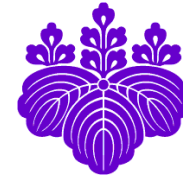


Experimental results on collective flow and correlation at RHIC and LHC



Shinichi Esumi
CiRfSE, Univ. of Tsukuba

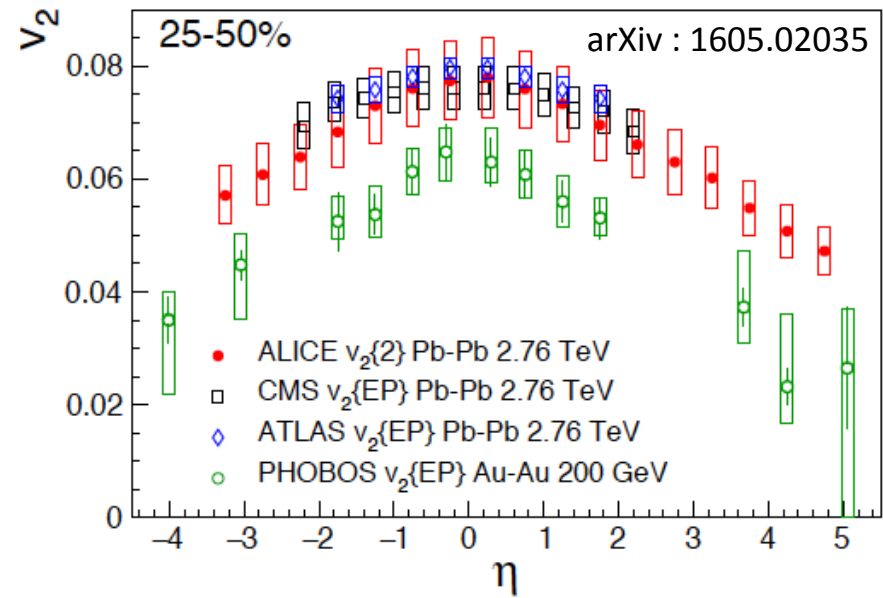
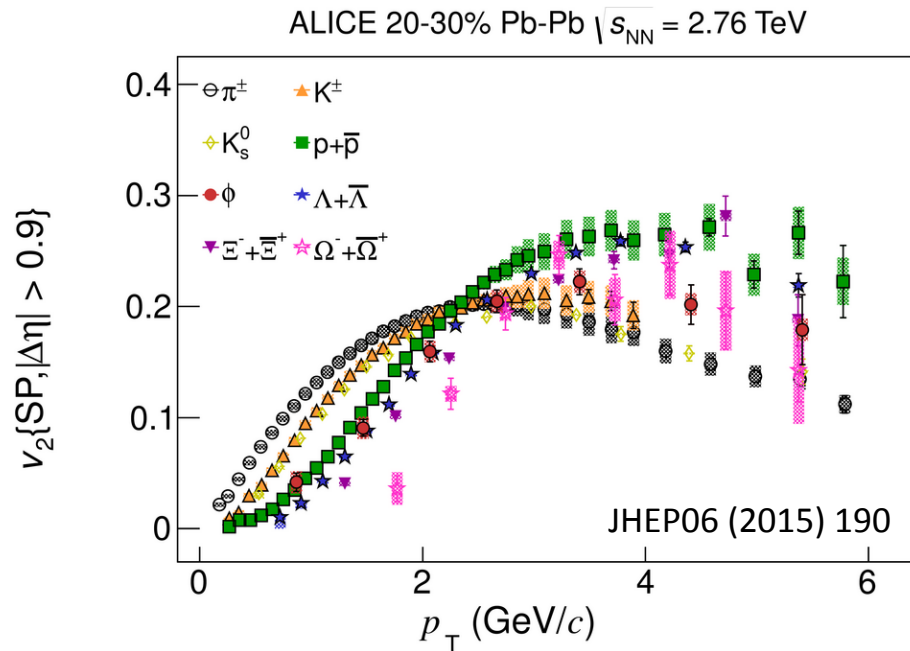
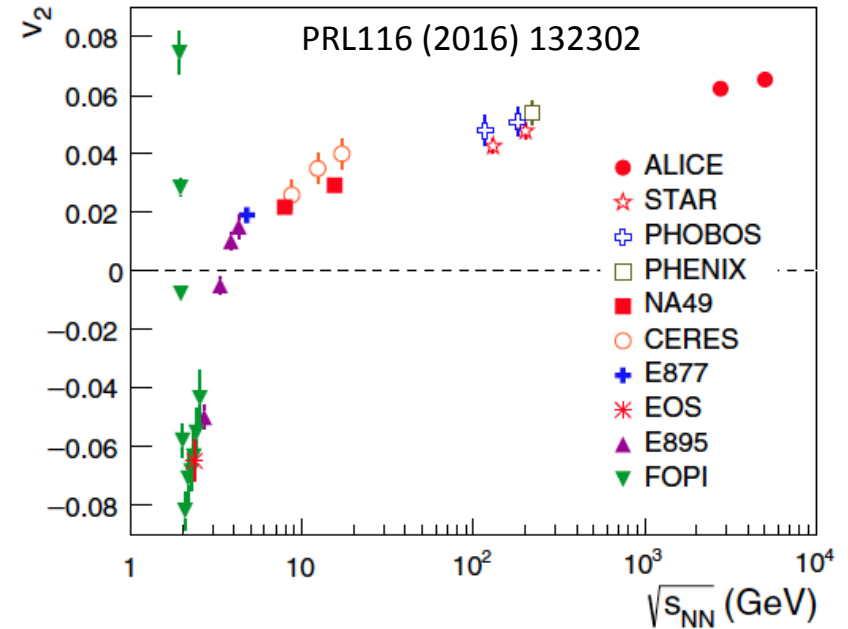


Contents

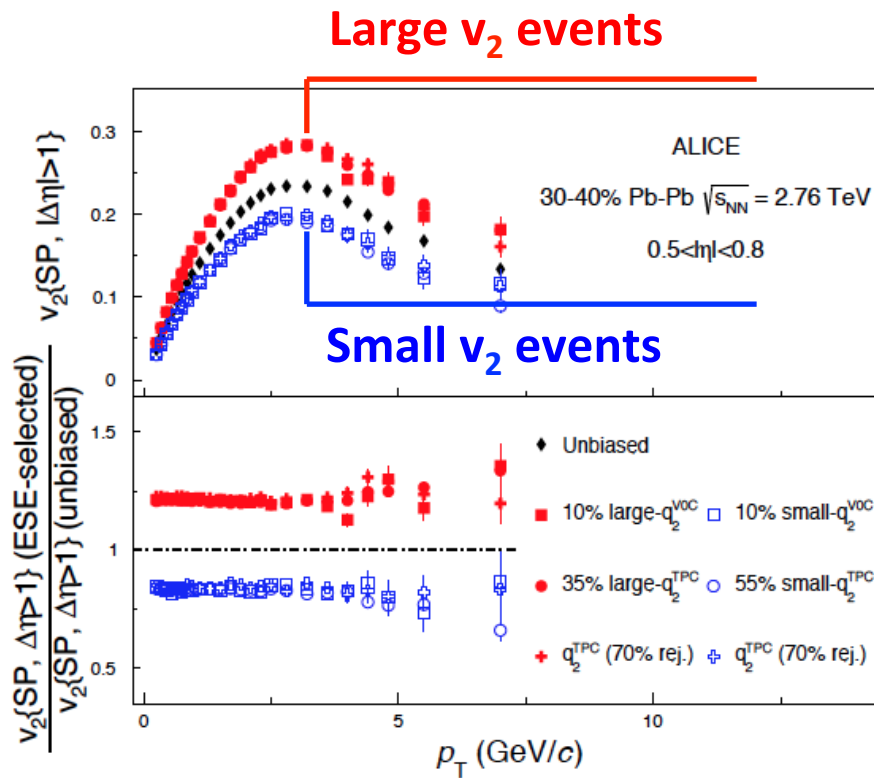
- **Flow and fluctuation in AA**
- **Flow in small systems; pp, pA, dA...**
- **From partonic to hadronic world**

Elliptic flow

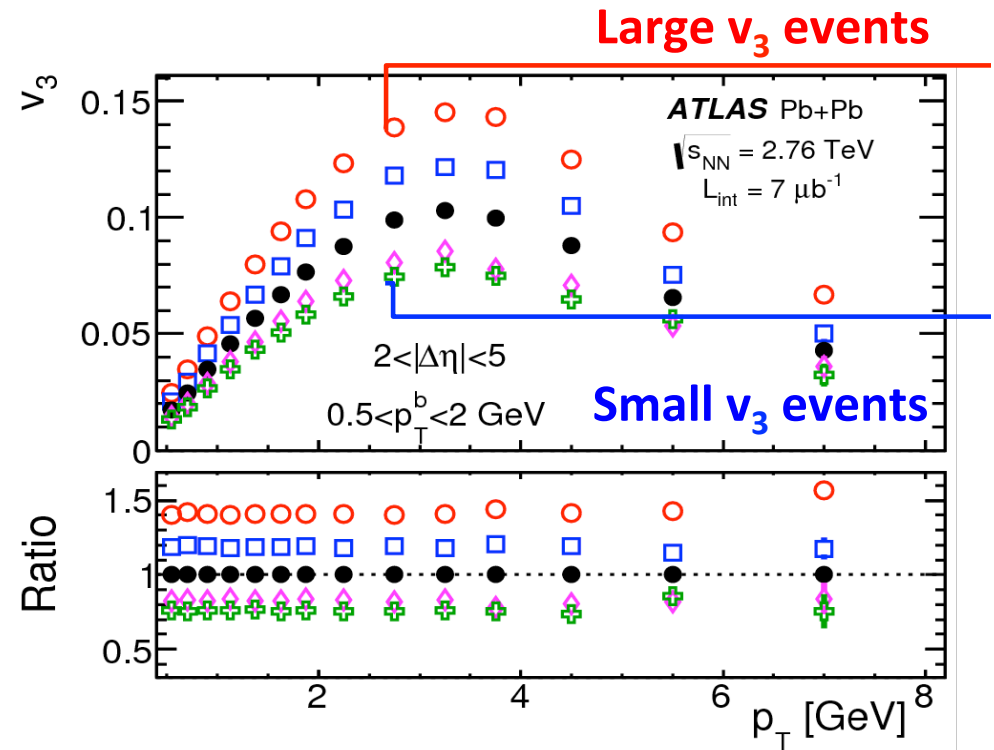
- Mass dependence
- Baryon/Meson
- p_T , rapidity dependence
- Beam energy dependence



Event Shape Engineering (ESE), Event Shape Selection --- for a given centrality ---

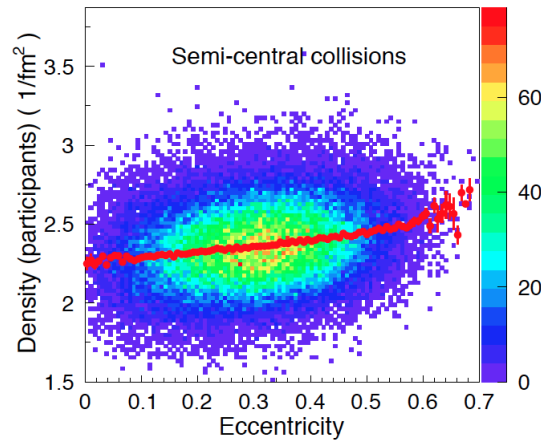


PRC93 (2016) 034916



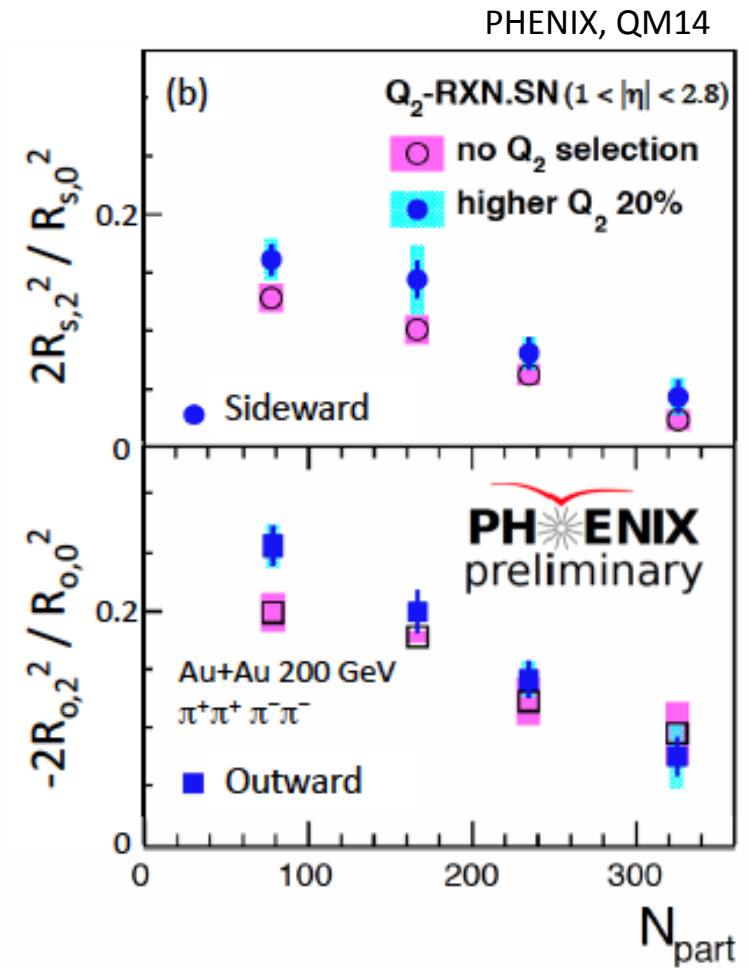
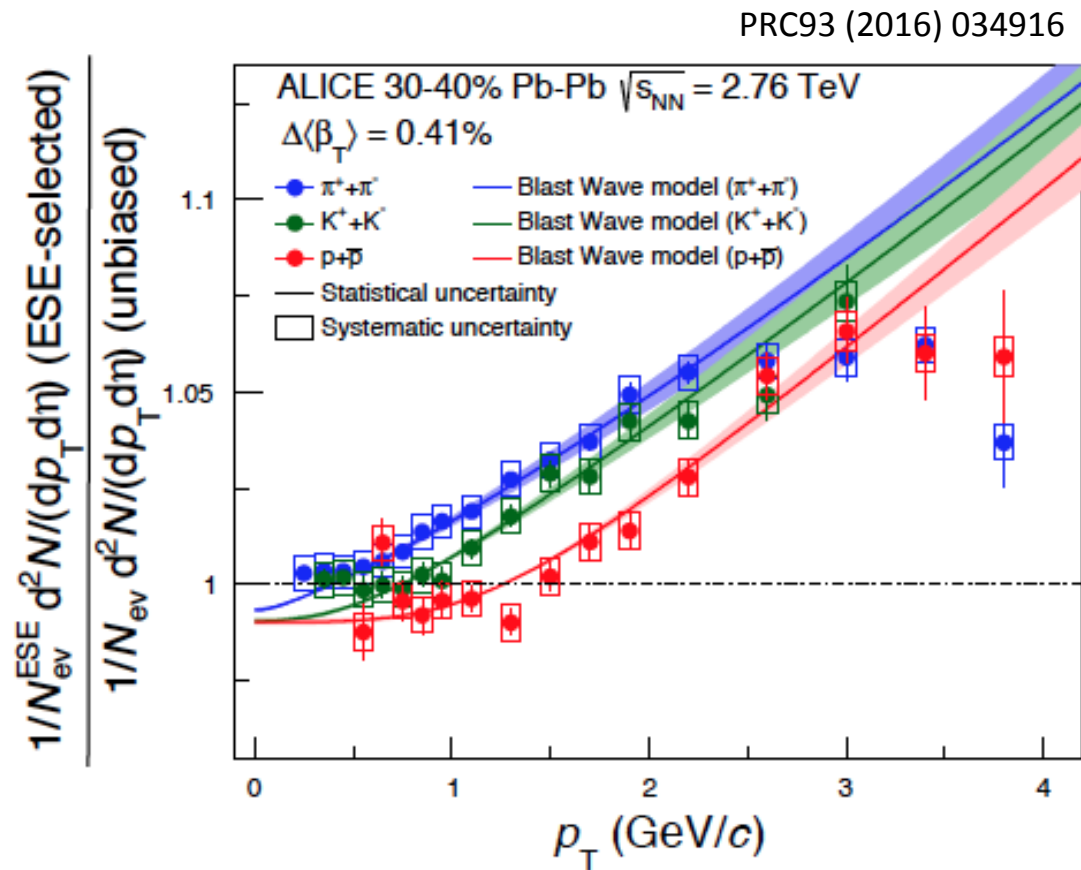
PRC92 (2015) 034903

flat p_T dependence -> indicative for an initial geometry



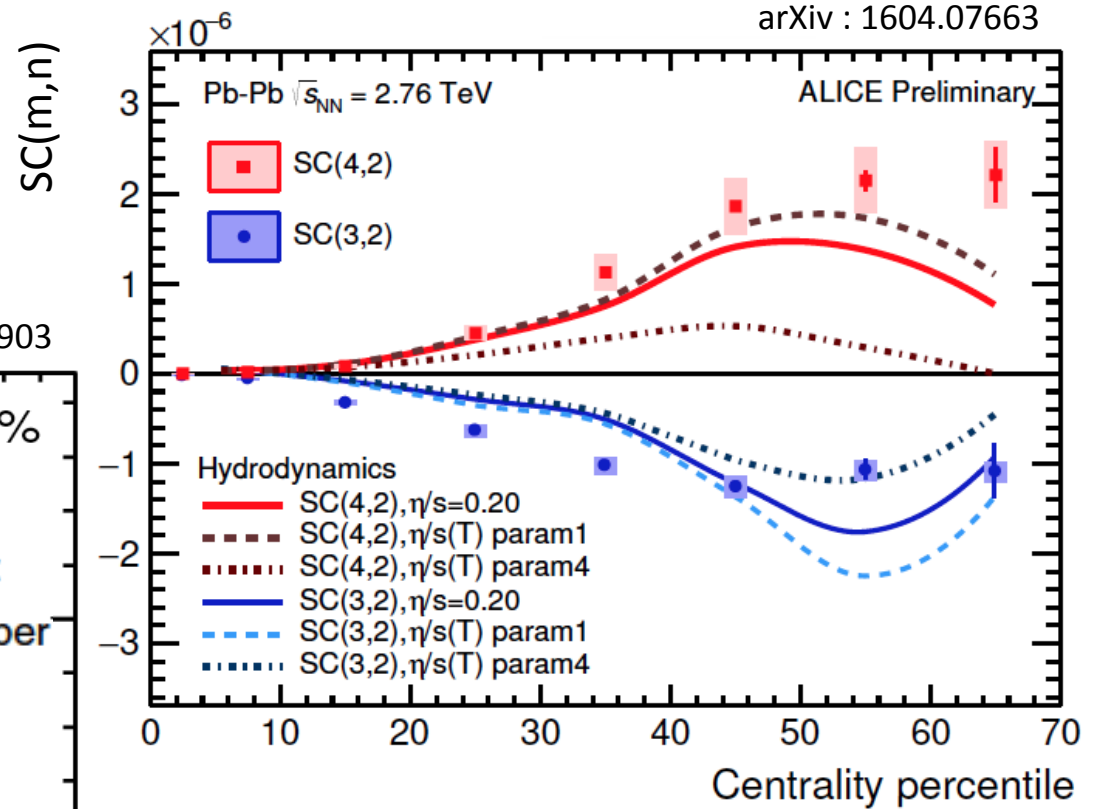
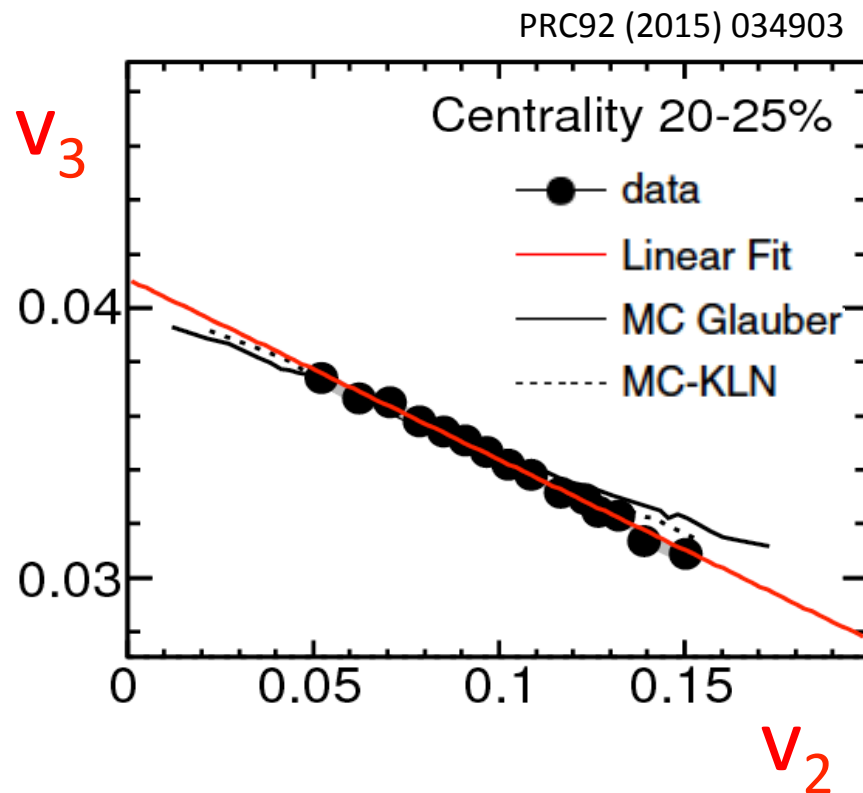
Applications of ESE

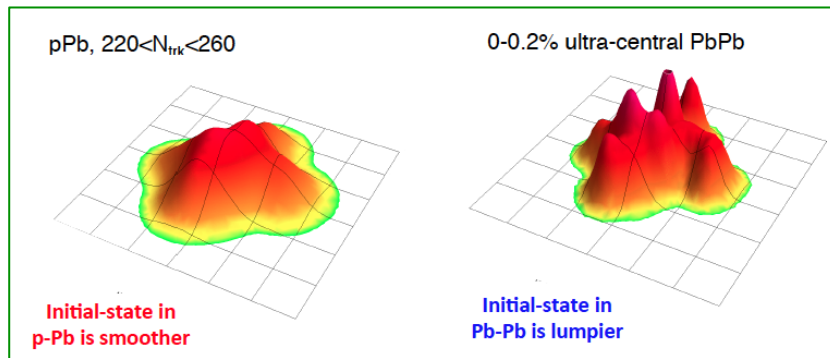
- correlation between radial (β_T) and elliptic (v_2) flows
- correlation between HBT eccentricity ($\epsilon_2^{\text{final}}$) and v_2



$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \langle \cos(m\varphi_1 + n\varphi_2 - m\varphi_3 - n\varphi_4) \rangle \rangle_c &= \langle \langle \cos(m\varphi_1 + n\varphi_2 - m\varphi_3 - n\varphi_4) \rangle \rangle \\
 &\quad - \langle \langle \cos[m(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2)] \rangle \rangle \langle \langle \cos[n(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2)] \rangle \rangle \\
 \text{SC}(m,n) &= \langle v_m^2 v_n^2 \rangle - \langle v_m^2 \rangle \langle v_n^2 \rangle,
 \end{aligned}$$

Correlation between different harmonics





p_T dependent event plane fluctuation (breaking of factorization)

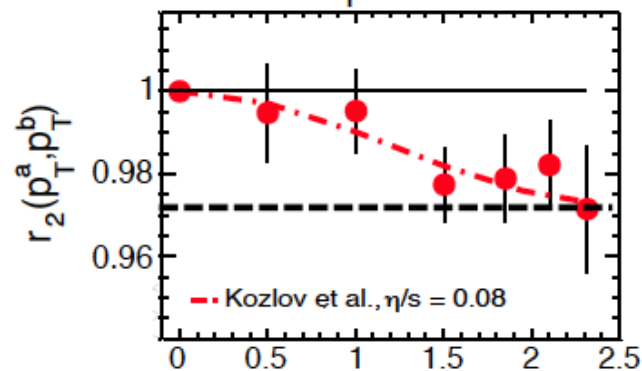
Due to EP $\Psi_n(p_T)$ caused by **lumpy** initial state:

$$V_{n\Delta}(p_T^a, p_T^b) \neq v_n(p_T^a) \times v_n(p_T^b)$$

$$r_n(p_T^a, p_T^b) \equiv \frac{V_{n\Delta}(p_T^a, p_T^b)}{\sqrt{V_{n\Delta}(p_T^a, p_T^a)} \sqrt{V_{n\Delta}(p_T^b, p_T^b)}} \sim \langle \cos [n(\Psi_n(p_T^a) - \Psi_n(p_T^b))] \rangle$$

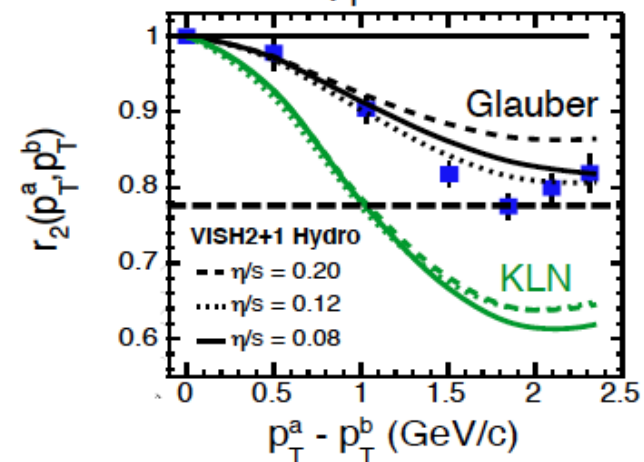
pPb, $220 < N_{\text{trk}} < 260$

$2.5 < p_T^a < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



0-0.2% ultra-central PbPb

$2.5 < p_T^a < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



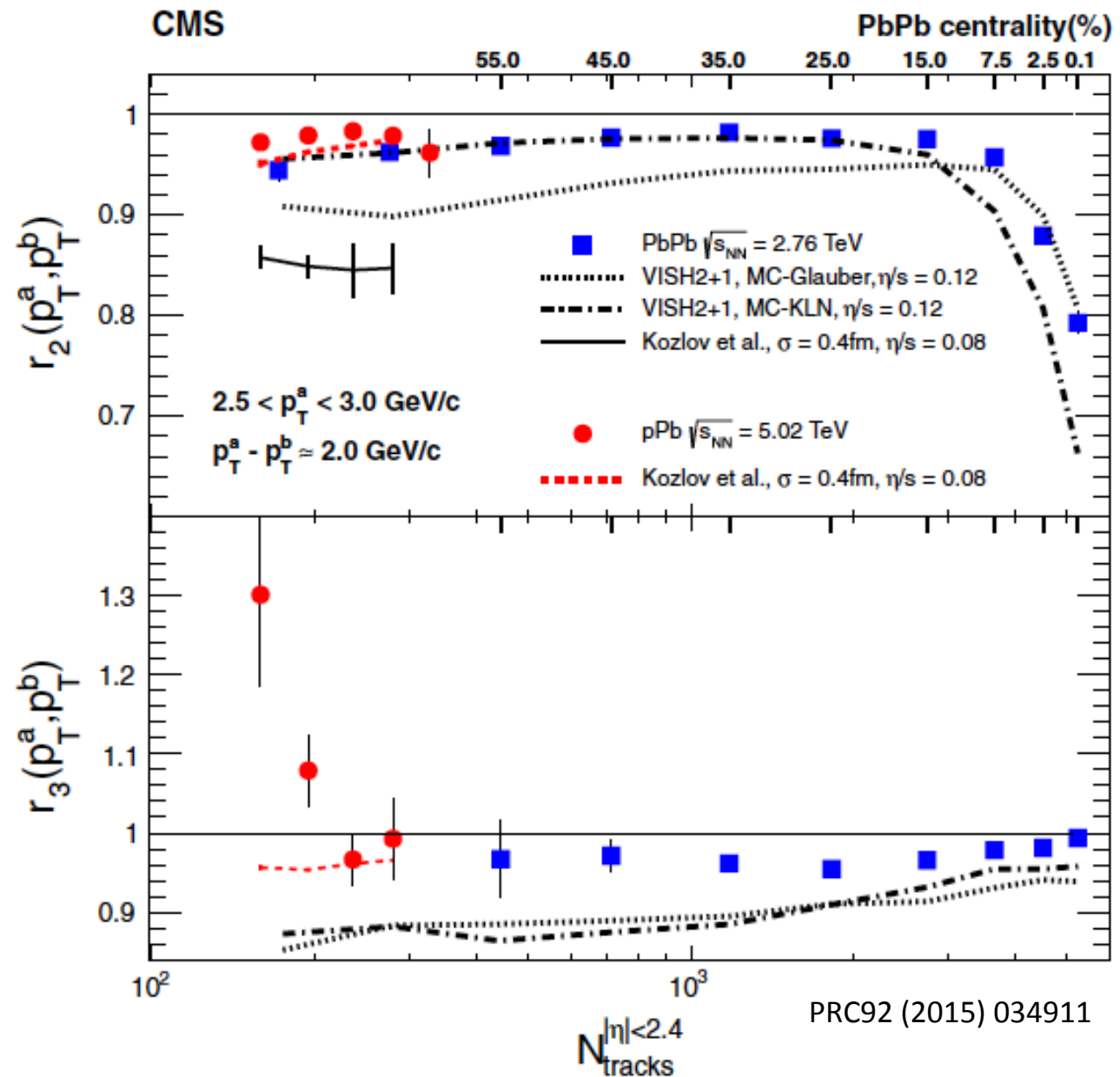
$|\Delta\eta| > 2$

CMS, QM15

arXiv:1503.01692

$p_T^a - p_T^b \text{ (GeV/c)}$

breaking of factorization

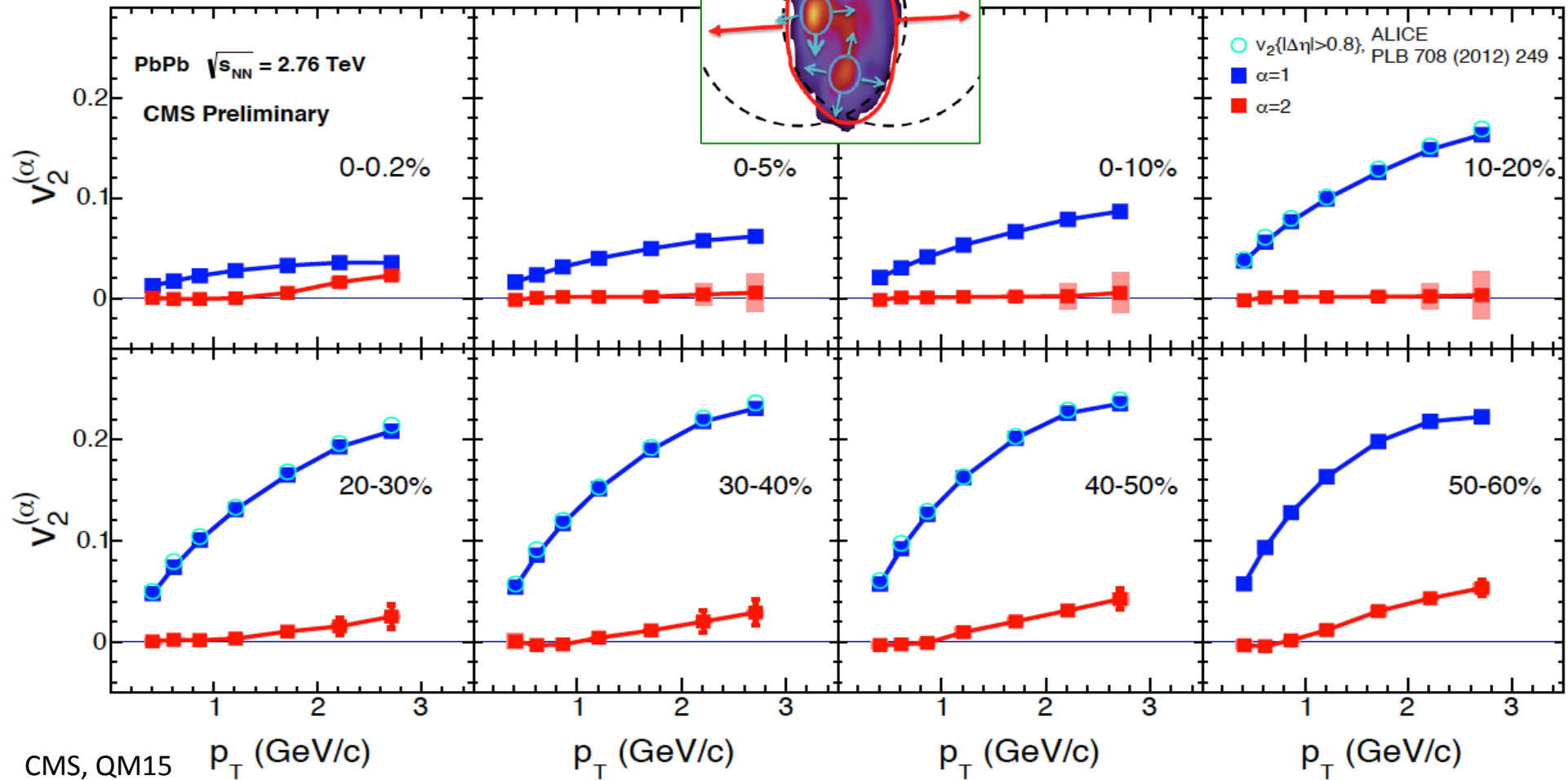
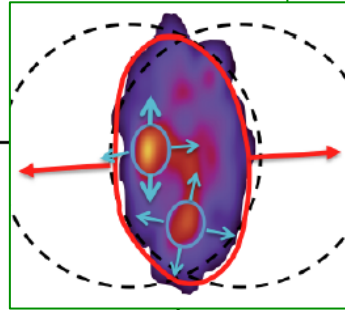


Principle Component Analysis in v_2

$\alpha=1$: leading mode (main source)
 $\alpha=2$: sub-leading mode (2nd source)

$$V_{n\Delta}(p_1, p_2) \approx \sum_{\alpha=1}^k V_n^{(\alpha)}(p_1) V_n^{(\alpha)*}(p_2),$$

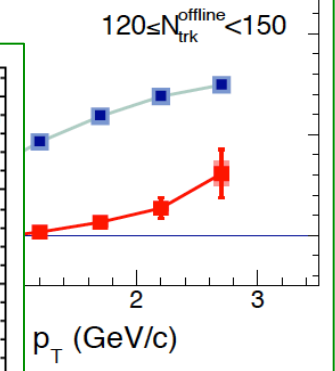
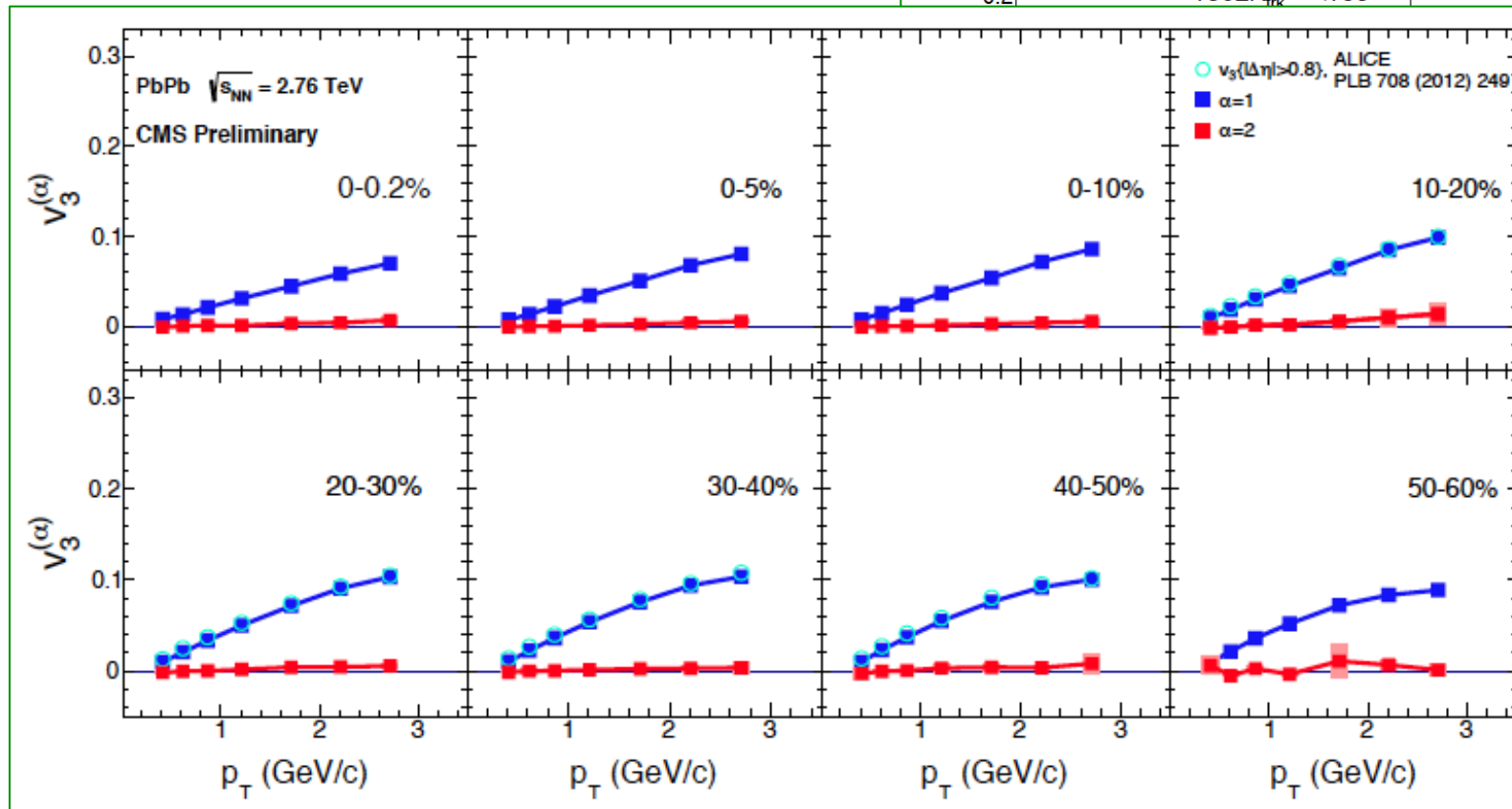
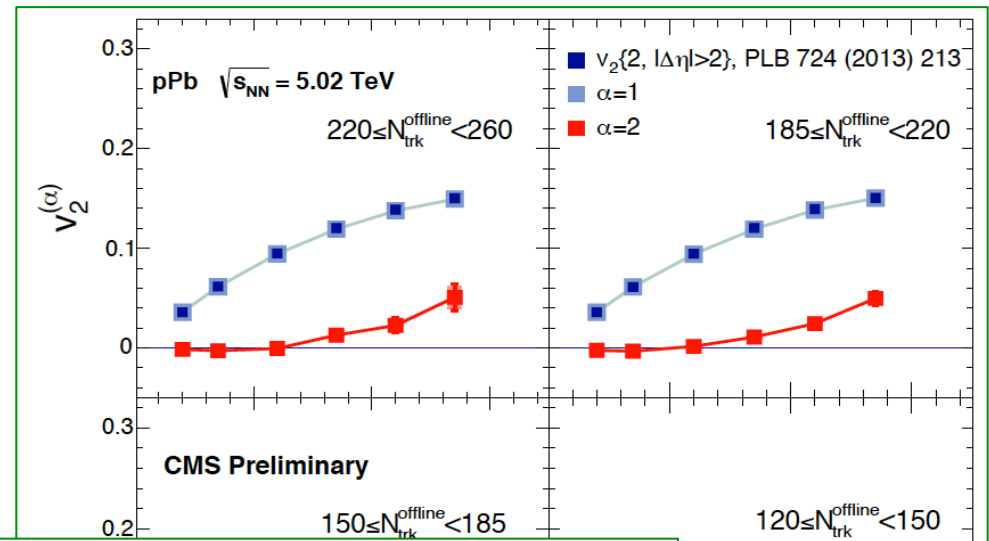
$$V_n^{(\alpha)}(p) \equiv \sqrt{\lambda^{(\alpha)}} \psi^{(\alpha)}(p).$$



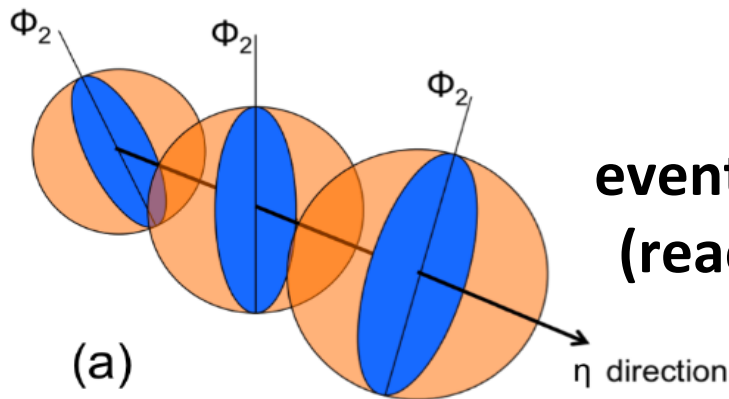
**p+Pb : similar sub-leading mode
in v_2 as peripheral Pb+Pb**



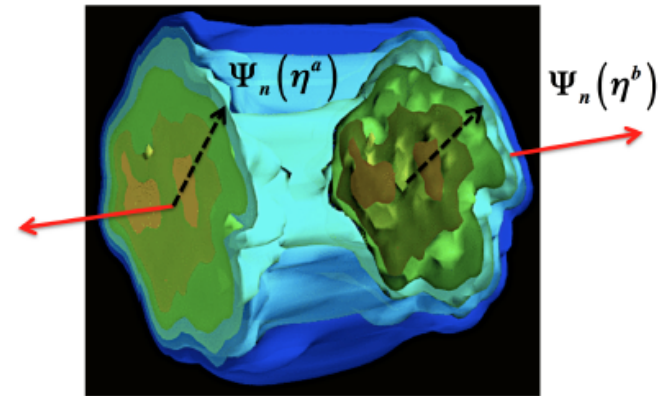
**Pb+Pb : (better factorization in v_3)
small sub-leading mode in v_3**



CMS, QM15

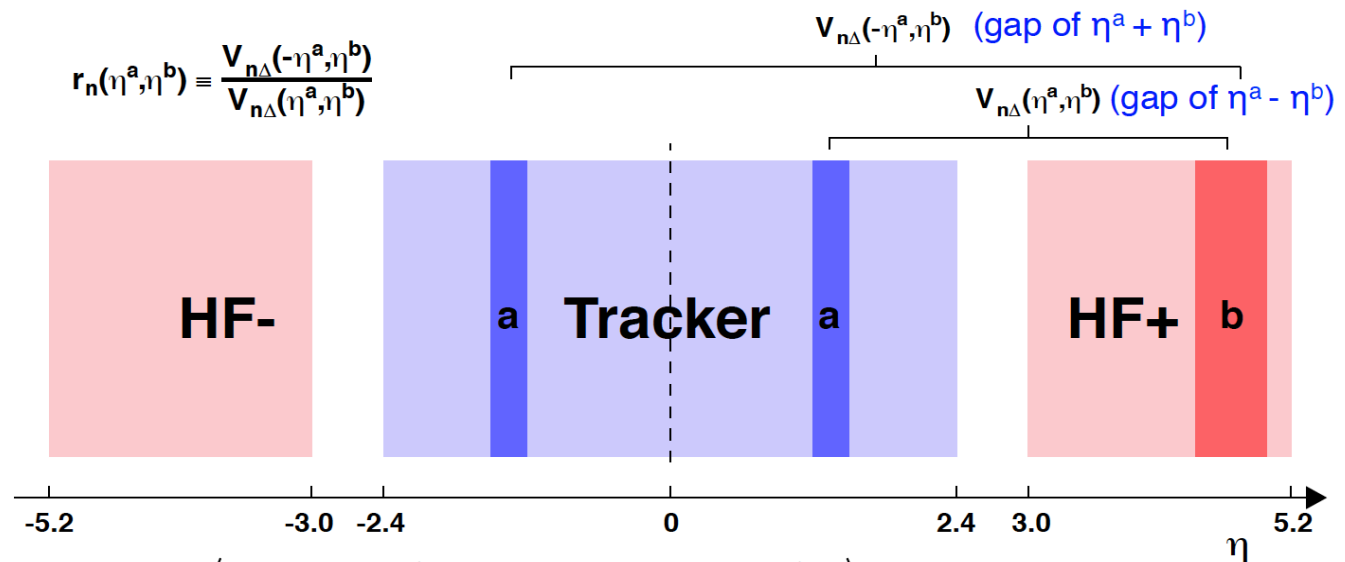


η dependent
event plane fluctuation
(reaction plane twist)



$$v_{n\Delta}(\eta^a, \eta^b) = \langle v_n(\eta^a) v_n(\eta^b) \rangle \longrightarrow v_{n\Delta}(\eta^a, \eta^b) = \langle v_n(\eta^a) v_n(\eta^b) \cos(n\Psi_n(\eta^a) - n\Psi_n(\eta^b)) \rangle$$

$$r_n(\eta^a, \eta^b) = \frac{V_{n\Delta}(-\eta^a, \eta^b)}{V_{n\Delta}(\eta^a, \eta^b)}$$

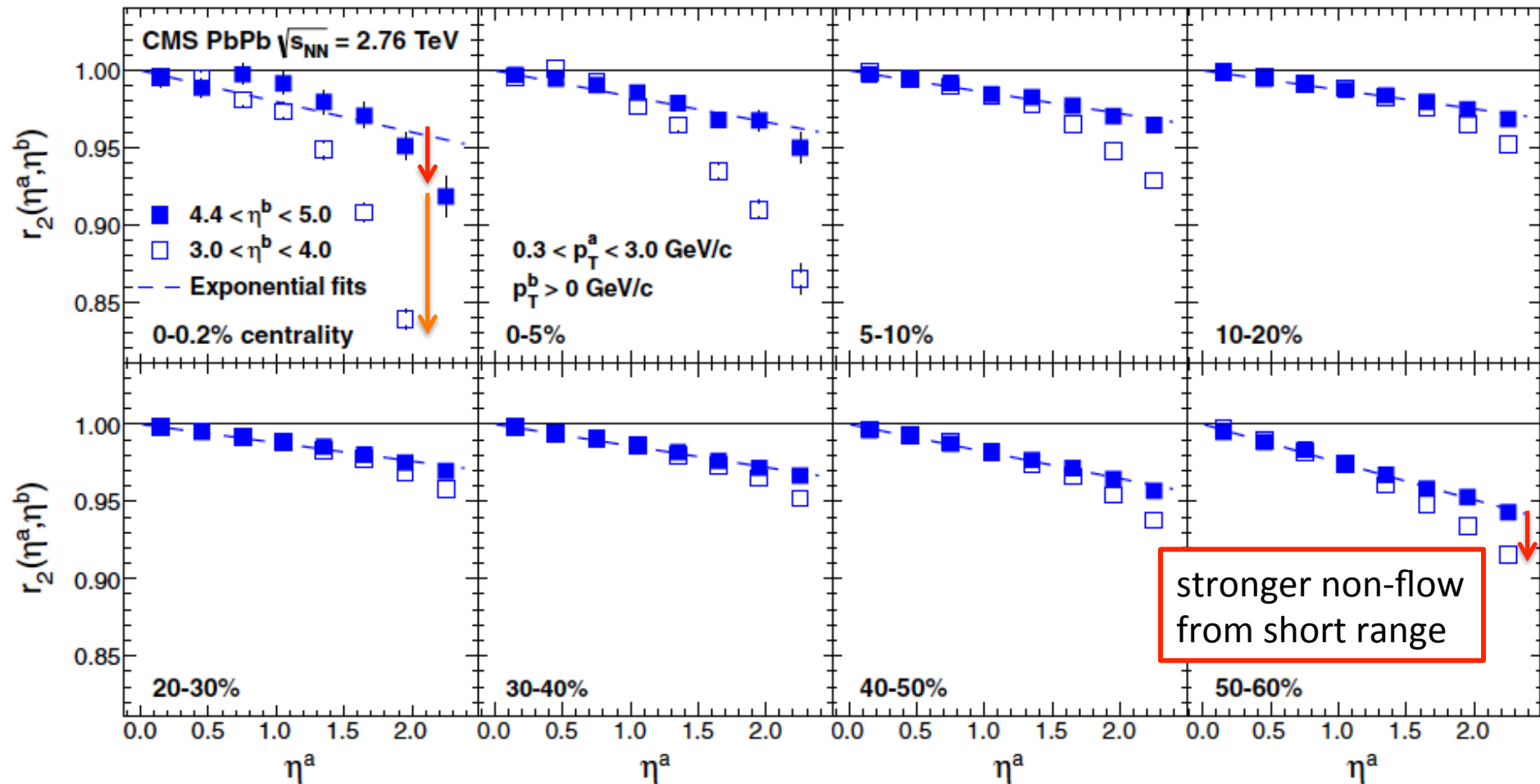


$$r_n(\eta^a, \eta^b) = \frac{\langle v_n(-\eta^a) v_n(\eta^b) \cos[n(\Psi_n(-\eta^a) - \Psi_n(\eta^b))] \rangle}{\langle v_n(\eta^a) v_n(\eta^b) \cos[n(\Psi_n(\eta^a) - \Psi_n(\eta^b))] \rangle} \sim \langle \cos[n(\Psi_n(\eta^a) - \Psi_n(-\eta^a))] \rangle$$

CMS, QM15

Stronger de-correlation of E.P. with η -gap

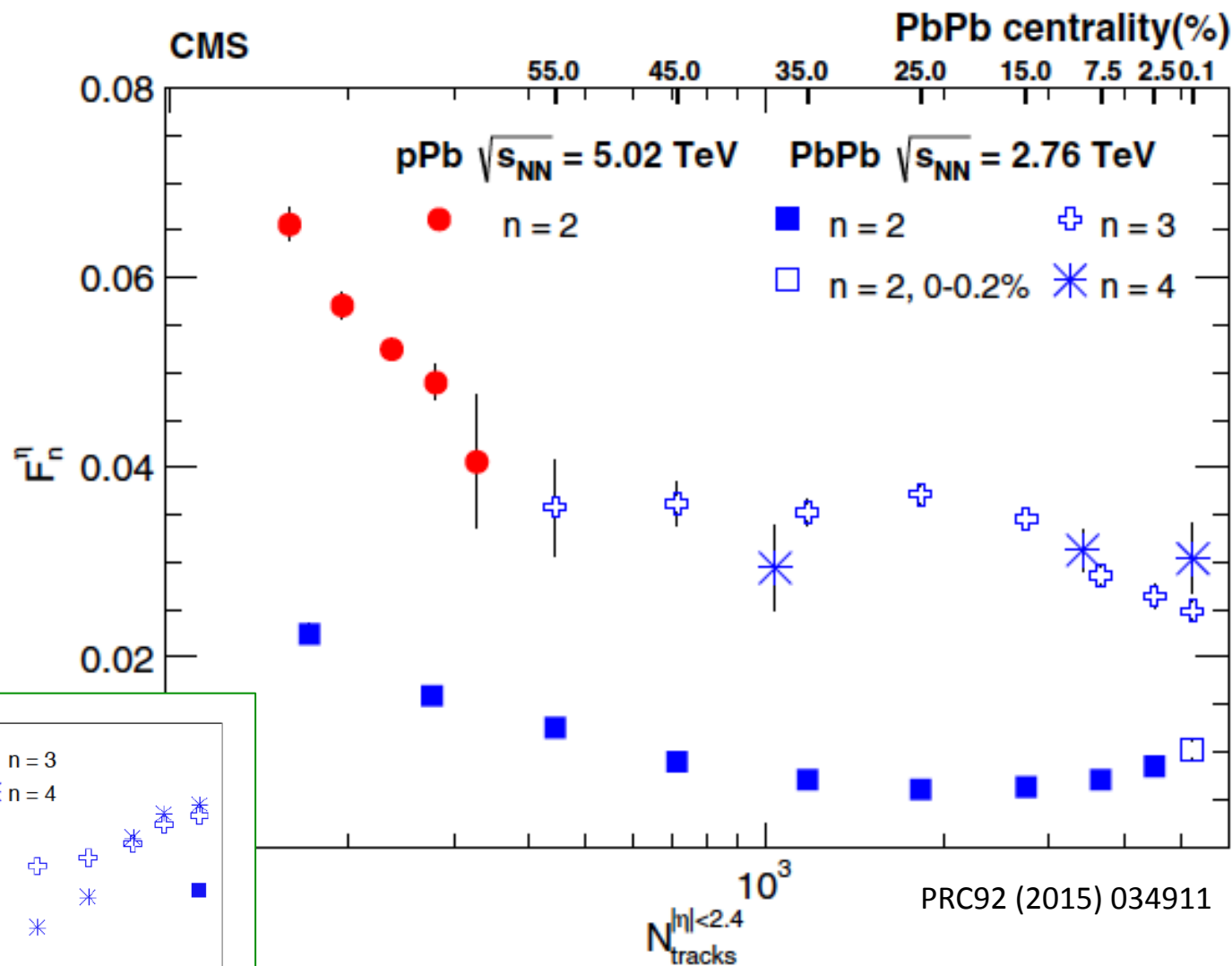
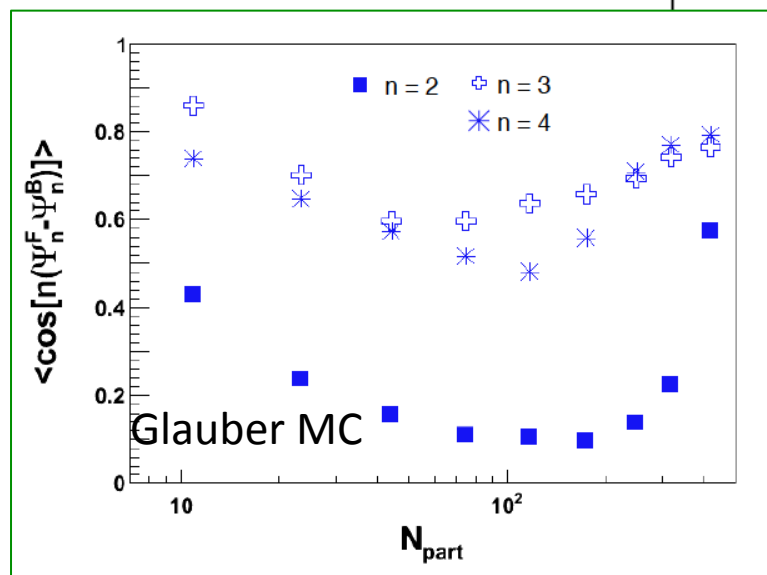
PRC92 (2015) 034911



$$r_n(\eta^a, \eta^b) = e^{-2F_n^\eta \eta^a} \sim 1 - 2F_n^\eta \eta^a$$

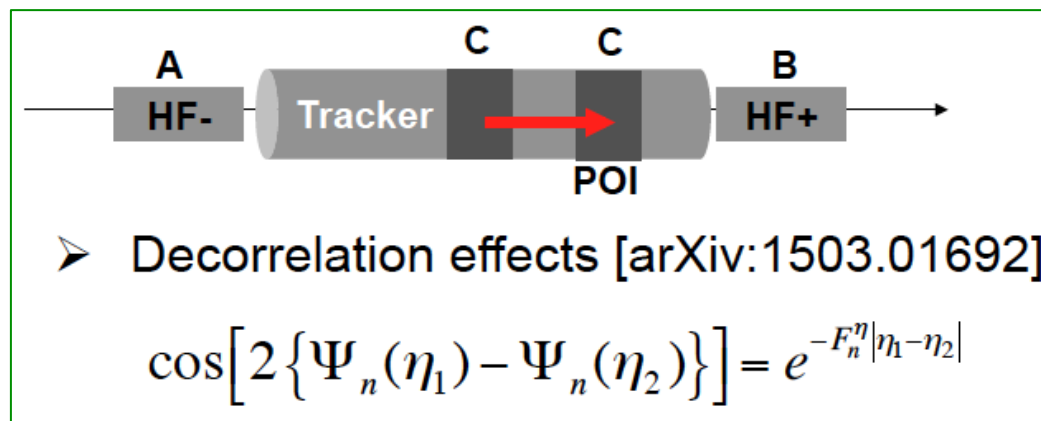
extract : F_n^η

Extracted F_n^η Parameter



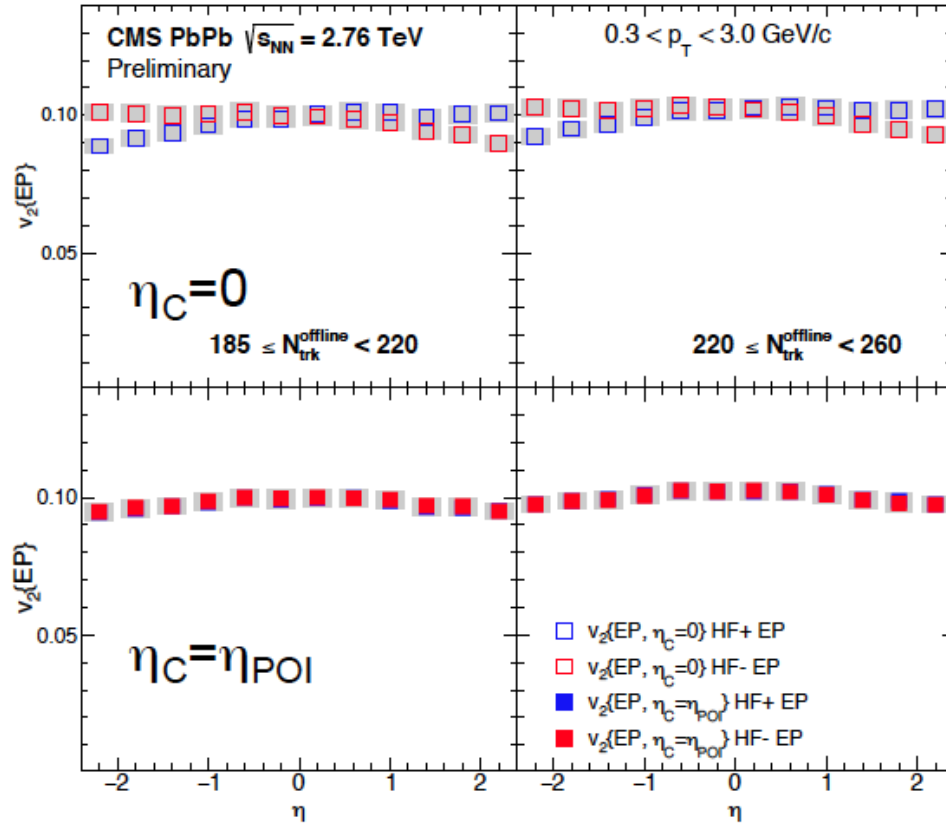
PRC92 (2015) 034911

η dependence of v_n or de-correlation of E.P.

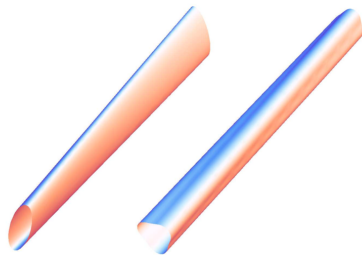


$$\underline{R_A(\eta_{POI})} = \sqrt{\frac{\langle \cos[n(\Psi_n^A - \Psi_n^B)] \rangle \langle \cos[n(\Psi_n^A - \Psi_n^C)] \rangle}{\langle \cos[n(\Psi_n^B - \Psi_n^C)] \rangle}} \quad (\eta_C = \eta_{POI})$$

Pb+Pb



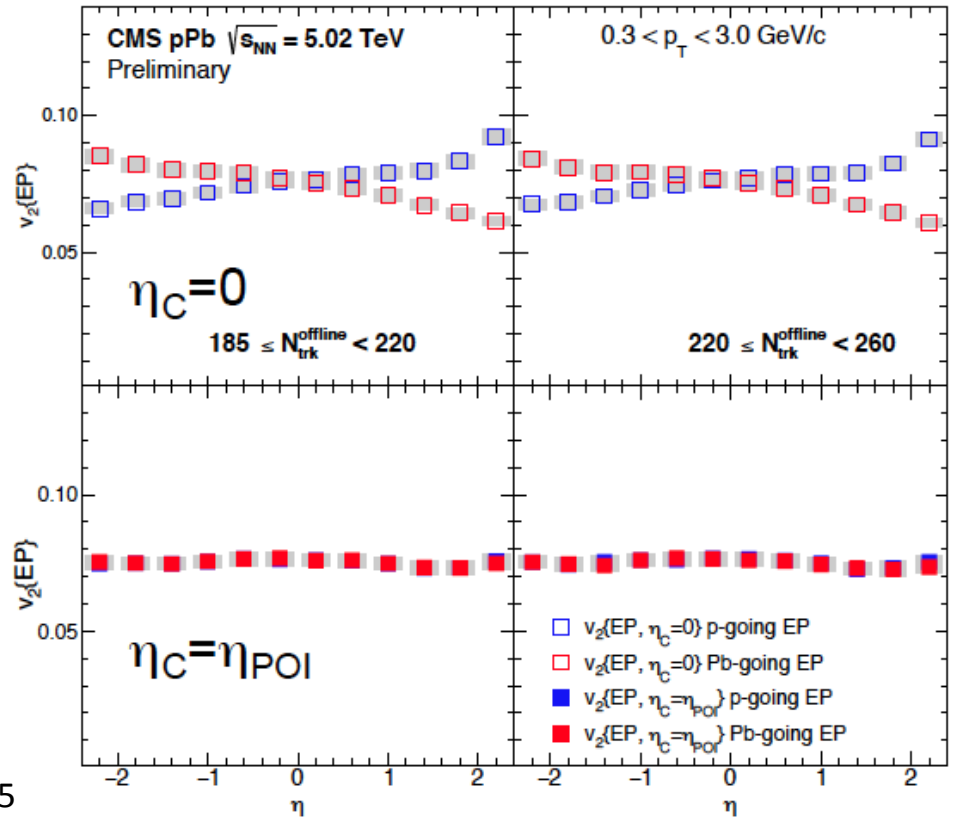
Torqued fireball



Bozek et.al., arXiv:1011.3354

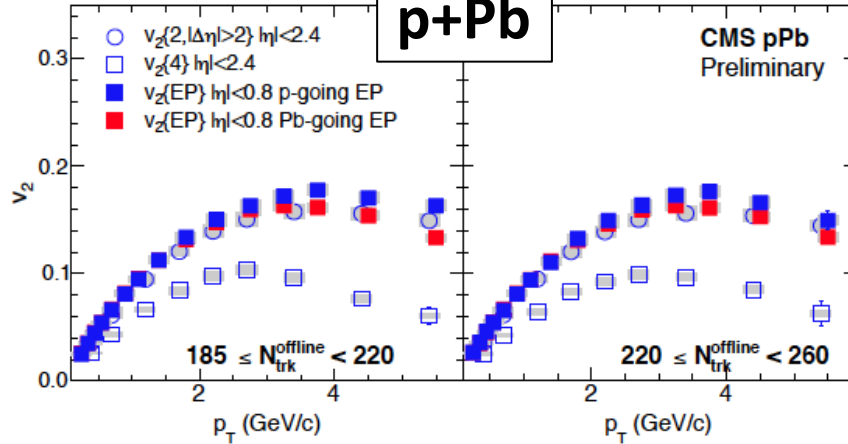
CMS, QM15

p+Pb

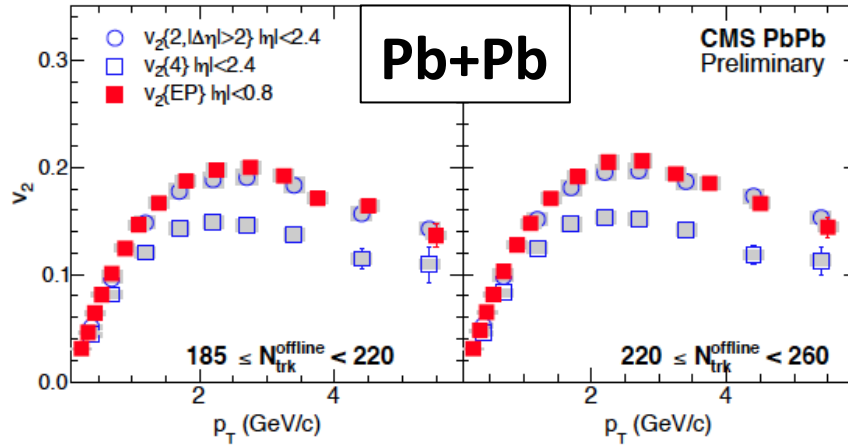


$$v_2(|\eta|<0.8)$$

p+Pb



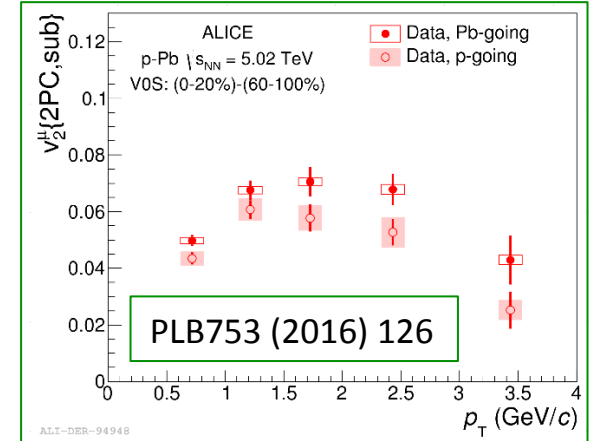
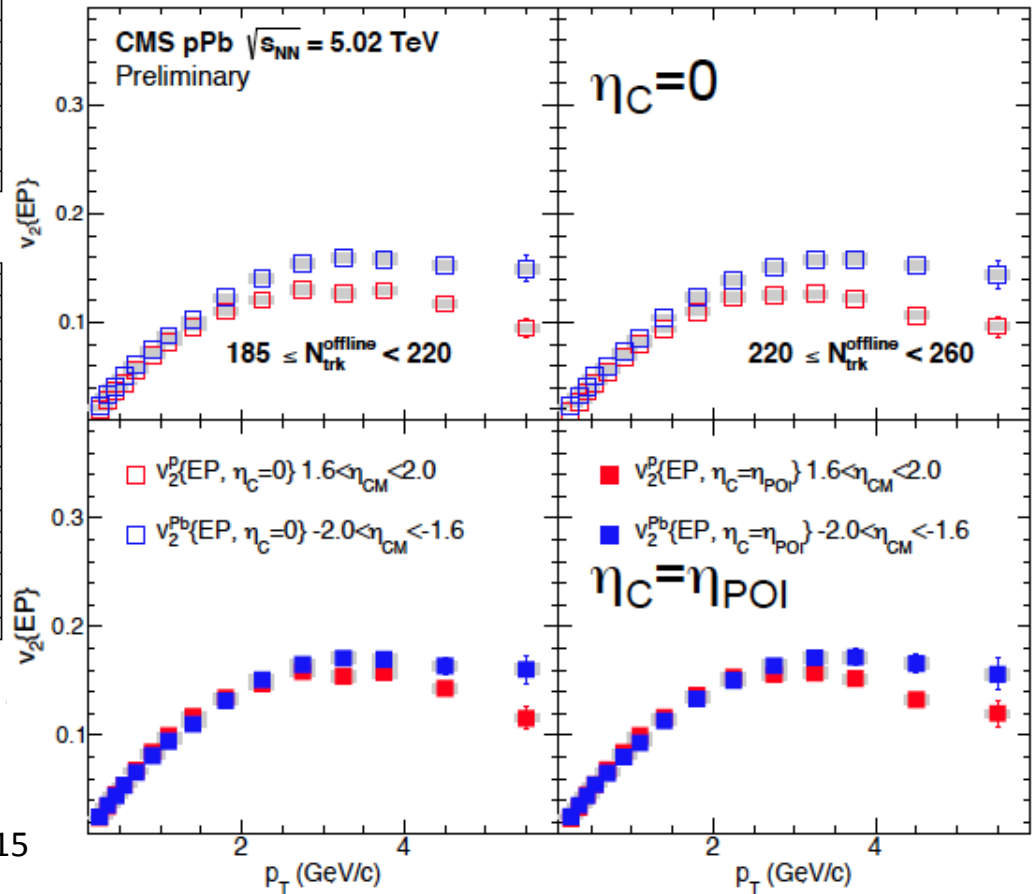
Pb+Pb

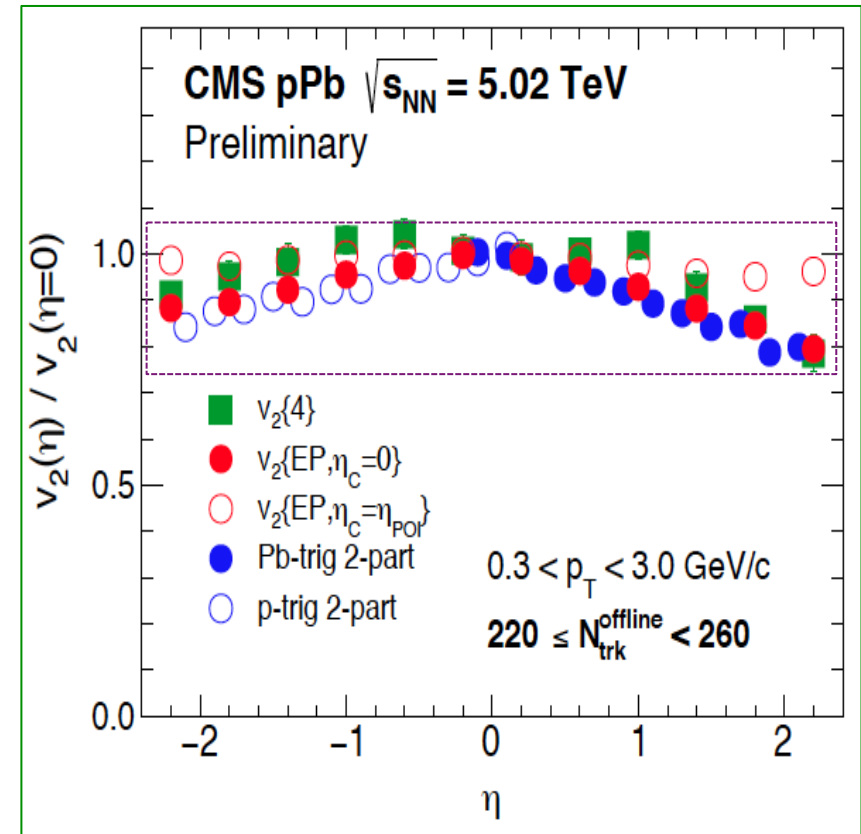
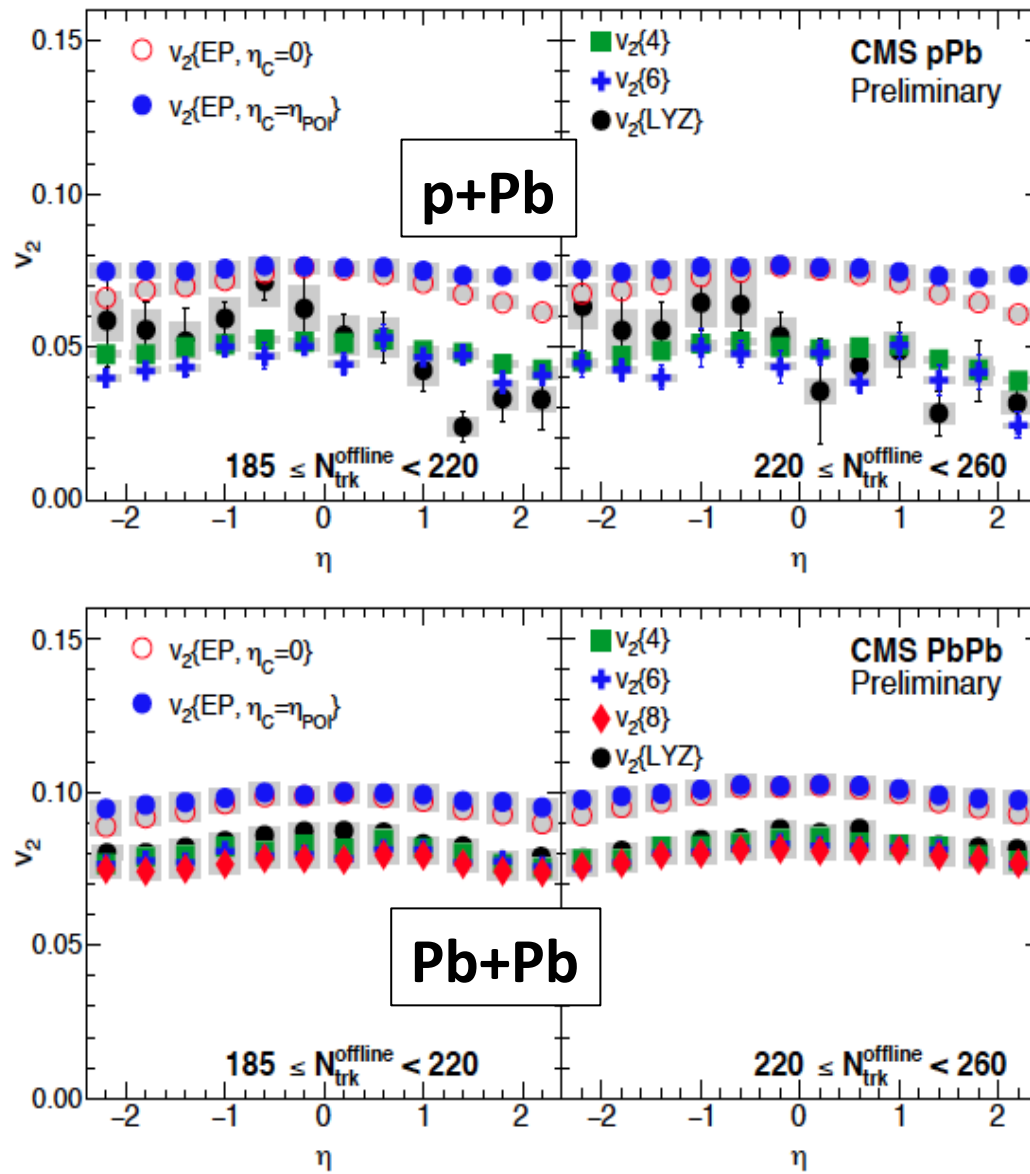


CMS, QM15

p+Pb

$$v_2(1.6<|\eta|<2.0)$$



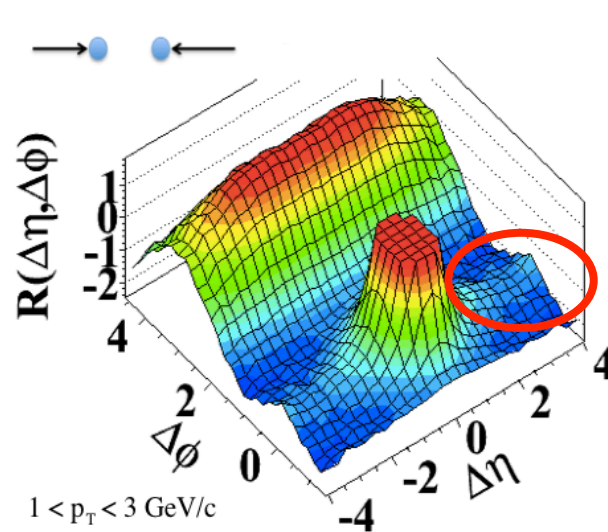


η dependence of v_2

CMS, QM15

Ridge/ v_n (collective expansion?) in $pp^{(\text{high mult.})}$, pA, AA at LHC

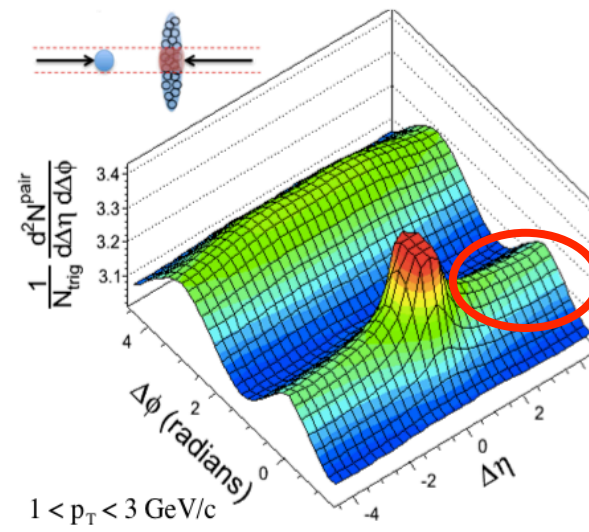
(a) $pp \sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} \geq 110$



$1 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$

JHEP 09 (2010) 091

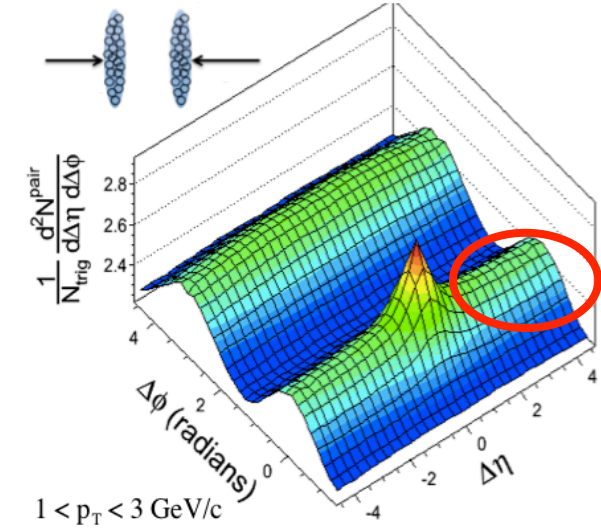
(b) $pPb \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}, 220 < N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} \leq 260$



$1 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$

PLB 724 (2013) 213

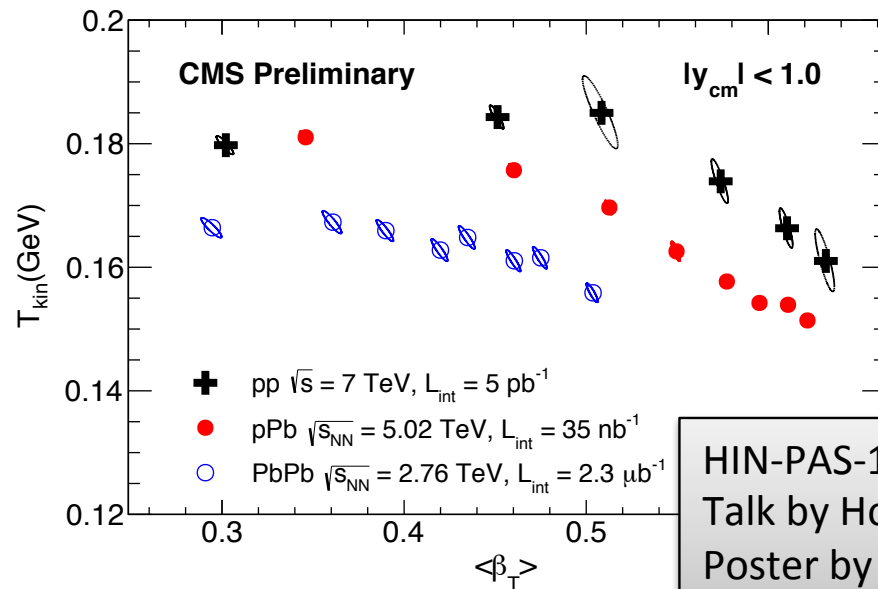
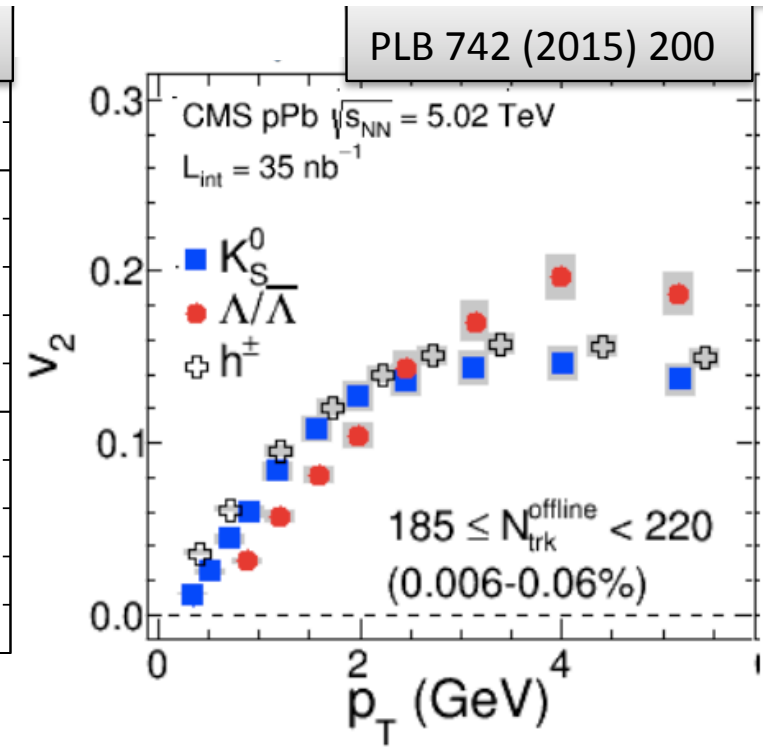
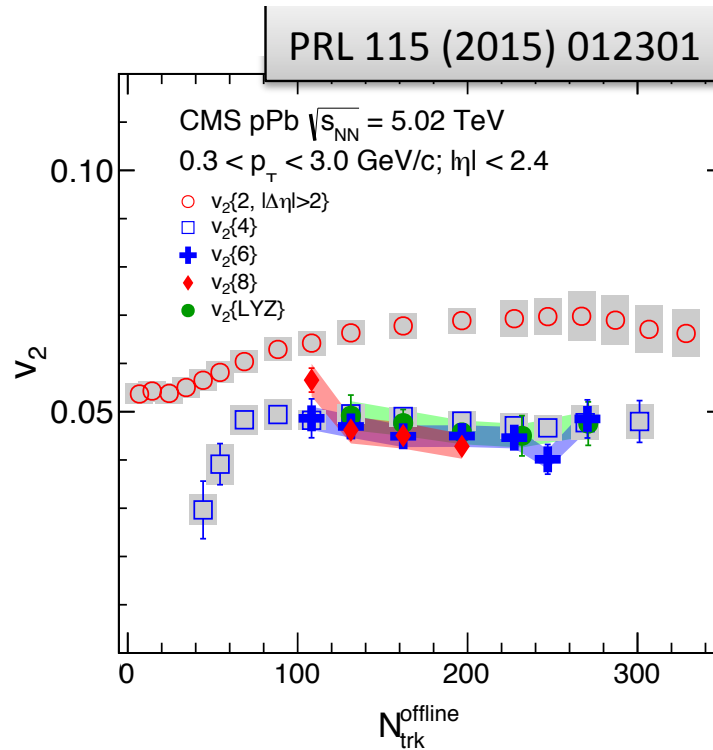
(c) $PbPb \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}, 220 < N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} \leq 260$



$1 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$

PLB 724 (2013) 213

CMS, QM15

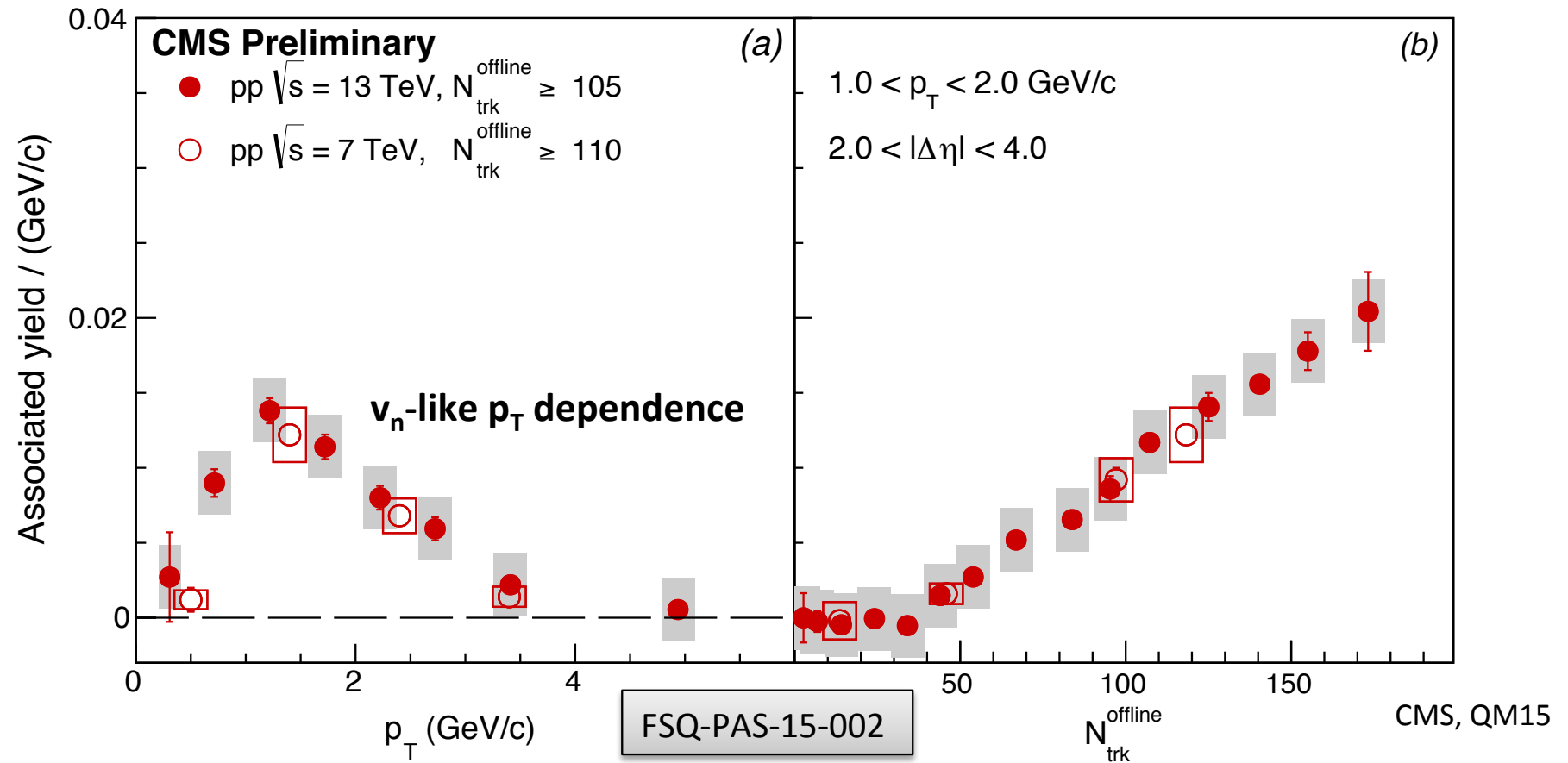


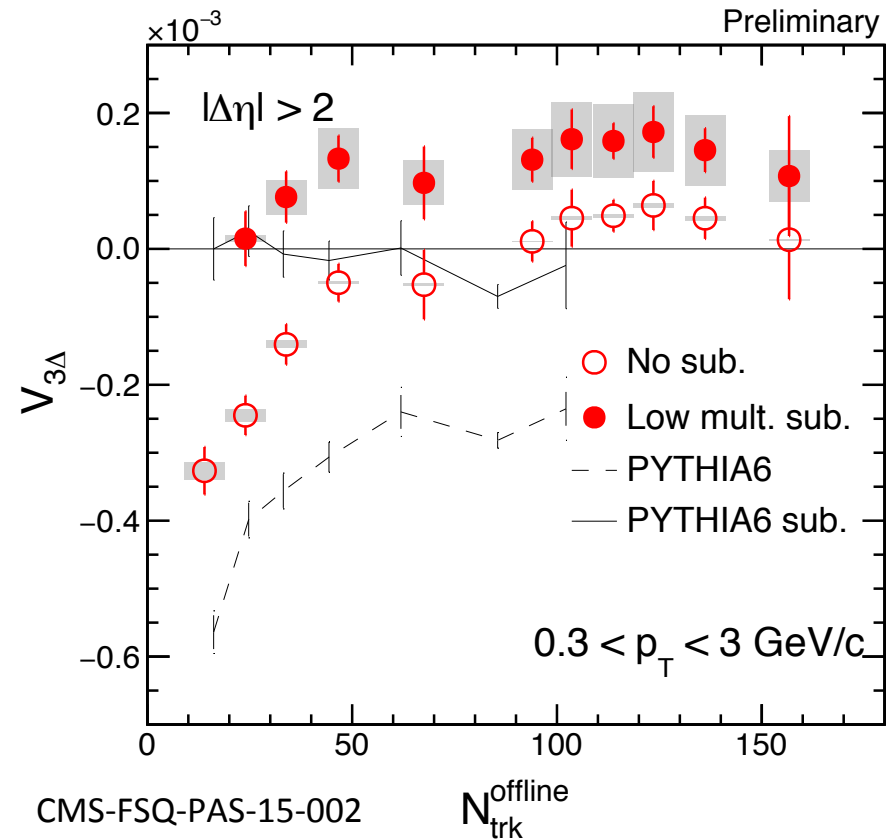
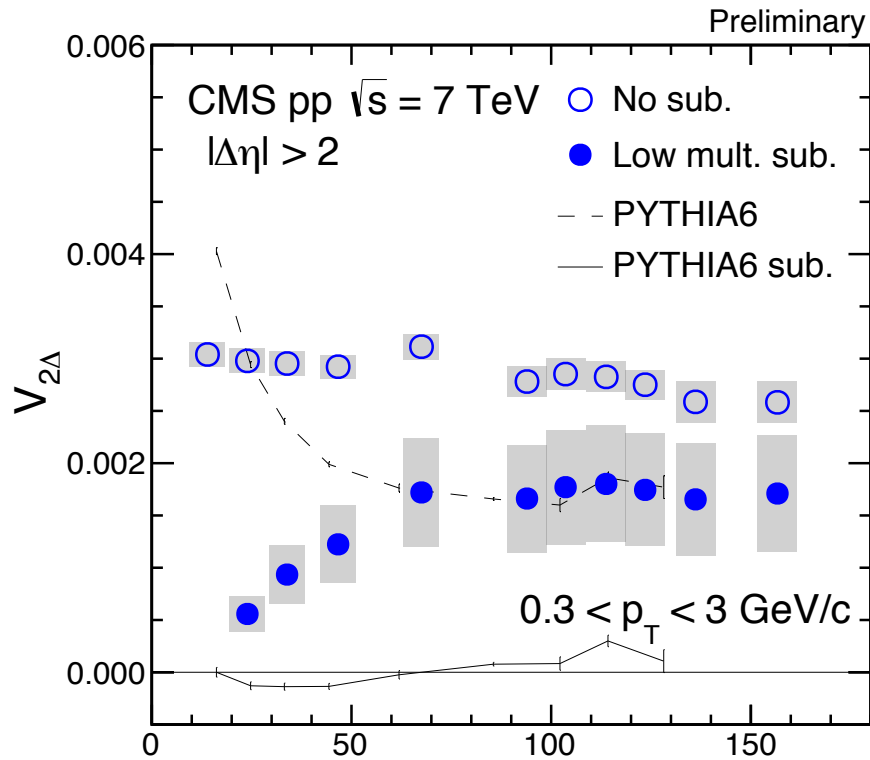
HIN-PAS-15-006
 Talk by Hong Ni
 Poster by Z. Tu (#0214)

3 Supporting Facts of Collective Expansion in pA at LHC

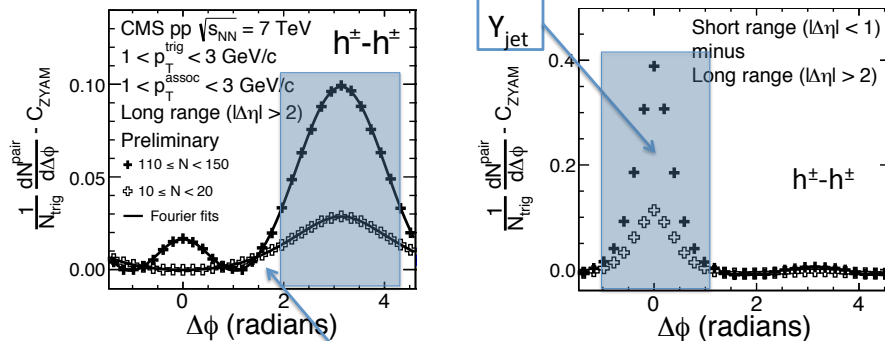
CMS, QM15

Ridge Yield vs (p_T , beam energy, multiplicity) in pp at LHC





❖ Bias to more jet contribution when selecting high multiplicity



❖ Calibrating the bias by near-side jet yield Y_{jet}

low multiplicity subtraction to remove jet contribution:

$$V_{n\Delta}^{sub} \times N_{assoc}^{high} = V_{n\Delta}^{high} \times N_{assoc}^{high} - V_{n\Delta}^{low} \times N_{assoc}^{low} \times \frac{Y_{jet}^{high}}{Y_{jet}^{low}}$$

CMS-FSQ-PAS-15-002

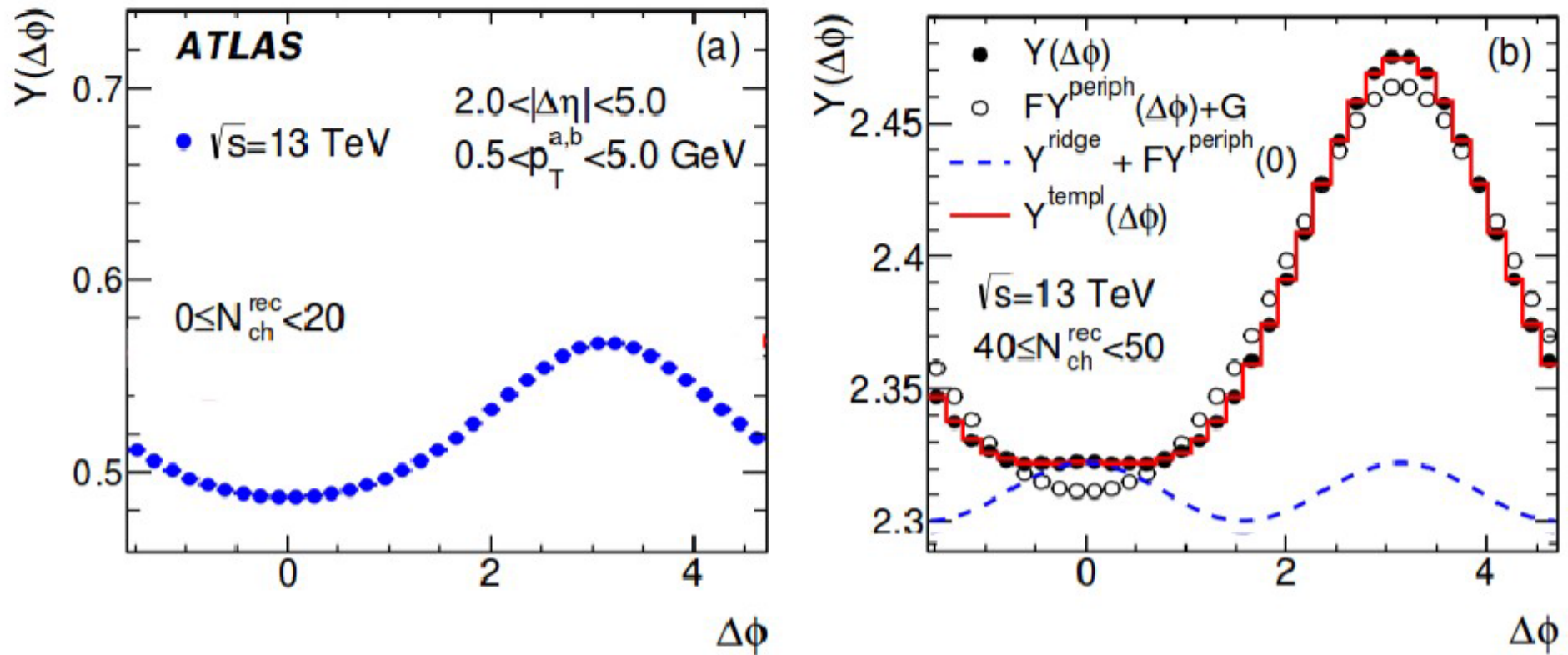
Multiplicity dependence of v_n with/without low mult. subtraction

--- comparison with pythia6 M.C. ---

CMS, QM15

ATLAS ways of pp analysis

arXiv:1509.04776
PRL116 (2016) 172301

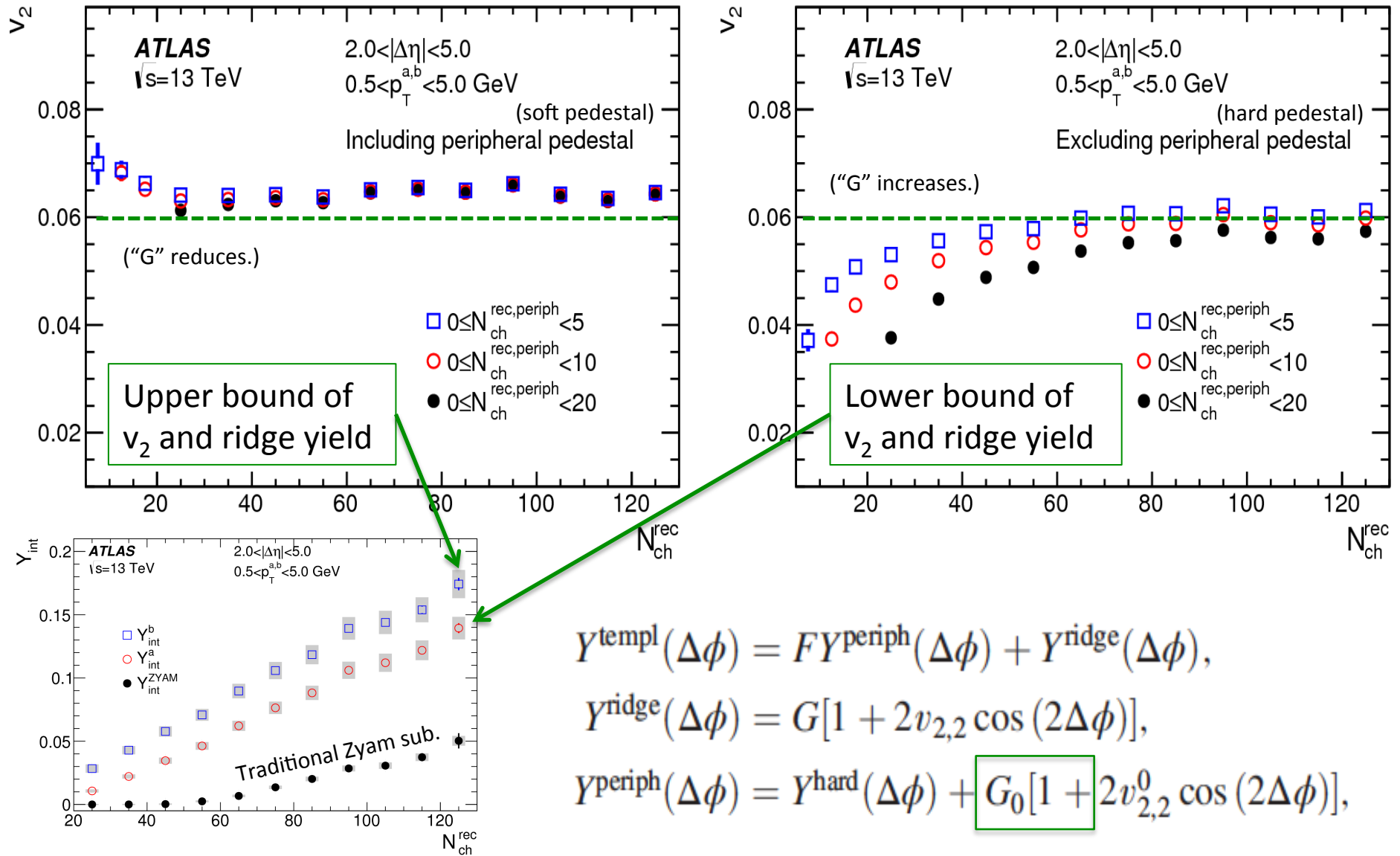


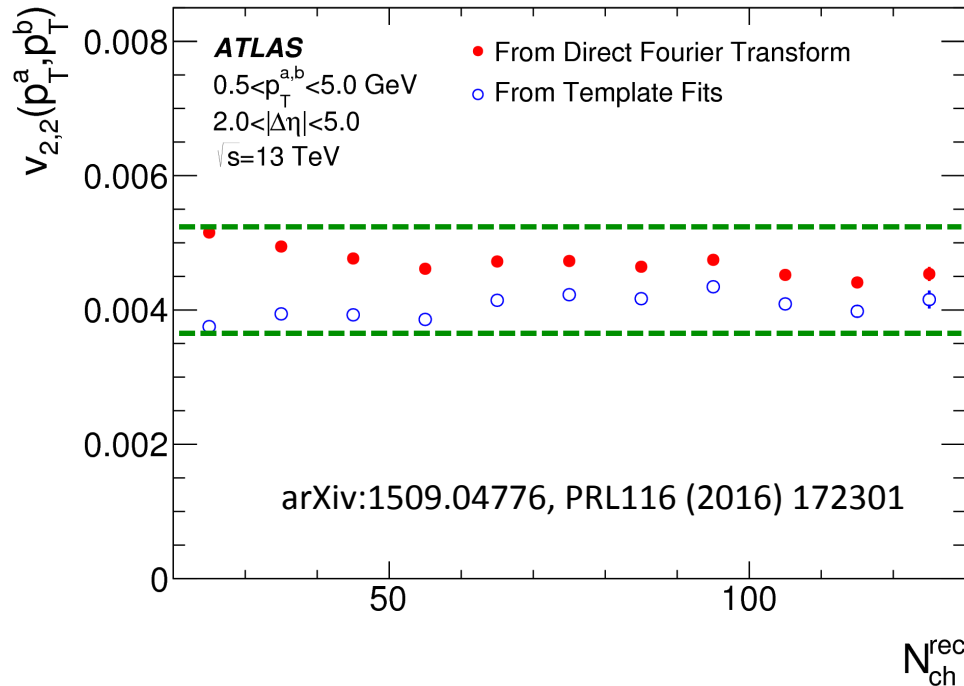
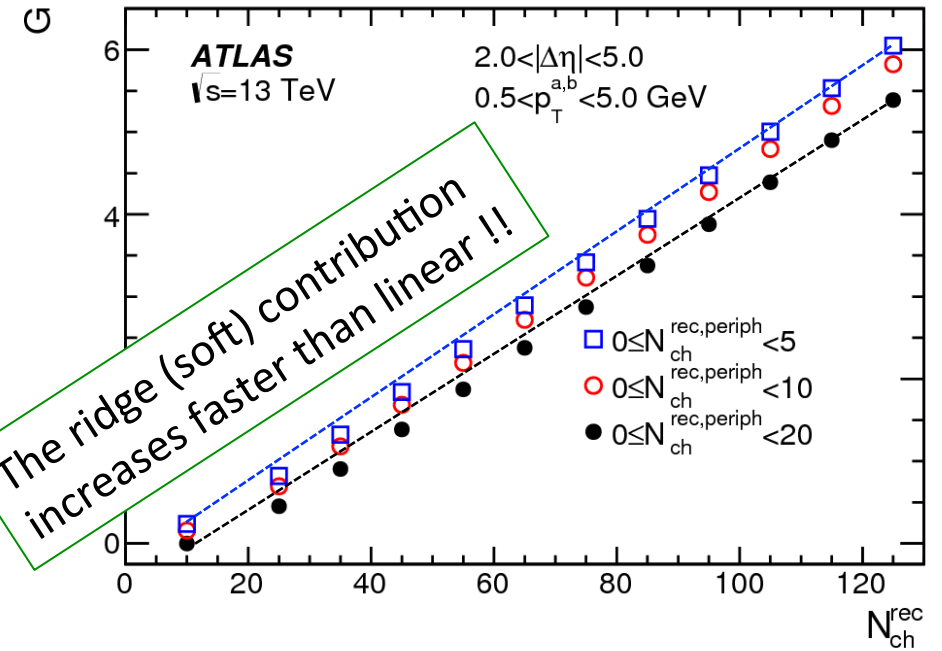
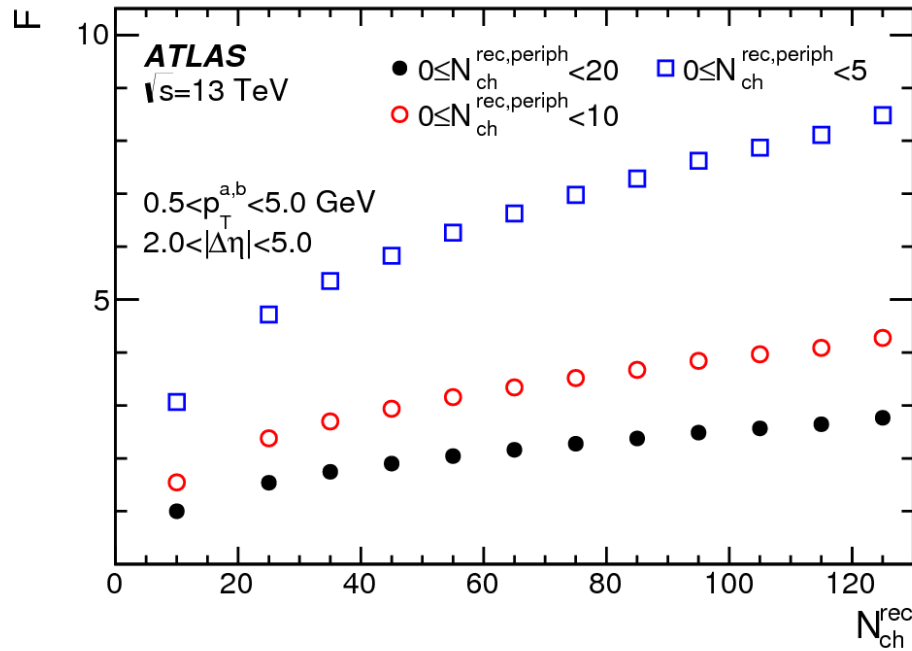
**Template
fitting**

$$Y^{\text{templ}}(\Delta\phi) = FY^{\text{periph}}(\Delta\phi) + Y^{\text{ridge}}(\Delta\phi),$$

$$Y^{\text{ridge}}(\Delta\phi) = G[1 + 2v_{2,2} \cos(2\Delta\phi)],$$

$$Y^{\text{periph}}(\Delta\phi) = Y^{\text{hard}}(\Delta\phi) + G_0[1 + 2v_{2,2}^0 \cos(2\Delta\phi)],$$





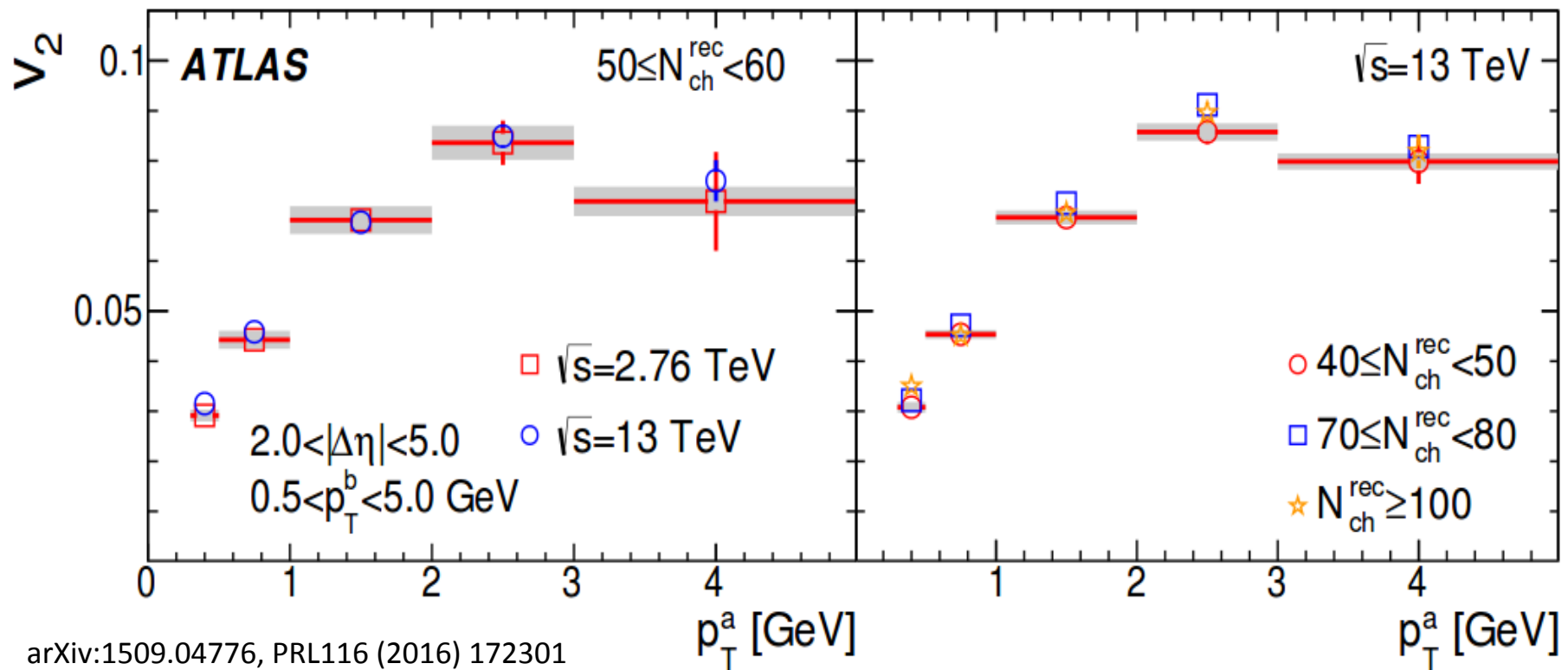
$$Y^{templ}(\Delta\phi) = FY^{periph}(\Delta\phi) + Y^{ridge}(\Delta\phi),$$

$$Y^{ridge}(\Delta\phi) = G[1 + 2v_{2,2} \cos(2\Delta\phi)],$$

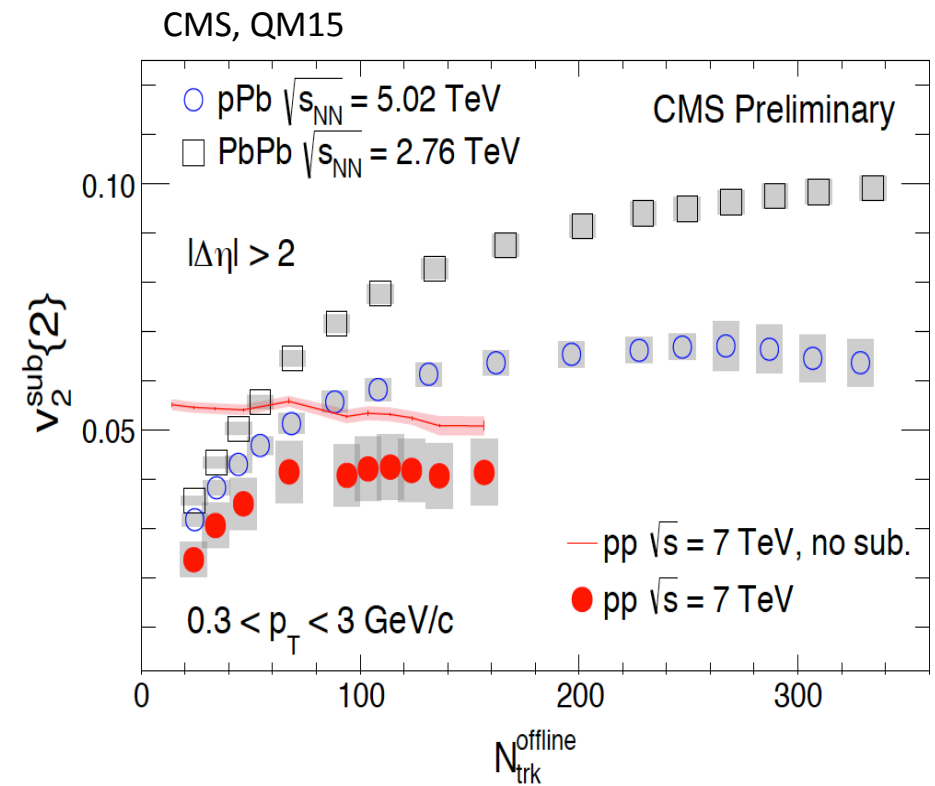
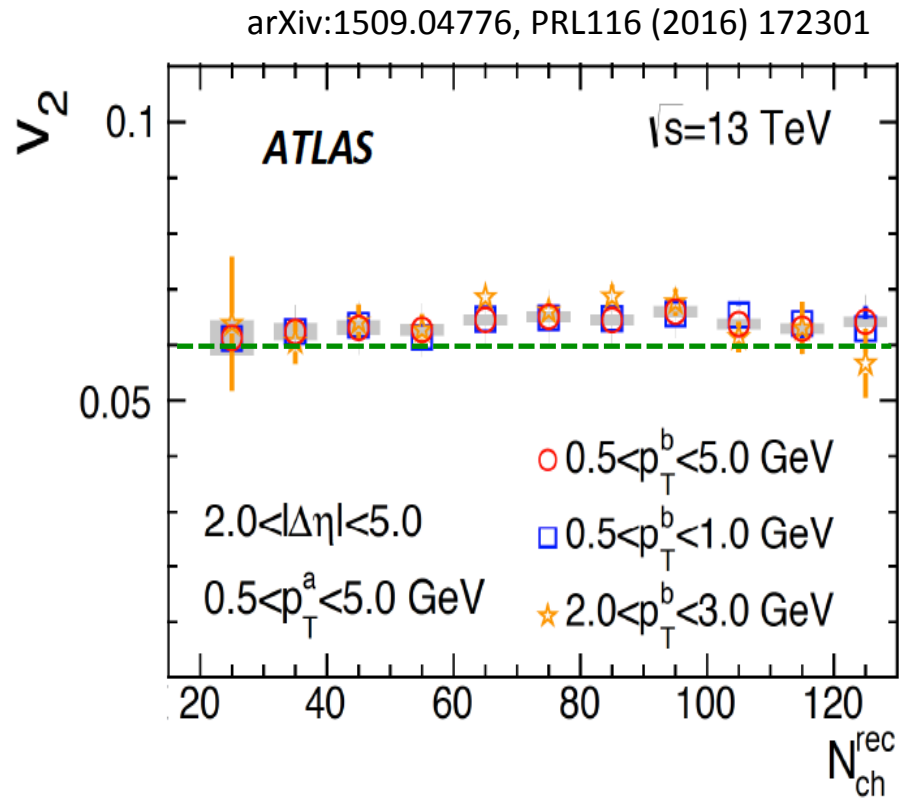
$$Y^{periph}(\Delta\phi) = Y^{hard}(\Delta\phi) + G_0[1 + 2v_{2,2}^0 \cos(2\Delta\phi)],$$

- Reference fitting ($C_2 - C_{Ref.} + 1$)
 v_2 is defined w.r.t. the total integral based on no separation btw. hard/soft.?

similar p_T dependence of v_2 to the larger systems
 no (or very weak) dependence of v_2 on energy and multiplicity

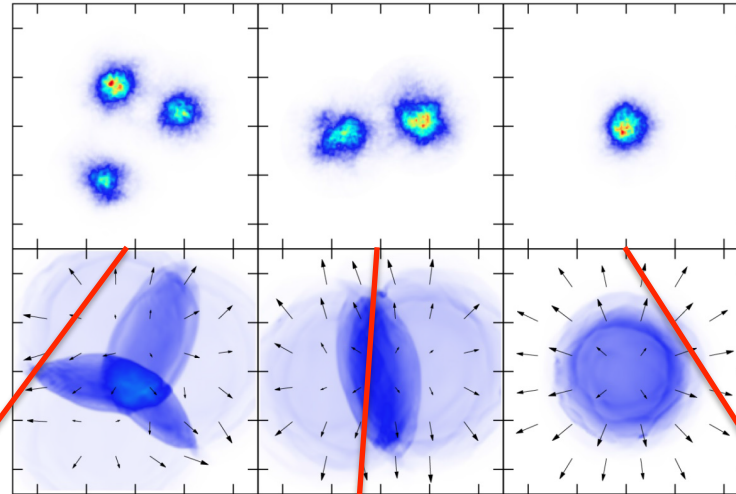


Multiplicity dependence of v_2 in pp at LHC with various methods

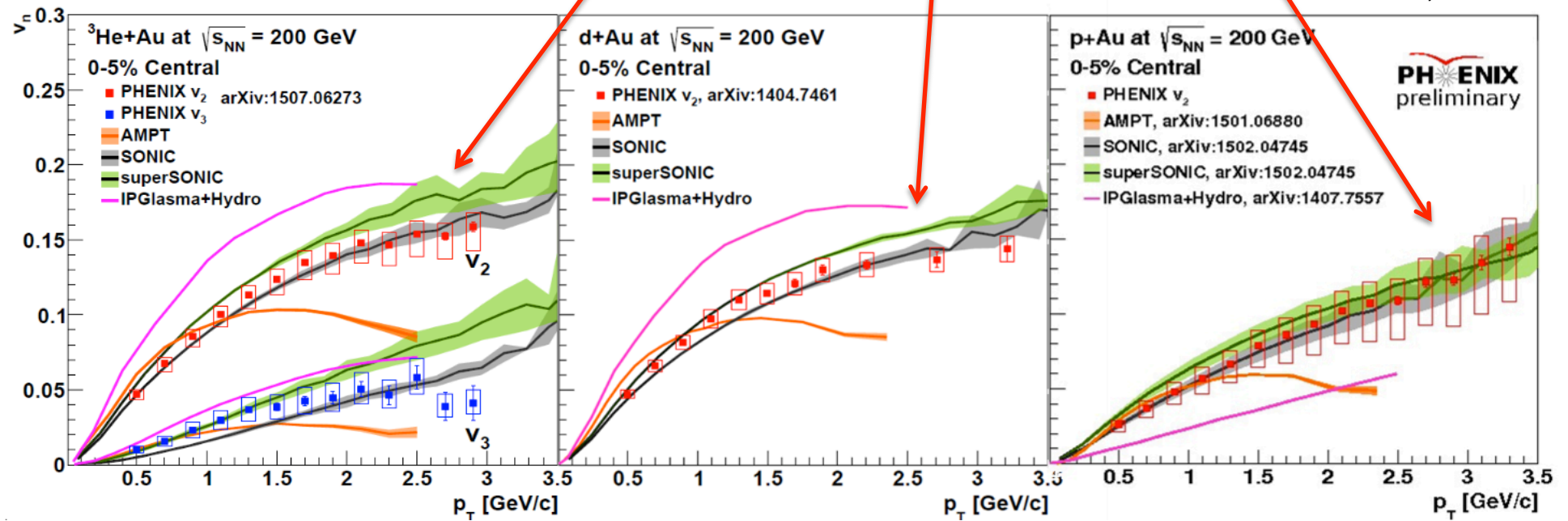


v_2 (collective expansion?)
in pA, dA, ^3HeA at RHIC

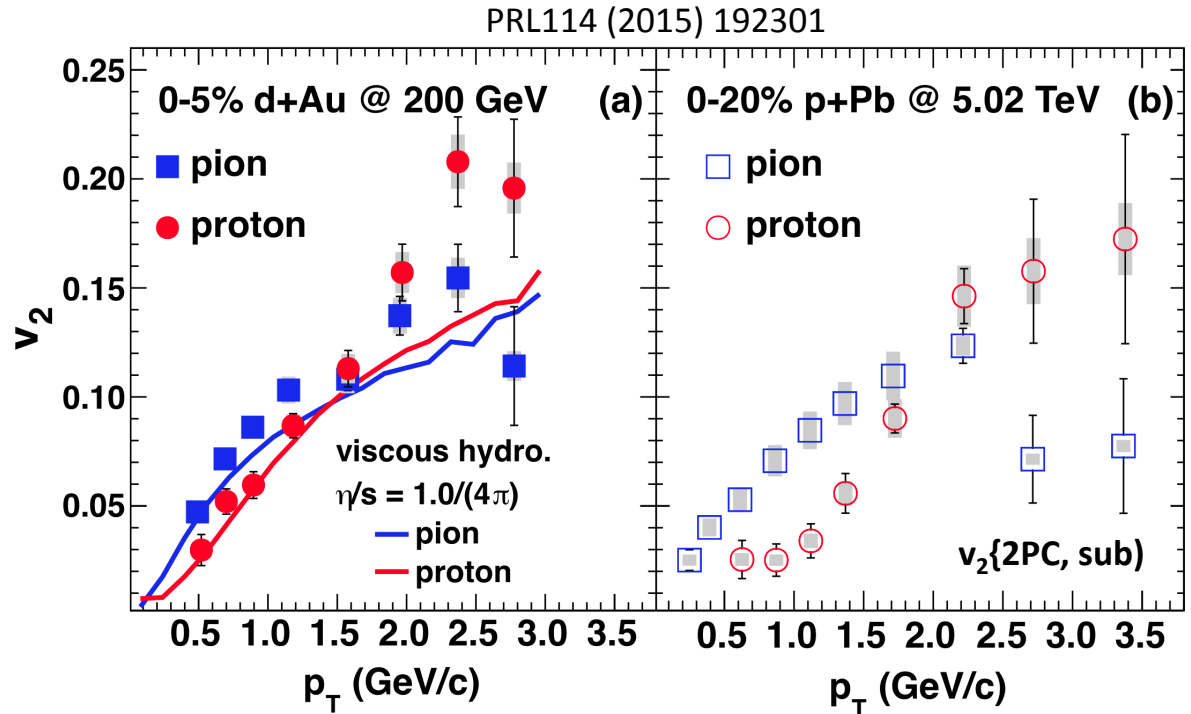
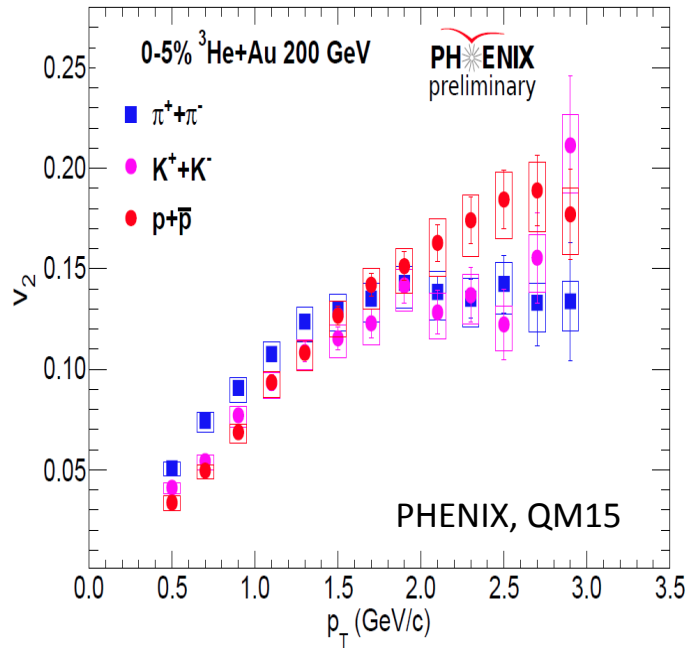
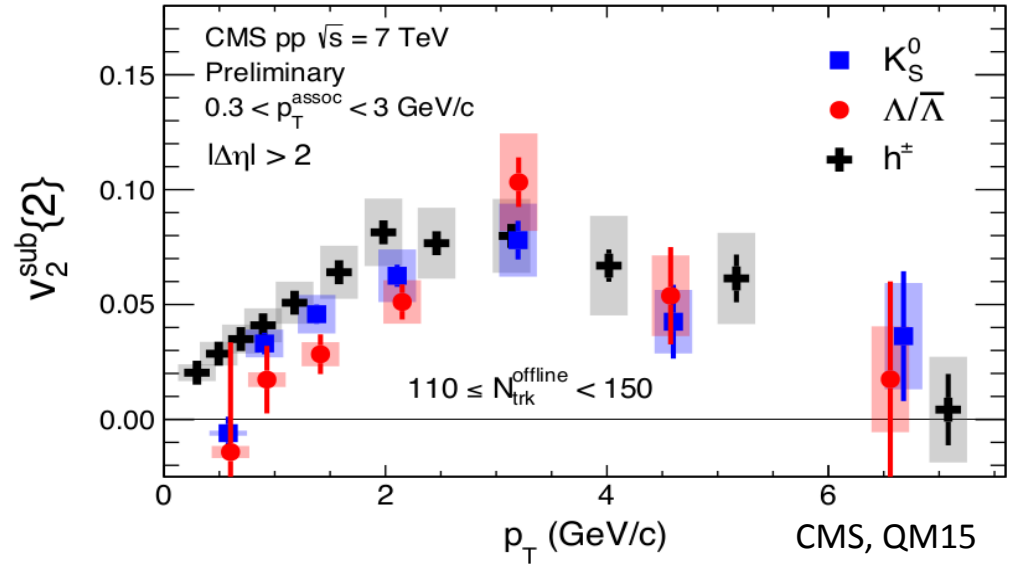
working on pp, too...



PHENIX, QM15

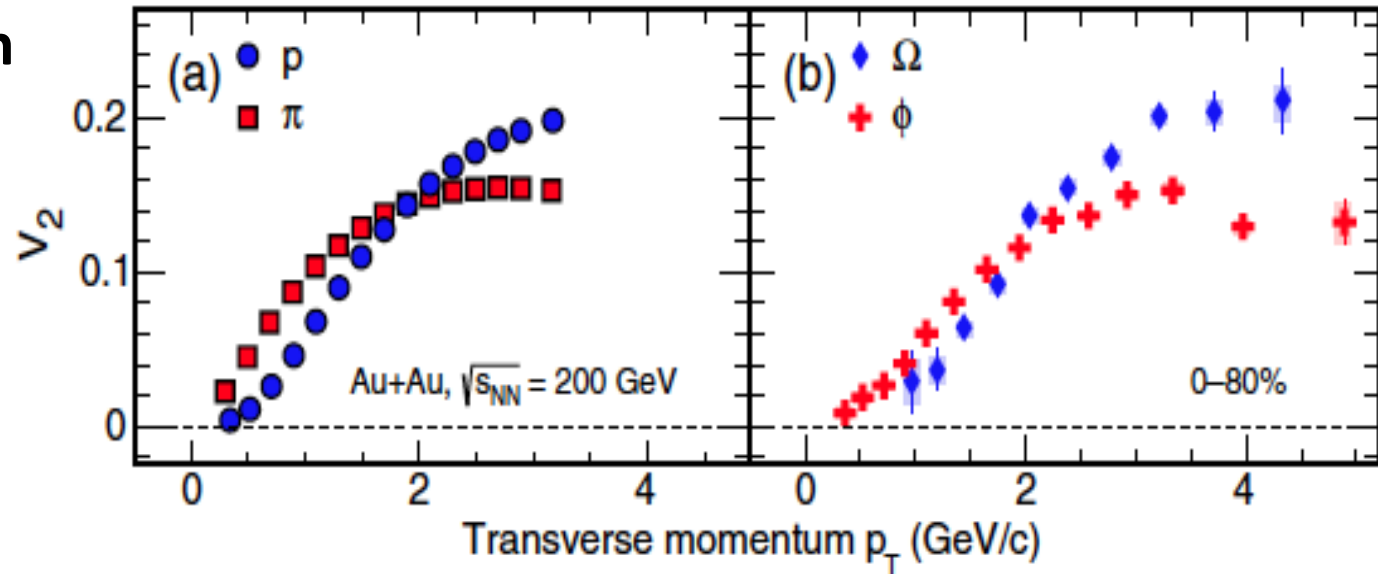


Mass dependence and Baryon/Meson splitting of v_2 in small systems at RHIC/LHC (pp, pA, dA and ^3HeA)

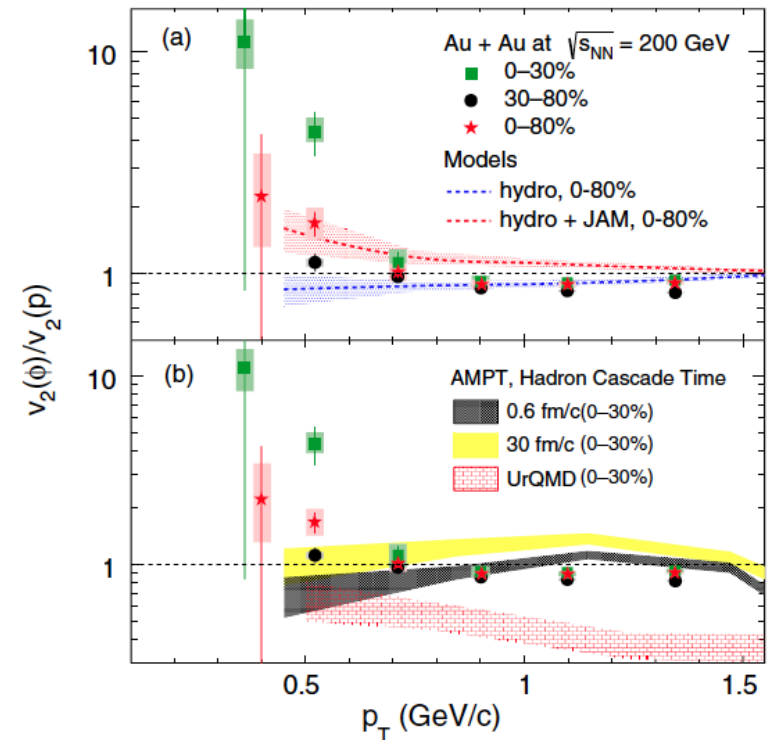
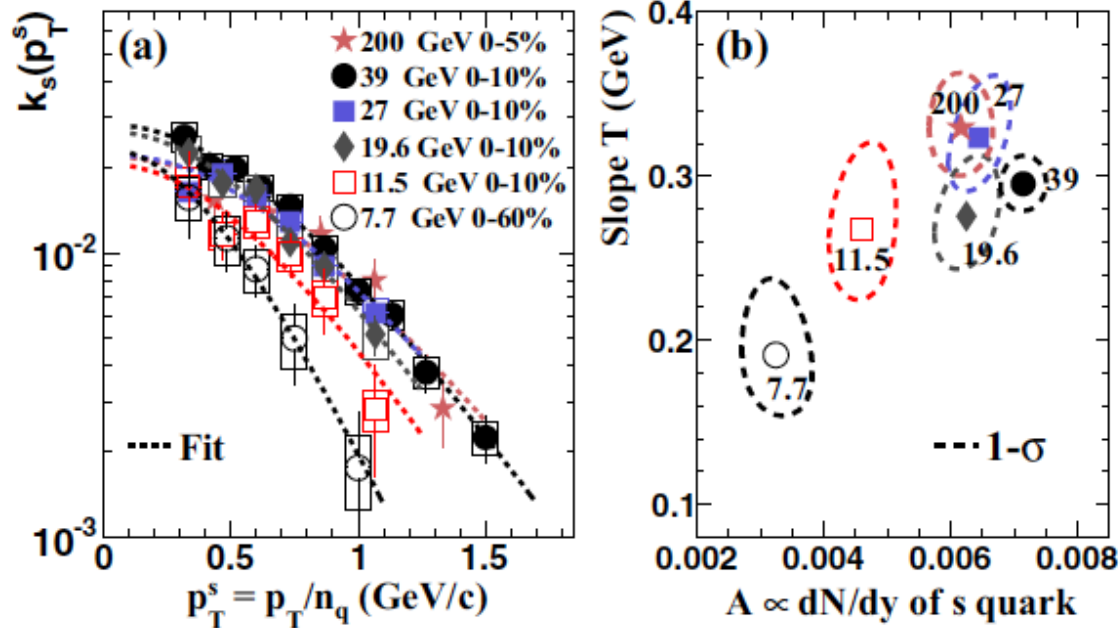


System Evolution from Partonic to Hadronic Phase

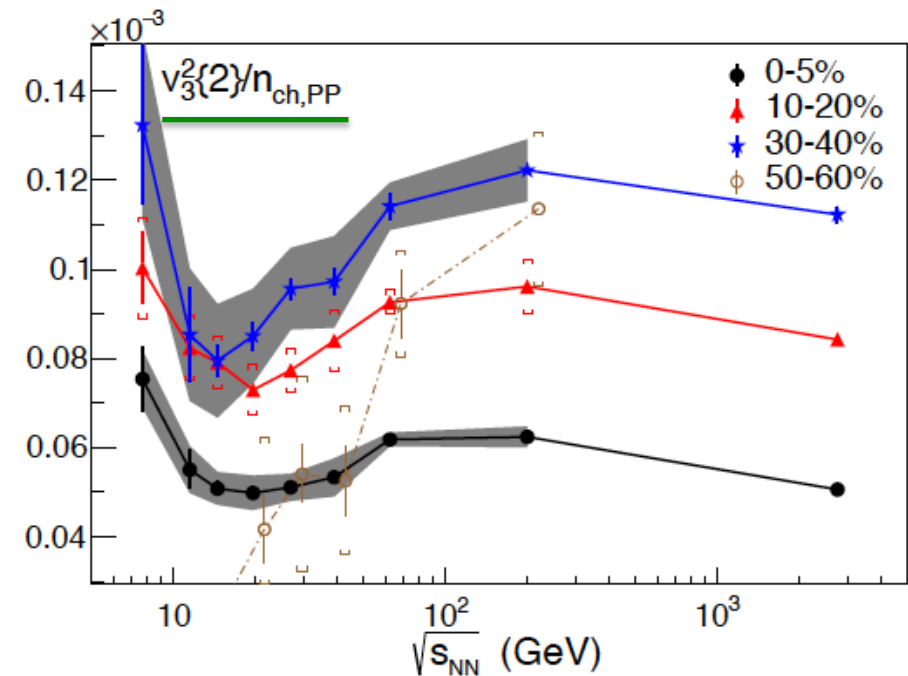
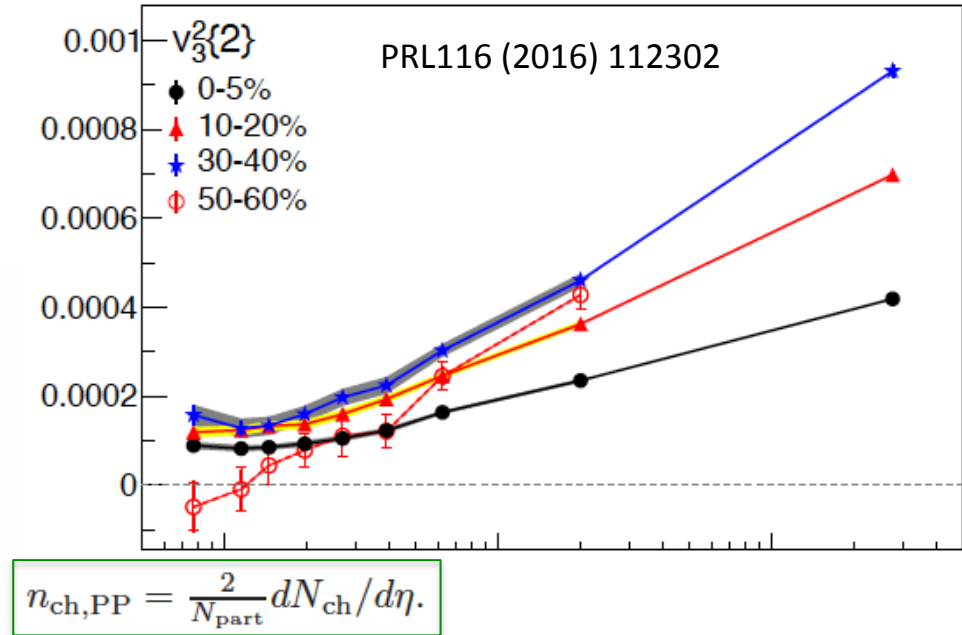
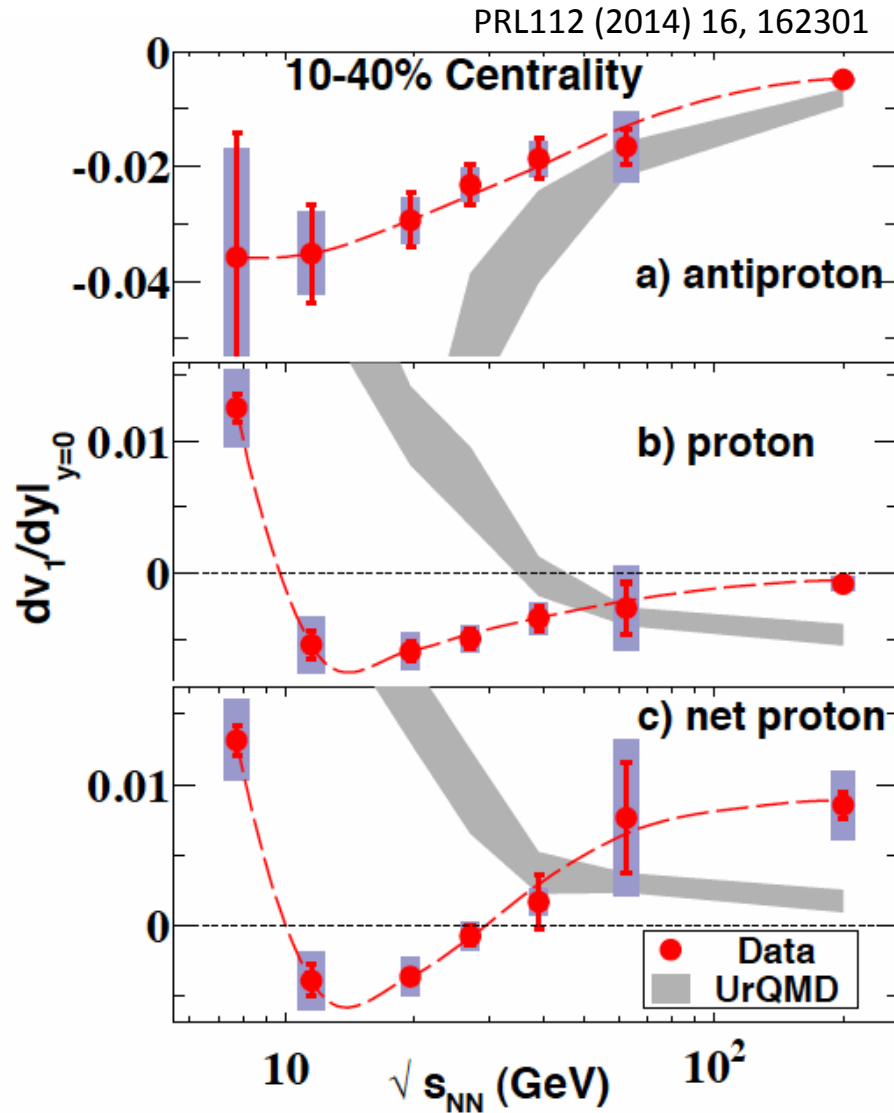
$$k_s = N(\Omega)/N(\phi)$$

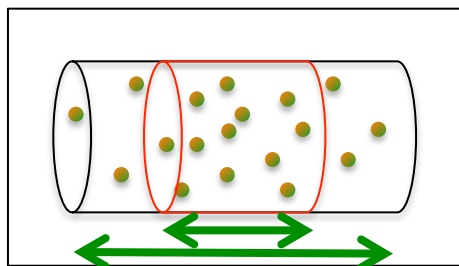


PRC93 (2016) 021903R



Beam energy dependence of net-proton v_1 and $v_3^2/n_{\text{ch,PP}}$



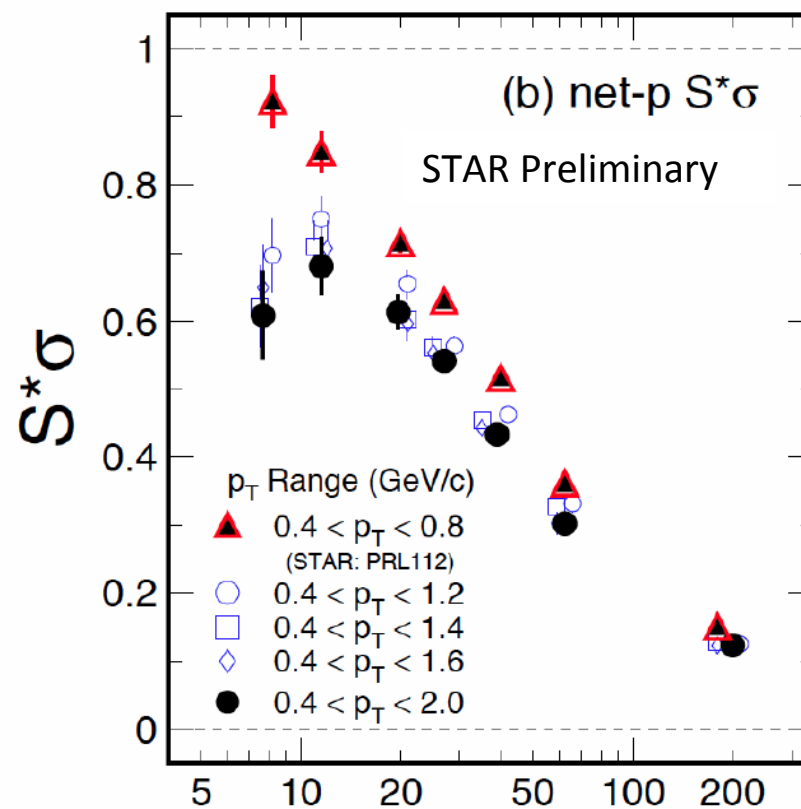
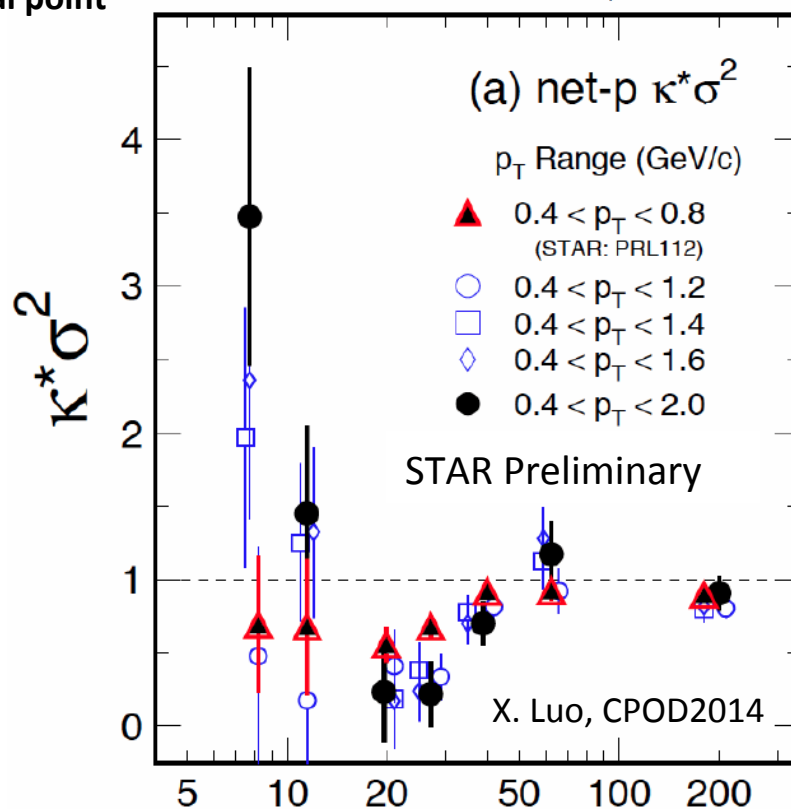


Fluctuation of conserved quantity

--- higher order moment of net-proton distribution
as a proxy of net-Baryon distribution ---

Change of correlation length
at phase boundary close to
the critical point

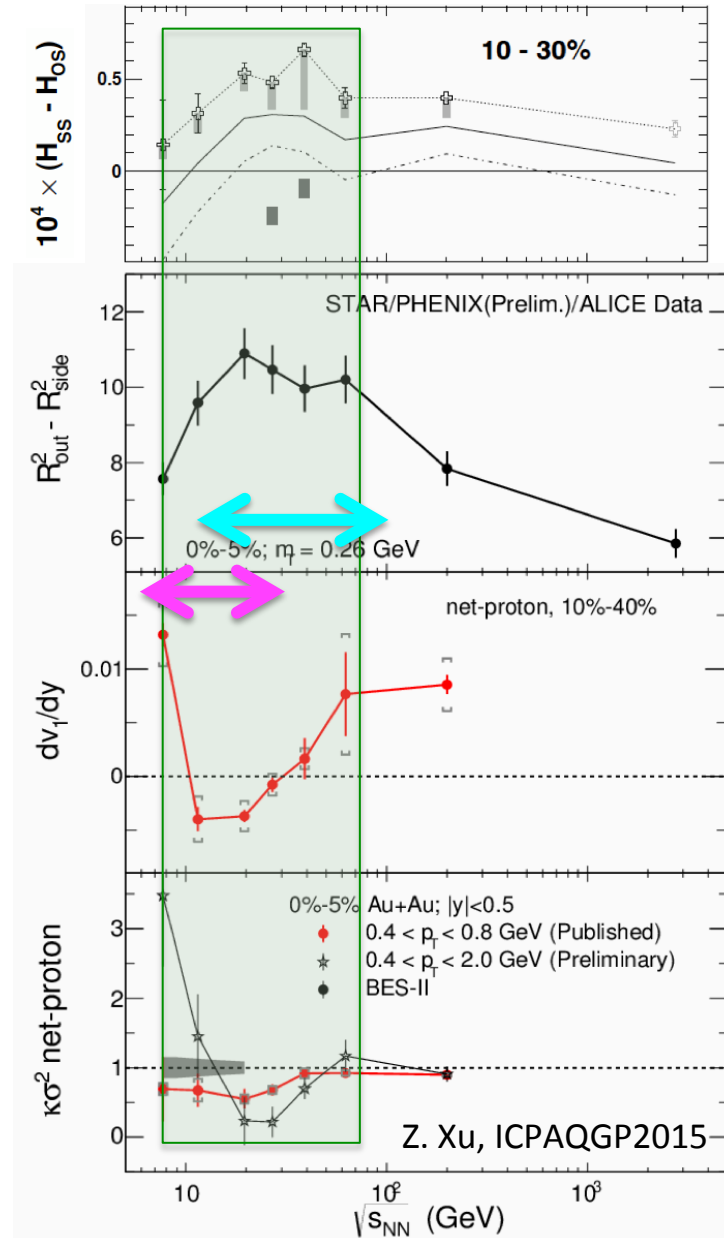
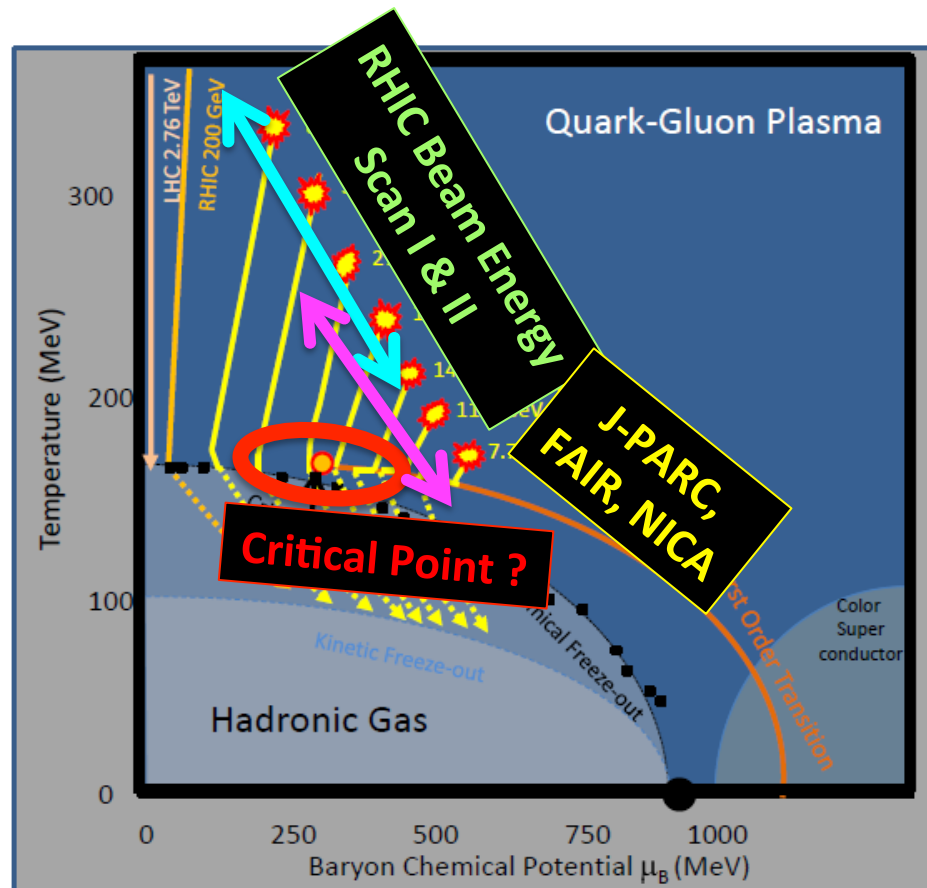
0-5% Au + Au Central Collisions at RHIC



Colliding Energy $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)

RHIC beam energy scan (BES) program from **phase I** to **phase II**

~ 2016 2019 ~



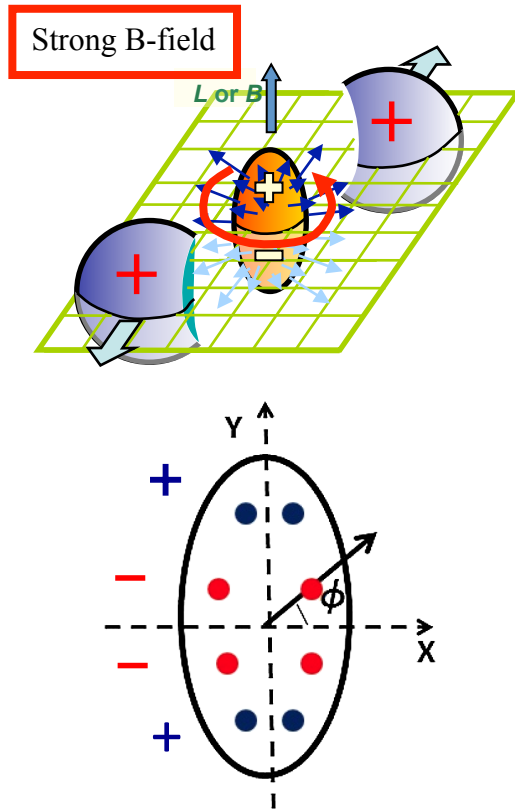
Summary

- Flow and fluctuation in AA
- Flow in small systems; pp, pA, dA...
- From partonic to hadronic world

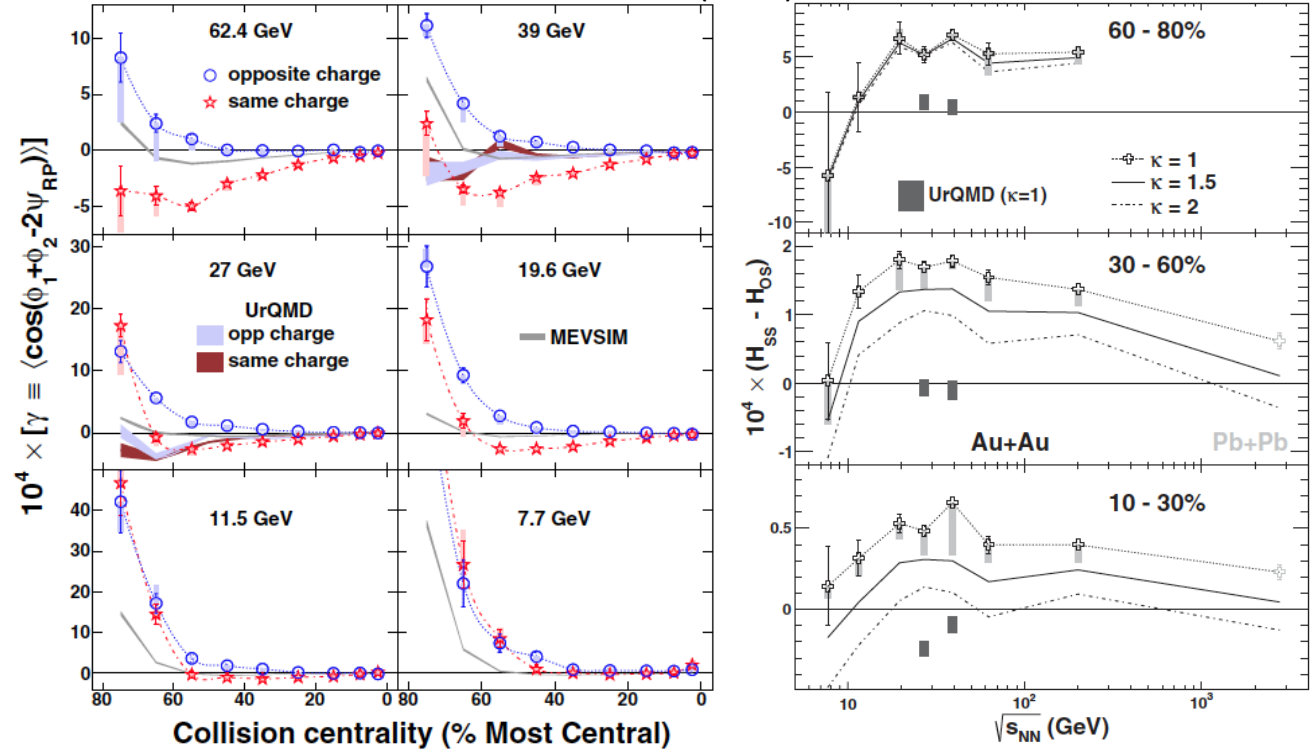
Thank you very much for your attention!

Please help us to setup “宇宙史国際研究拠点” in CiRfSE@筑波大学

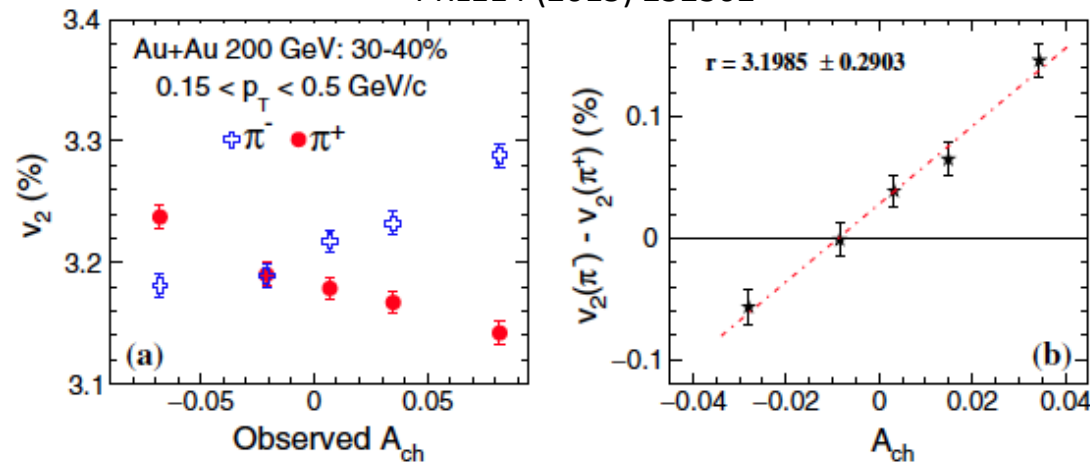
Some back-up slides follow...



PRL113 (2014) 052302



PRL114 (2015) 252302



arXiv : 1512.05739

