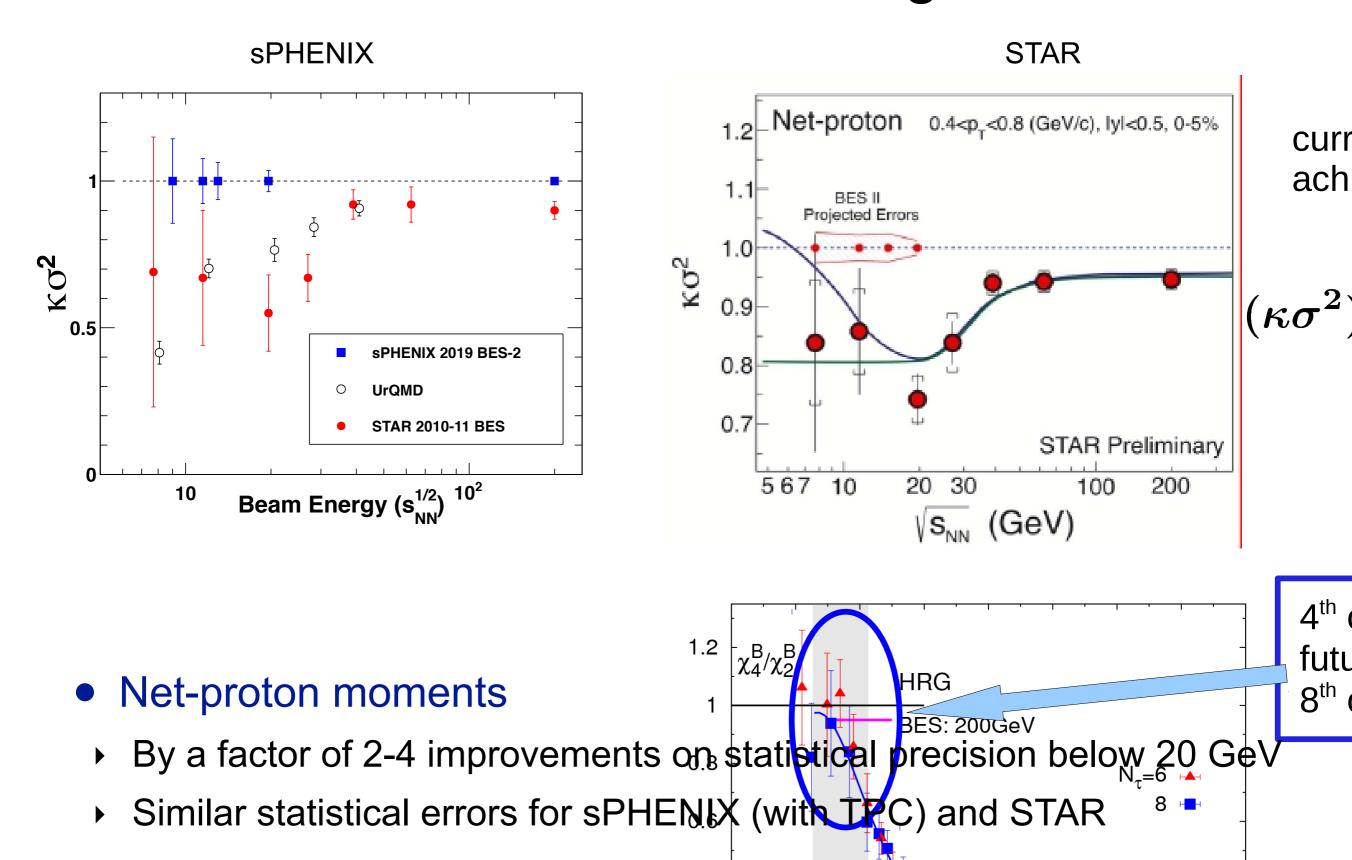
Beam Energy Scan II (2018–2019)

PHENIX Collaboration White Paper



Version 1: March 1, 2014

Projections for BES-II; fluctuations for best cumu



0.4

H. Masui

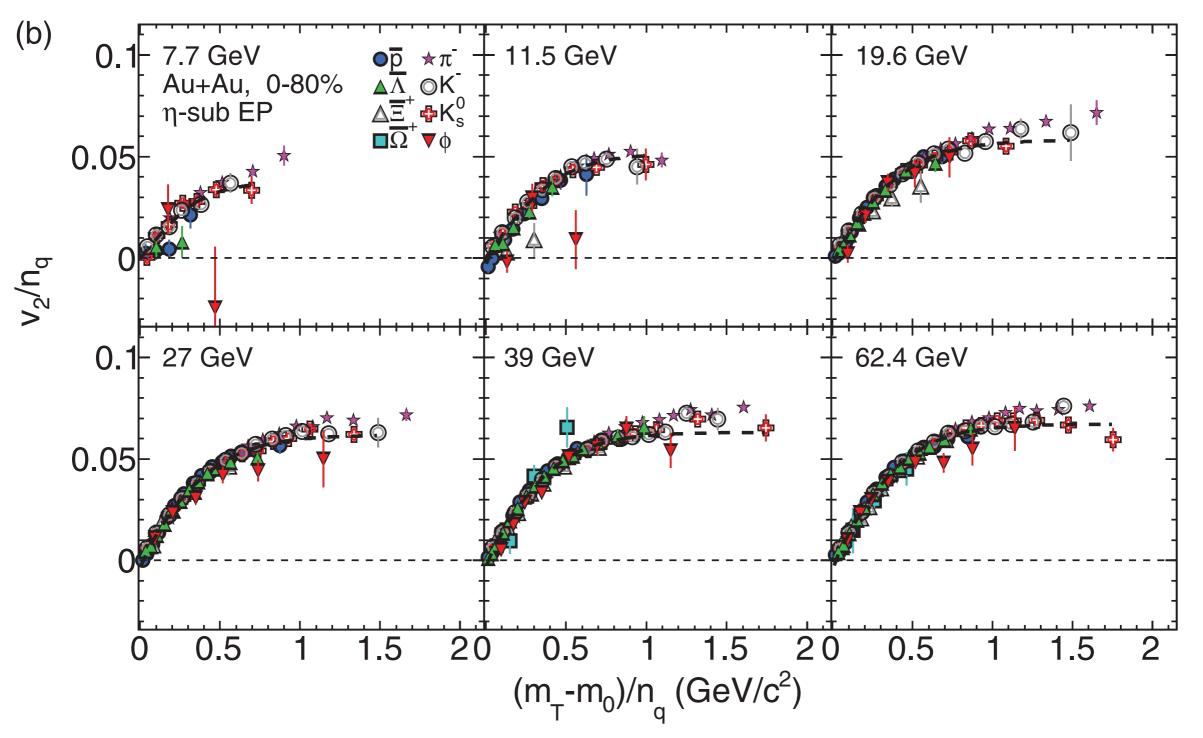
Summary

- Success of RHIC Beam Energy Scan phase-I
 - Several observables show a hint of possible turn-off signature of QGP
 - Turn-off/onset of QGP ? → BES phase II, future FAIR, J-PARC heavy ion programs
 - Non-monotonic behavior of directed flow and asHBT radii
 - 1st order phase transition ? → Quantitative and systematic model comparisons
 - Possible non-monotonic behavior of conserved charge fluctuations
 - QCD critical point ? → Precision measurements & Lattice QCD calculation
- We need precision measurements below 20 GeV
 - ▶ BES phase-II in 2018, 2019
 - Significant improvements on statistical precisions by RHIC luminosity
 & sPHENIX/STAR detector upgrades
 - BES-II white papers
 - sPHENIX: http://www.phenix.bnl.gov/phenix/WWW/publish/dave/sPHENIX/ BES_II_whitepaper.pdf
 - STAR: https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/system/files/BES_WPII_ver6.9_Cover.pdf

Back up

NCQ scaling of v₂ for anti-particles

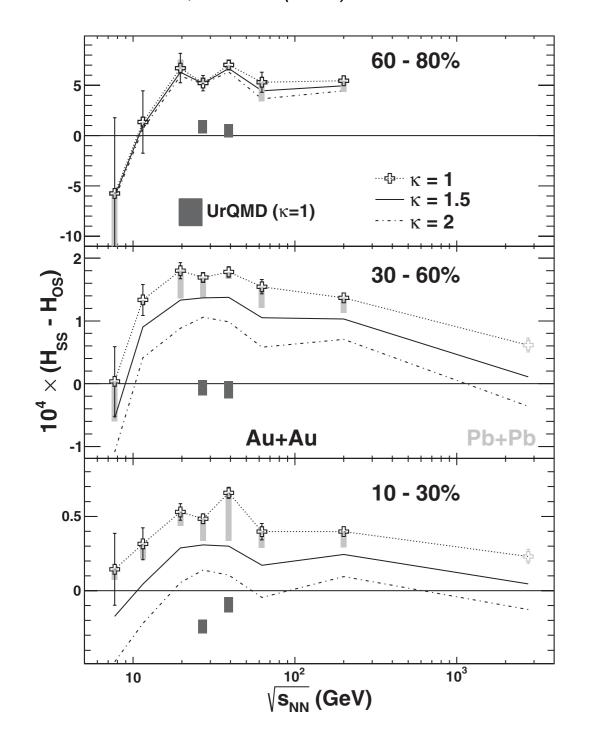
STAR: **PRC88**, 014902 (2013)



CME signal

STAR: PRL103, 251601 (2009), PRL113, 052302 (2014),

ALICE: PRL110, 012301 (2013)



$$\gamma \equiv \langle \cos (\phi_1 + \phi_2 - 2\Psi_{RP}) \rangle = \kappa v_2 F - H,$$

$$\delta \equiv \langle \cos (\phi_1 - \phi_2) \rangle = F + H,$$

H: CME contribution,

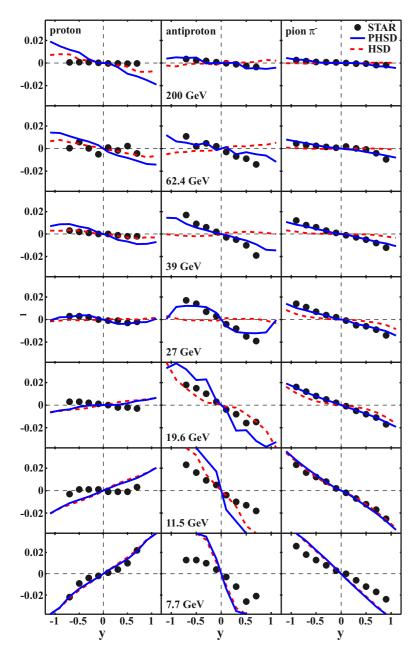
F: background contribution, κ : parameter

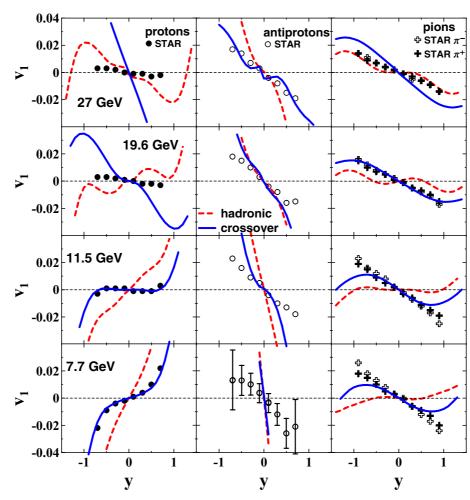
- Decompose measured correlation to CME (H) and background (F) contributions
 - based on A. Bzdak et al, Lect. Notes Phys. 871, 503 (2013)
- assume γ is linearly proportional to v₂

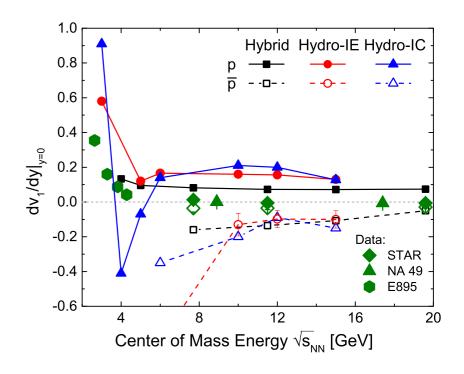
Directed flow, model calculations

V. P. Konchakovski et al, PRC90, 014903 (2014)

J. Steinheimer et al, PRC89, 054923 (2014)







- PHSD (or HSD) vs hydro with hadronic, crossover EOS
- Hybrid (UrQMD IS + Hydro + UrQMD hadronic phase) vs hydro only with different freeze-out

Beam time request for BES-II

PHENIX

Table 4.2: An outline of the PHENIX run request for the BES II program. The running time is integrated to cover a single year of RHIC running that spans 22 cryo-weeks, or 19 weeks of physics running depending on ramp-up and switching times. Higher priority is given to the data sets listed first. The number of events refers to good events within the baseline sPHENIX configuration requiring $|z_{vertex}| < 10$ cm including the PHENIX and RHIC duty factor. Also included are event estimates with a wider $|z_{vertex}| < 30$ cm and $|z_{vertex}| < 1$ m cut that could be applied if a TPC is installed.

Species	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$	μ_B	Run Time	Events(M)	Events(M) Events(M)	
	(GeV)	(MeV)	(Days)	$ z_{vtx} < 10$ cm	$ z_{vtx} < 30$ cm	$ z_{vtx} < 1 \text{ m}$
Au+Au	11.5	315	45	15	45	112.5
	13.0	281	23	17	50	125
	9.0	376	41	6	17	42.5
	19.6	205	4	33	100	2500
	200	20	10	1200	3600	9000
p+p	200		10	$1.2 \ pb^{-1}$	$3.6 \ pb^{-1}$	$9 \ pb^{-1}$

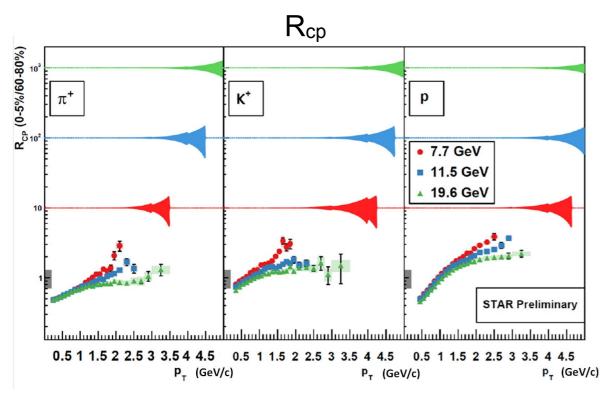
STAR

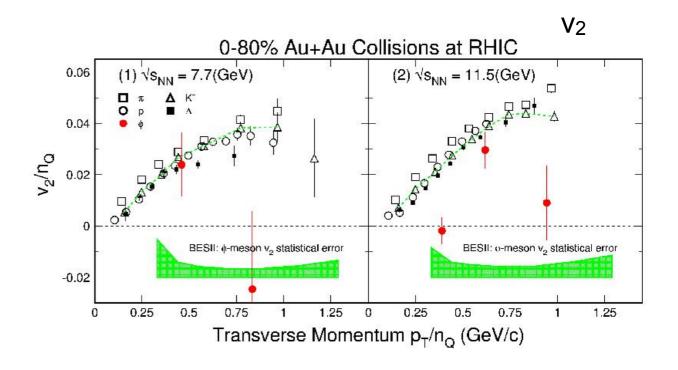
Table 3. Beam Energy Scan Phase-II proposal for 22 weeks of RHIC running in each of the years

2018 and 2019.						
Collision Energy (GeV)	7.7	9.1	11.5	14.5	19.6	
μ_B (MeV) in 0-5% Central Collisions	420	370	315	260	205	
BES-I (Million Events)	4	_	12	20	36	
BES-I Event Rate (Million Events/Day)	0.25	0.6	1.7	2.4	4.5	
BES-I Int. Luminosity $(1 \times 10^{25} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ s})$	0.13	0.5	1.5	2.1	4.0	
e-Cooling Luminosity Improvement Factor	4	4	4	8	15(4)	
BES Phase-II (Million Events)	100	160	230	300	400	
Required Beam Time (Weeks)	14	9.5	5.0	2.5	4.0+	

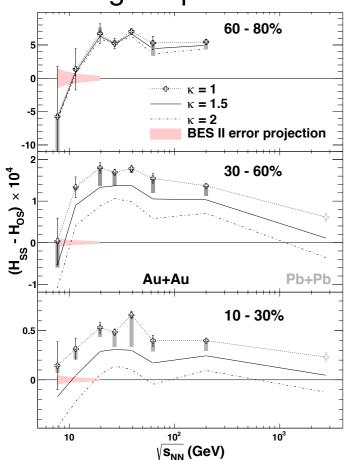
- Focused on √s_{NN} < 20 GeV
 - One year (2019) request from PHENIX
 - Two year (2018, 2019) request from STAR

BES-II projections

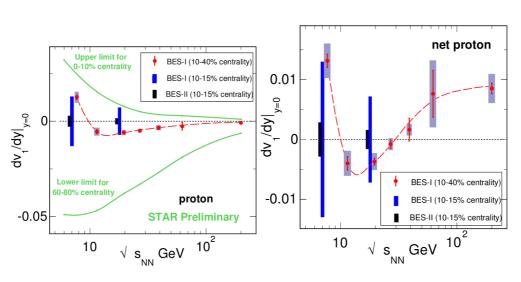




charge separation



Directed flow



Di-lepton LMR excess

