Prompt identified particle spectra at RHIC-STAR

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Motivation

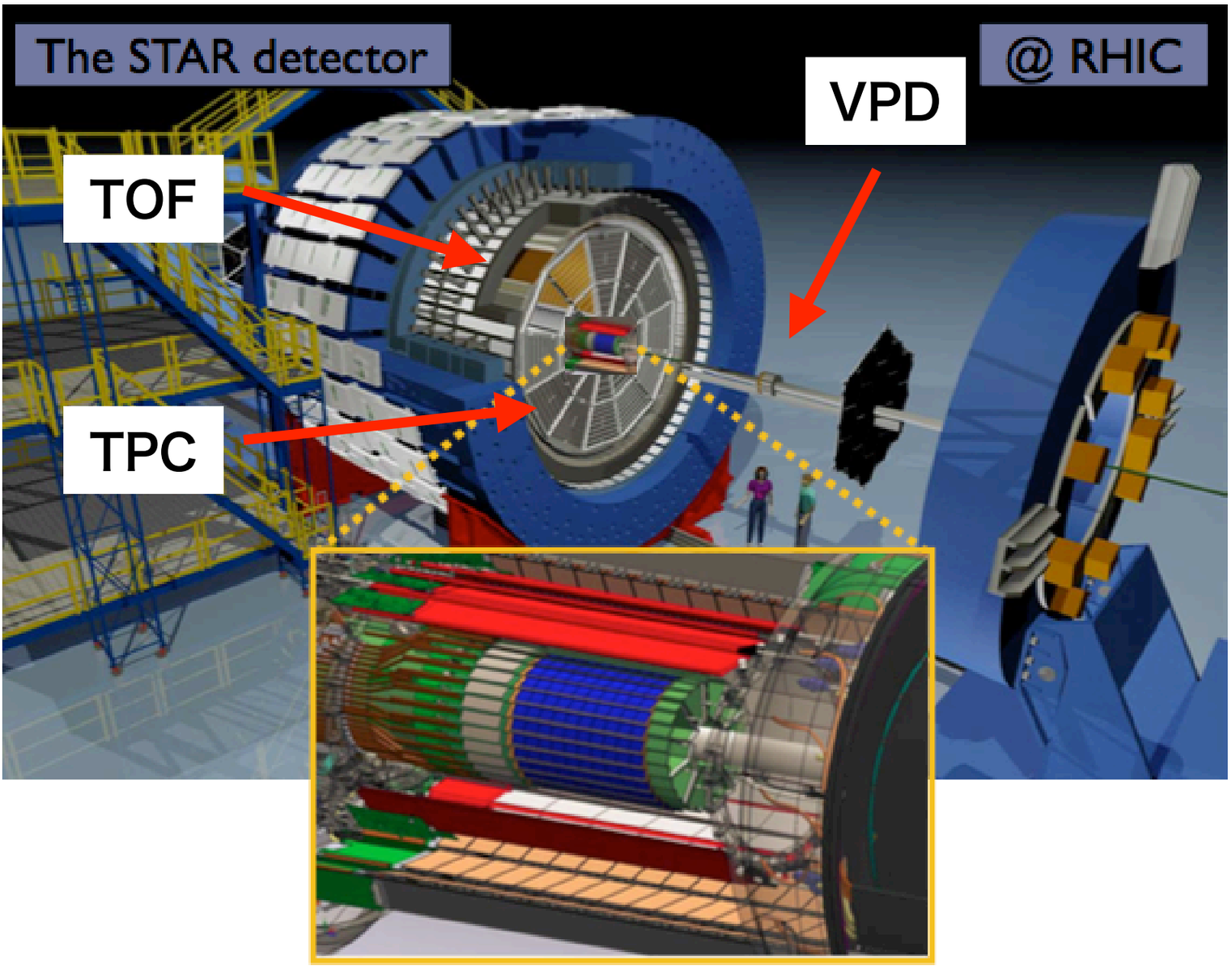
- Inclusive proton includes ~40% of protons from weak decay in Au+Au 200GeV.

PRL 92, 112301 (2004)
PRC 69, 034909 (2004)

- STAR - inclusive proton spectra
  not corrected for weak decay feed down contribution
  PHENIX - prompt proton spectra
  proton coming from Λ is estimated based on model simulations

- This result will be first direct measurement of prompt proton p_T spectra with new HFT detector at RHIC.
  - Uncertainty will decrease significantly due to smaller simulation correction.

STAR detector



Vertex Position Detector

Minimum bias trigger

Time Projection Chamber

Centrality definition

Particle trajectory

Momentum

PID (dE/dx)

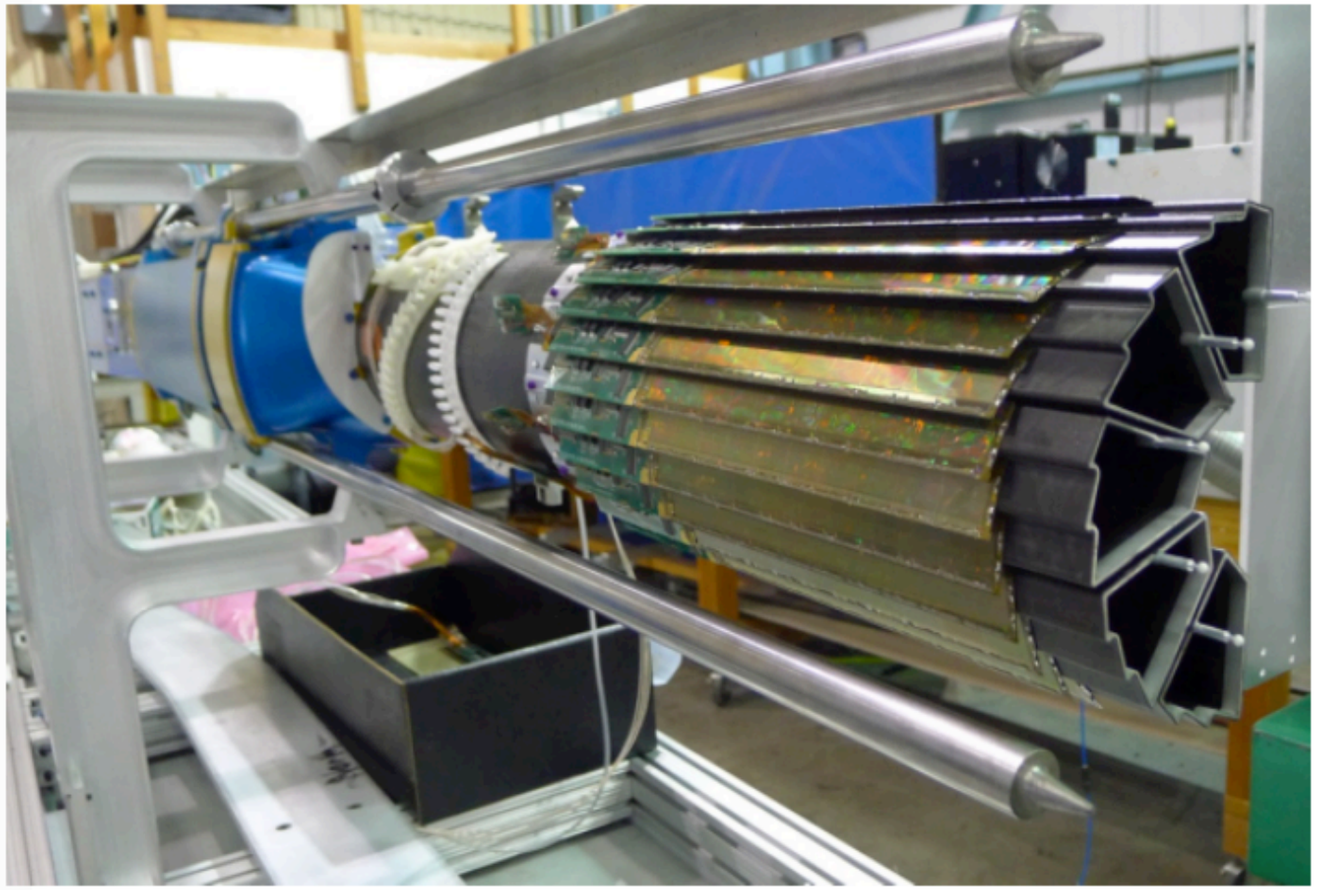
Time Of Flight

PID (flight time : 1/β)

Heavy Flavor Tracker

Heavy Flavor Tracker detector

PIXEL detector



Acceptance

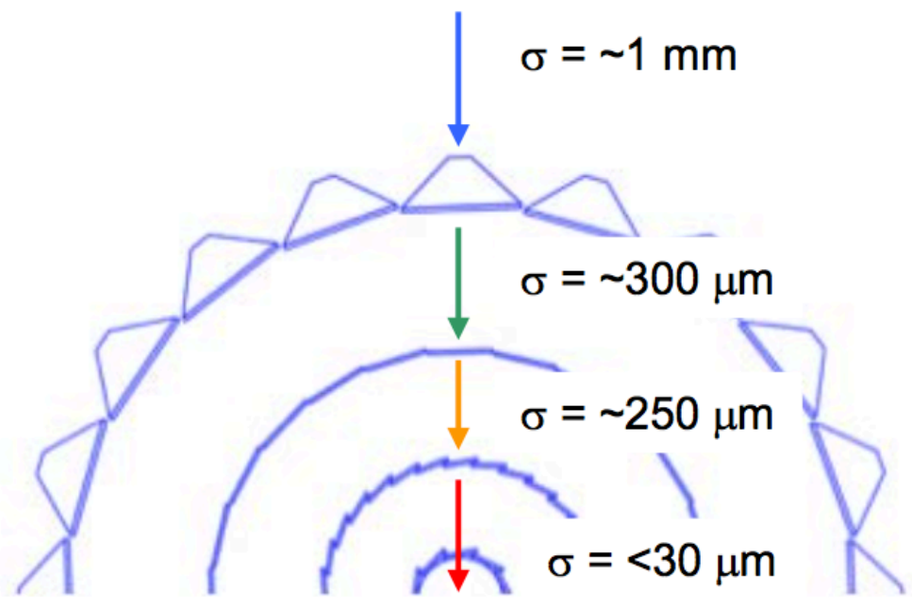
$-1 < \eta < 1$

$0 < \phi < 2\pi$

Good resolution of DCA

(Distance of Closest Approach)

Particle track - collision point

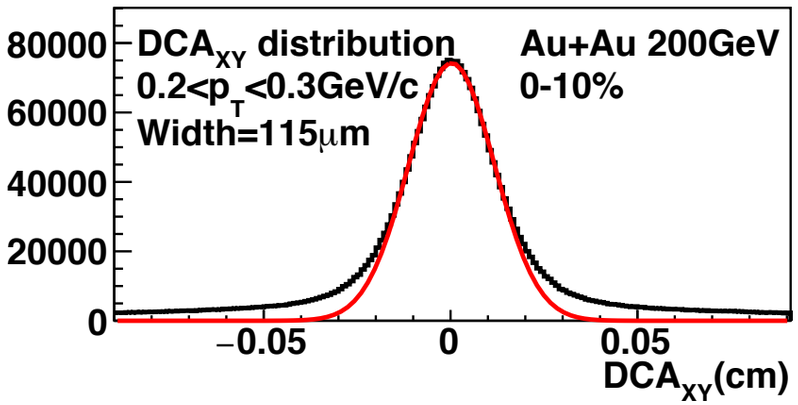


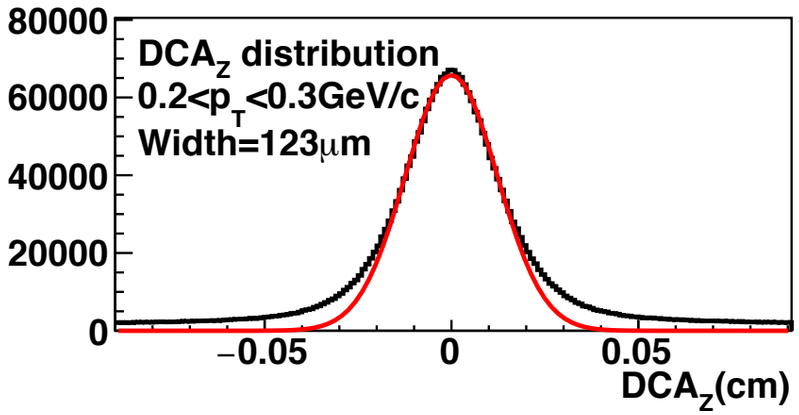
Silicon **S**trip **D**etector : r~22cm

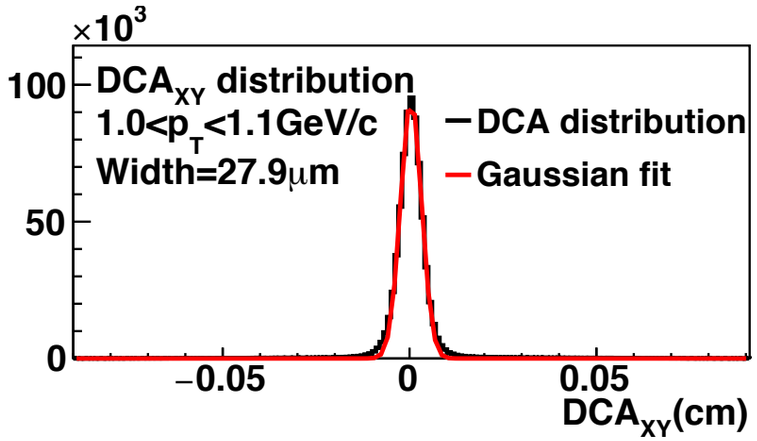
Intermediate **S**ilicon **T**racker : r~14cm

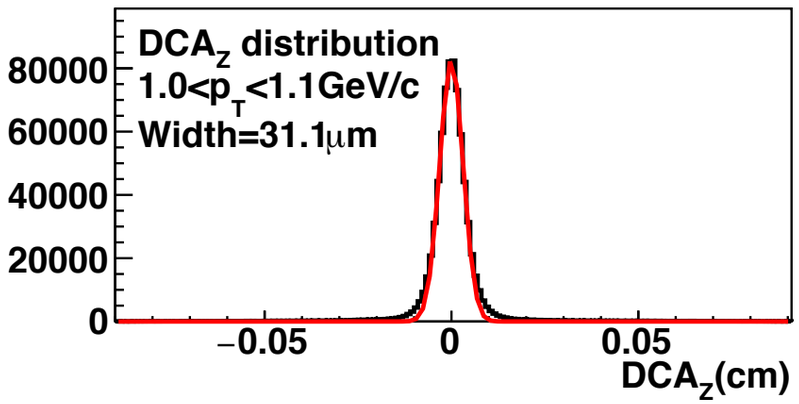
PIXEL : r~2.8, 8cm

HFT performance









DCA distribution from data in AuAu 200GeV

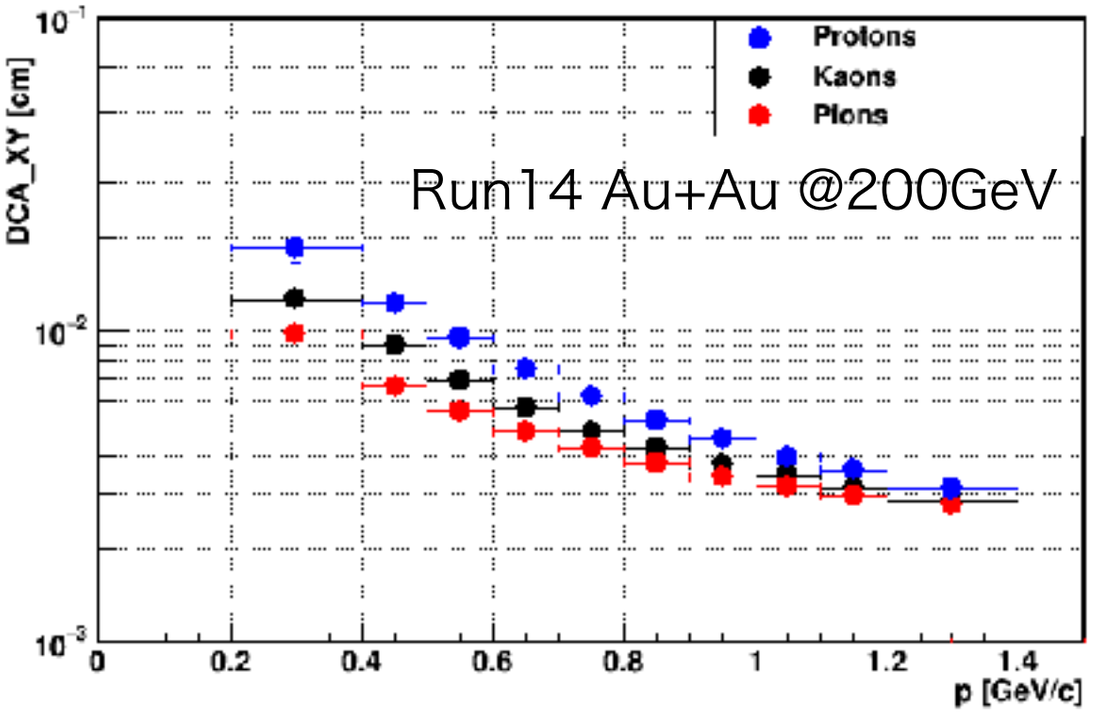
0-10% centrality

inclusive charged particles

DCA in XY plane and Z direction

Width : <50μm at p_T=1GeV/c

DCA Resolution



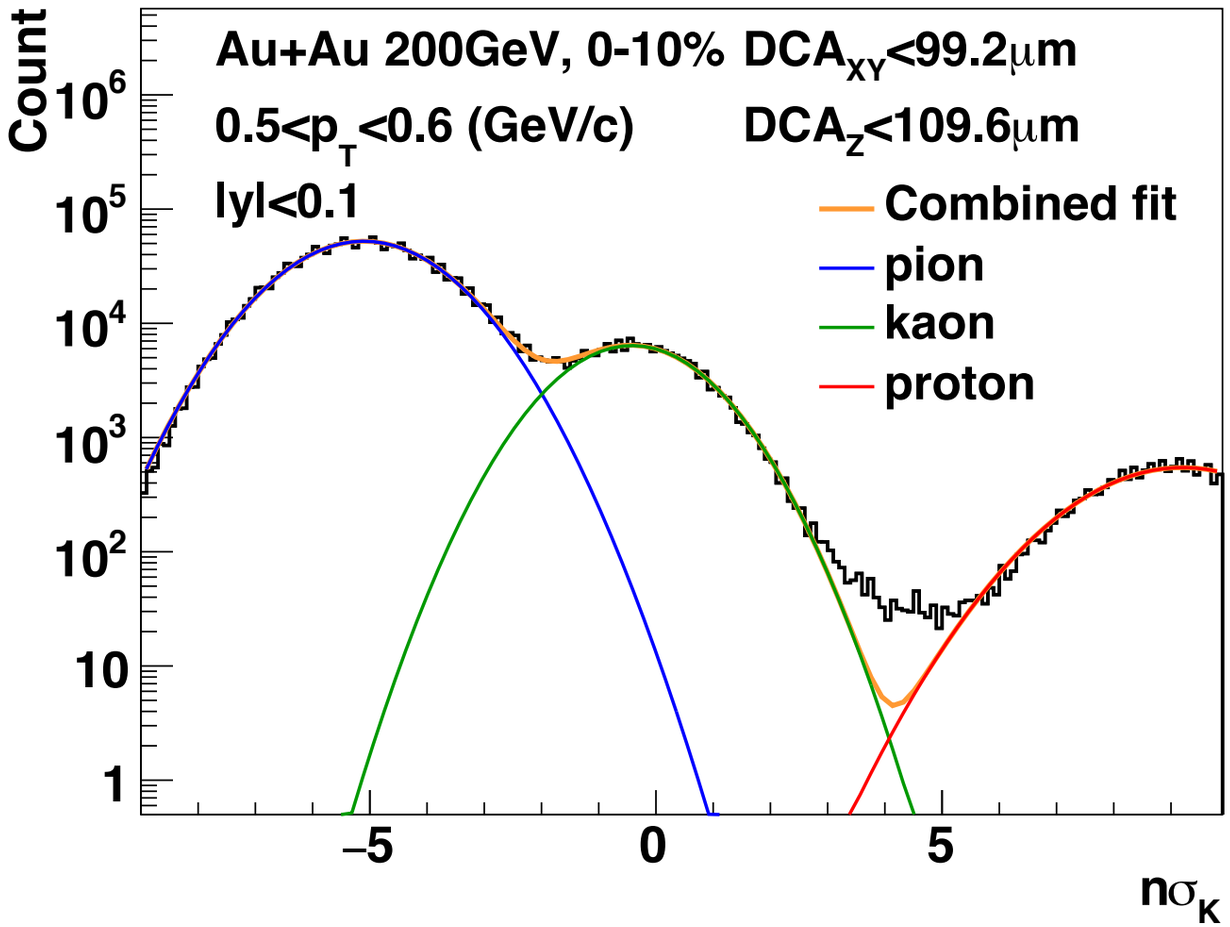
Particle Identification

Track selection

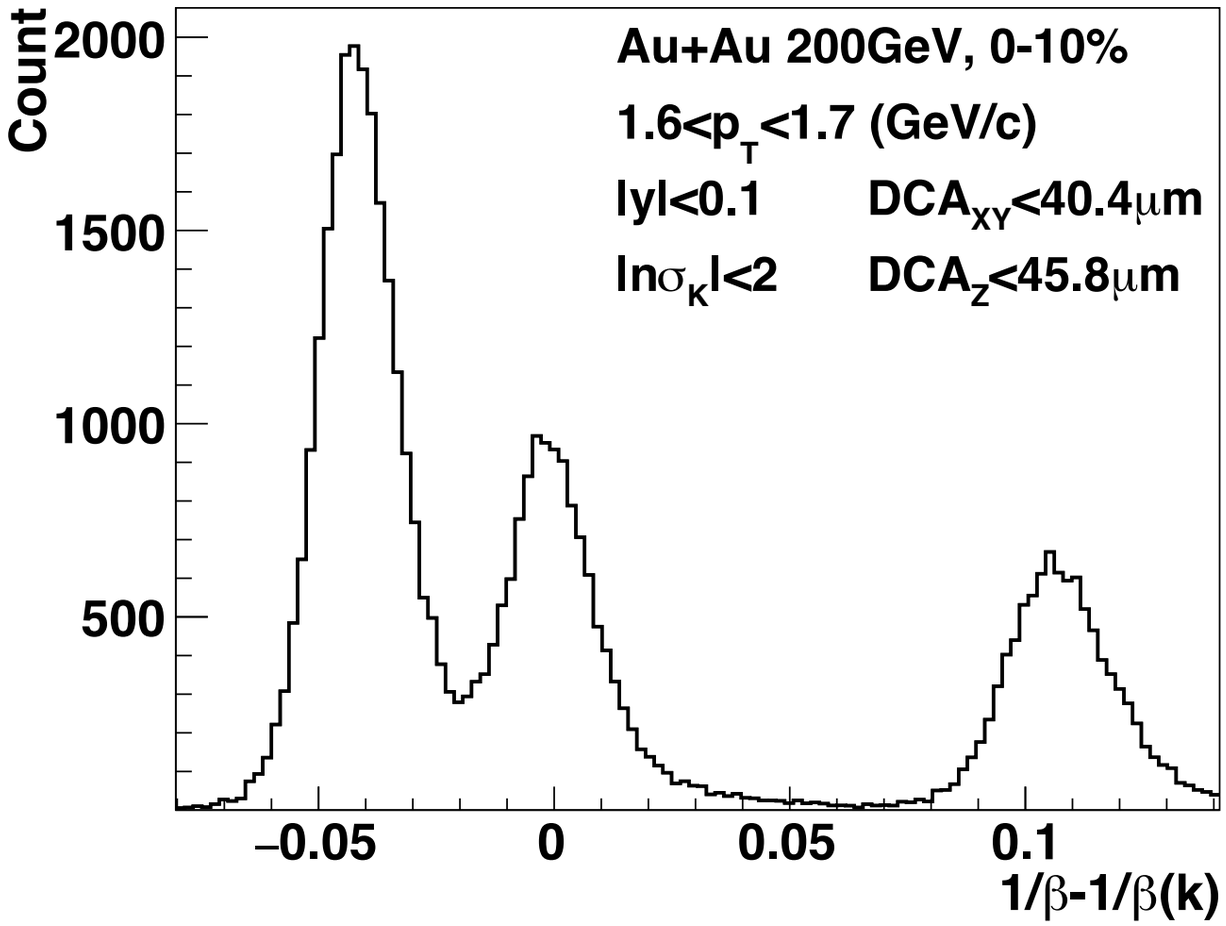
At least one hit for each HFT layer

DCA selection is determined with resolution.

dE/dx in TPC



dE/dx in TPC and β in TOF



Detector inefficiency & acceptance

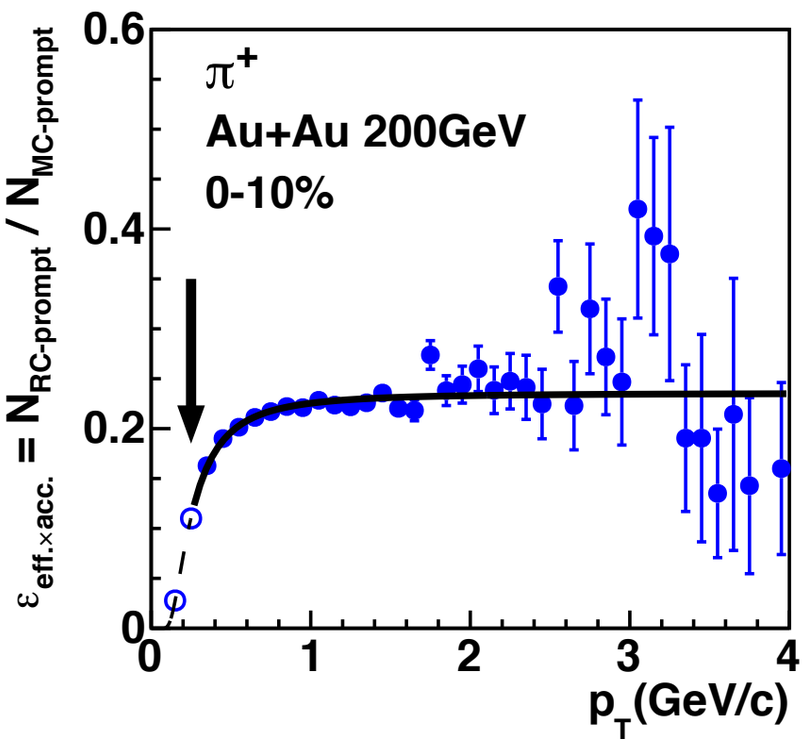
Extracted from HIJING and GEANT simulation

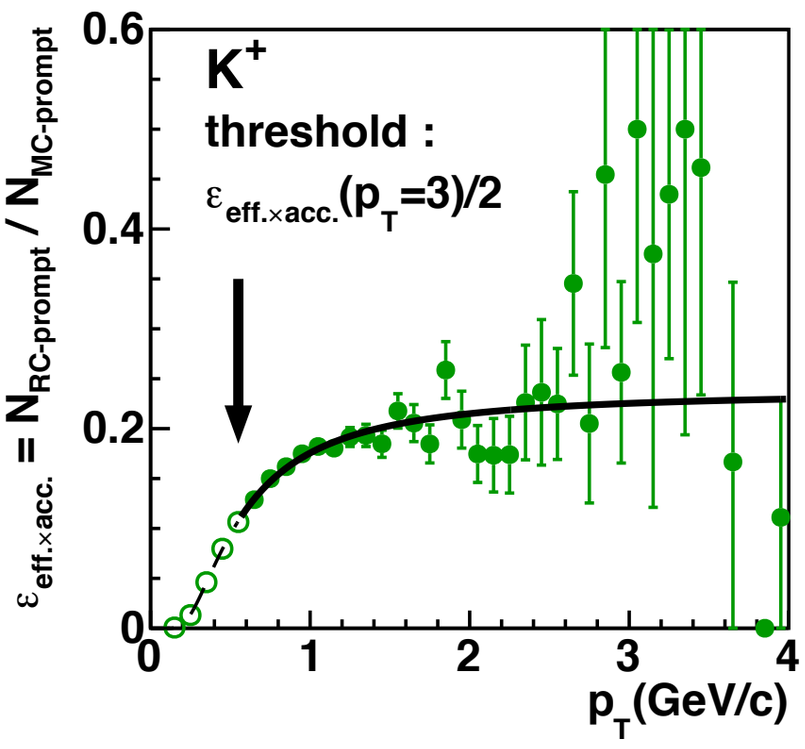
The combination of TPC and HFT efficiency and acceptance

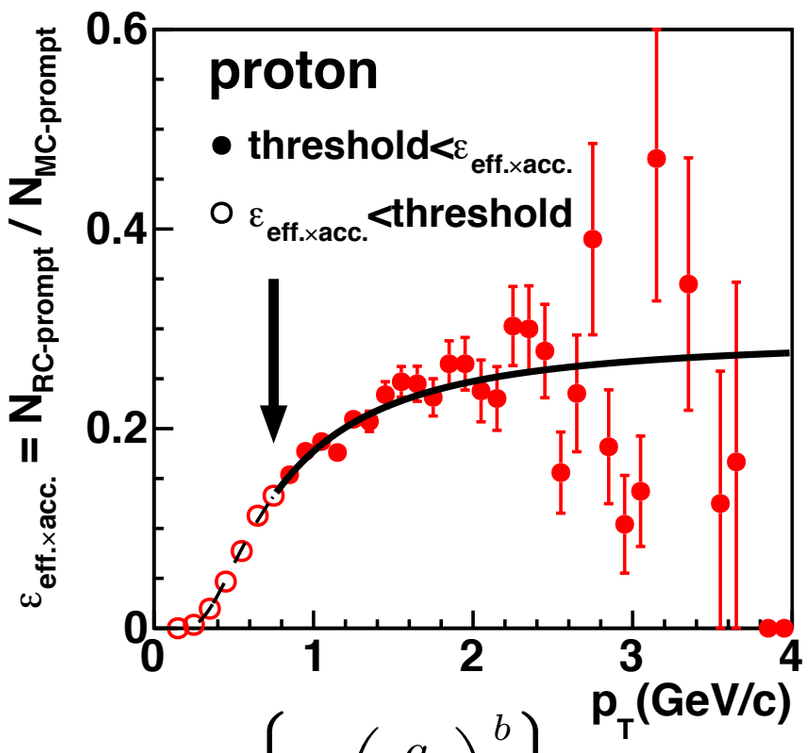
$$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{eff.}\times\mathrm{acc.}} = \frac{N_{\mathrm{RC-prompt\ particle}}}{N_{\mathrm{MC-prompt\ particle}}}$$

$N_{\mathrm{MC\text{-}prompt\ particle}}$: The number of created prompt particles

$N_{\mathrm{RC\text{-}prompt\ particle}}$: The number of reconstructed real prompt particles







$$F = A\exp\left\{-\left(\frac{a}{p_T}\right)^b\right\}$$

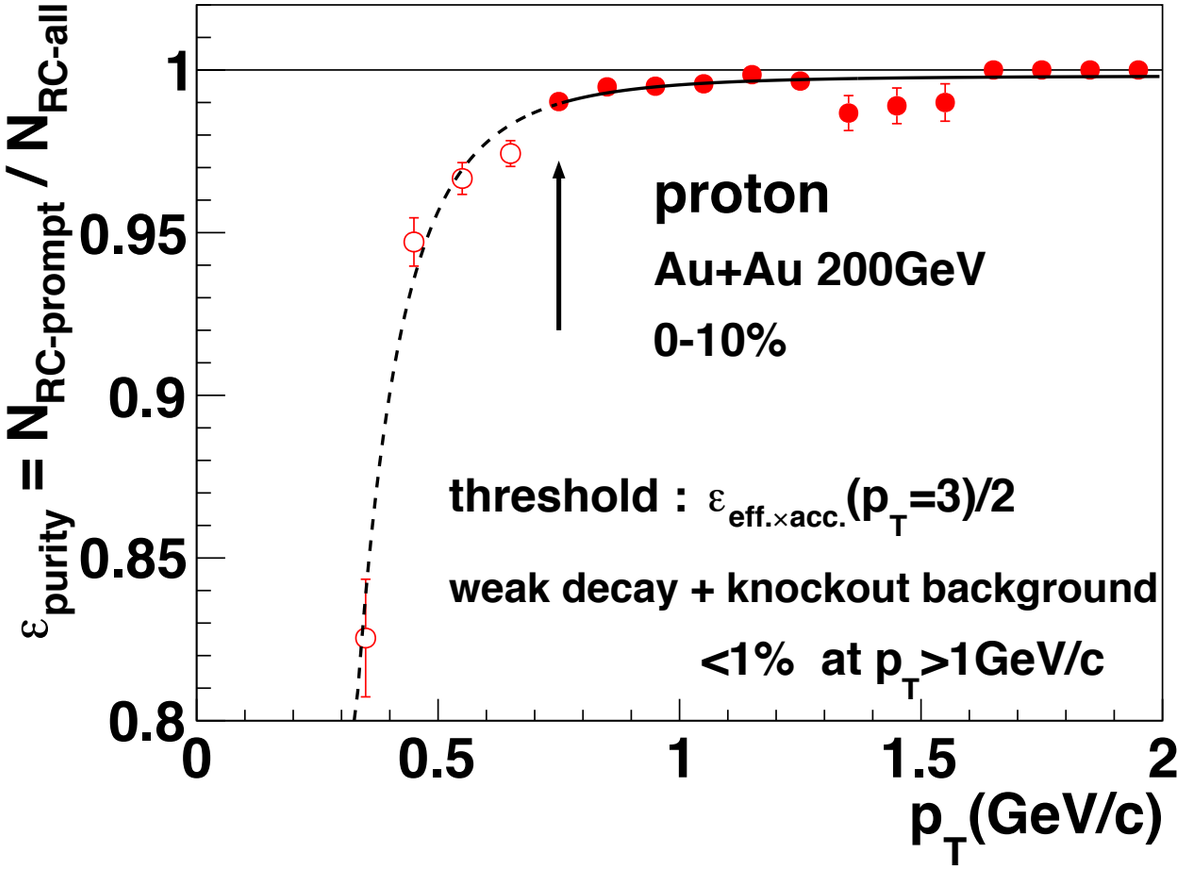
The purity of prompt particles

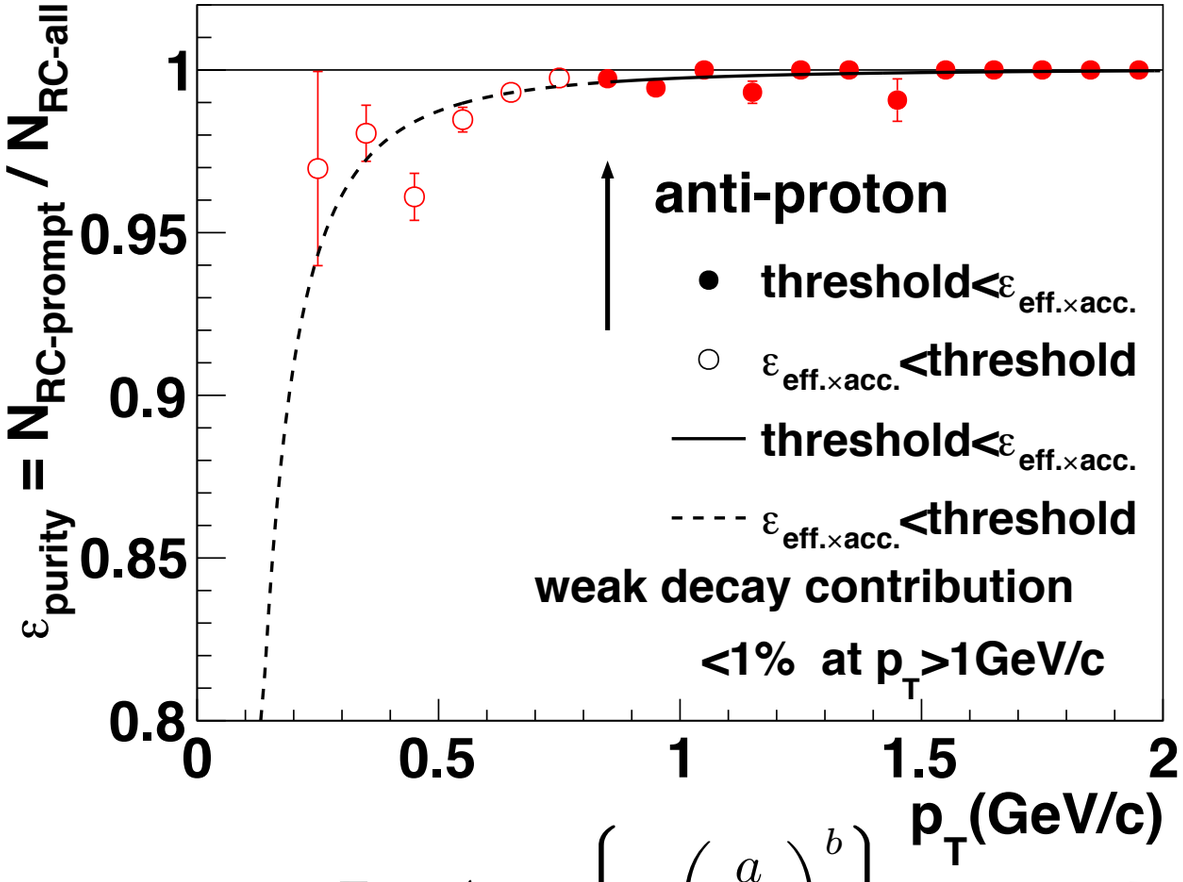
Extracted from HIJING and GEANT simulation.

$$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{purity}} = \frac{N_{\mathrm{RC-prompt\ particle}}}{N_{\mathrm{RC-all\ particle}}}$$

$N_{\mathrm{RC\text{-}all\ particle}}$: The number of reconstructed all of particles

$N_{\mathrm{RC\text{-}prompt\ particle}}$: The number of reconstructed real prompt particles





$$F = A\exp\left\{-\left(\frac{a}{p_T}\right)^{b}\right\}$$

p_T spectra correction

$$\frac{1}{2\pi p_T}\frac{d^2N}{dp_T dy} = \frac{1}{2\pi p_T}\frac{1}{N_{evt}}\frac{\varepsilon_{\text{purity}}}{\varepsilon_{\text{eff.}\times\text{acc.}}}\frac{N}{\Delta p_T \Delta y}$$

Systematic uncertainty

TPC efficiency : ~5%

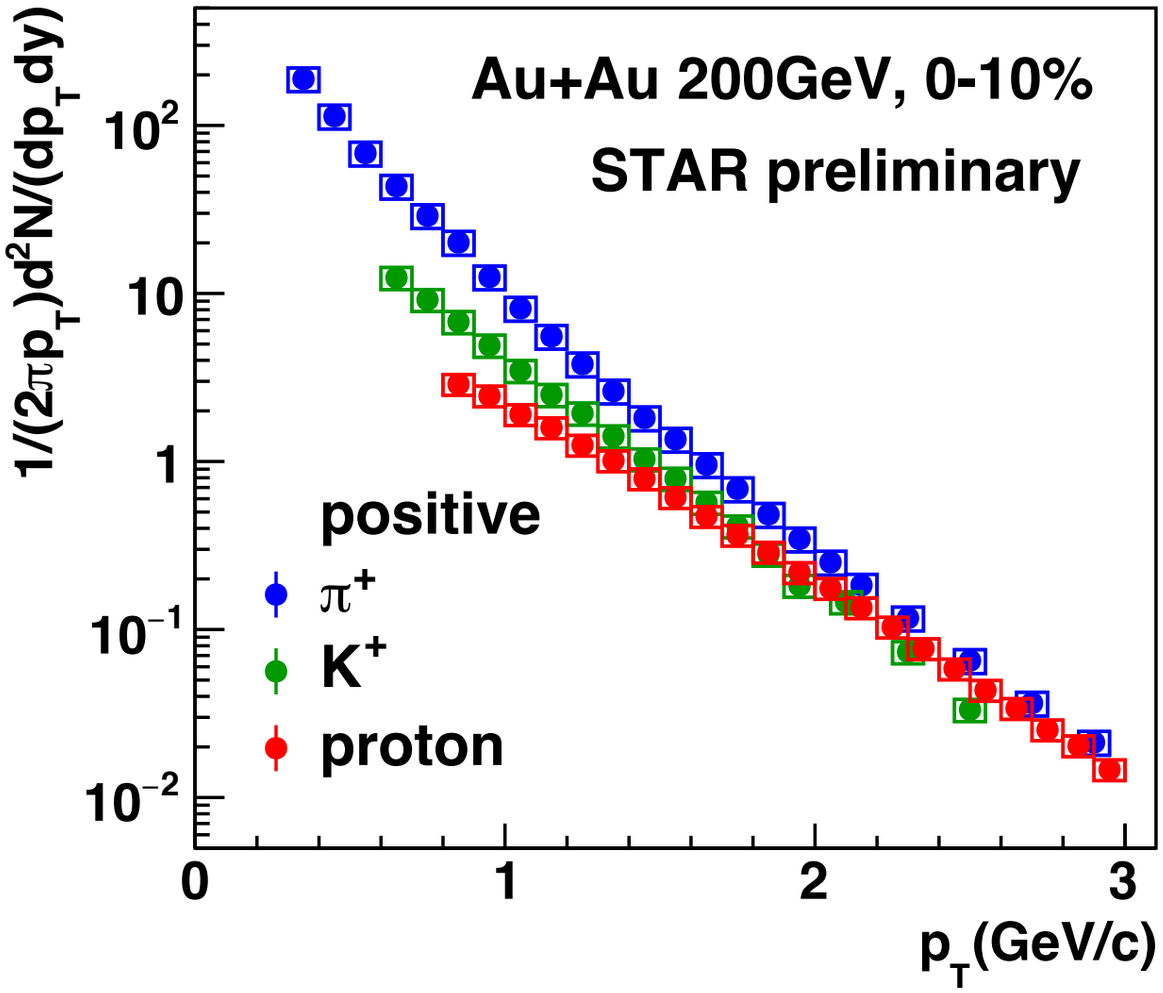
HFT matching efficiency : <13%

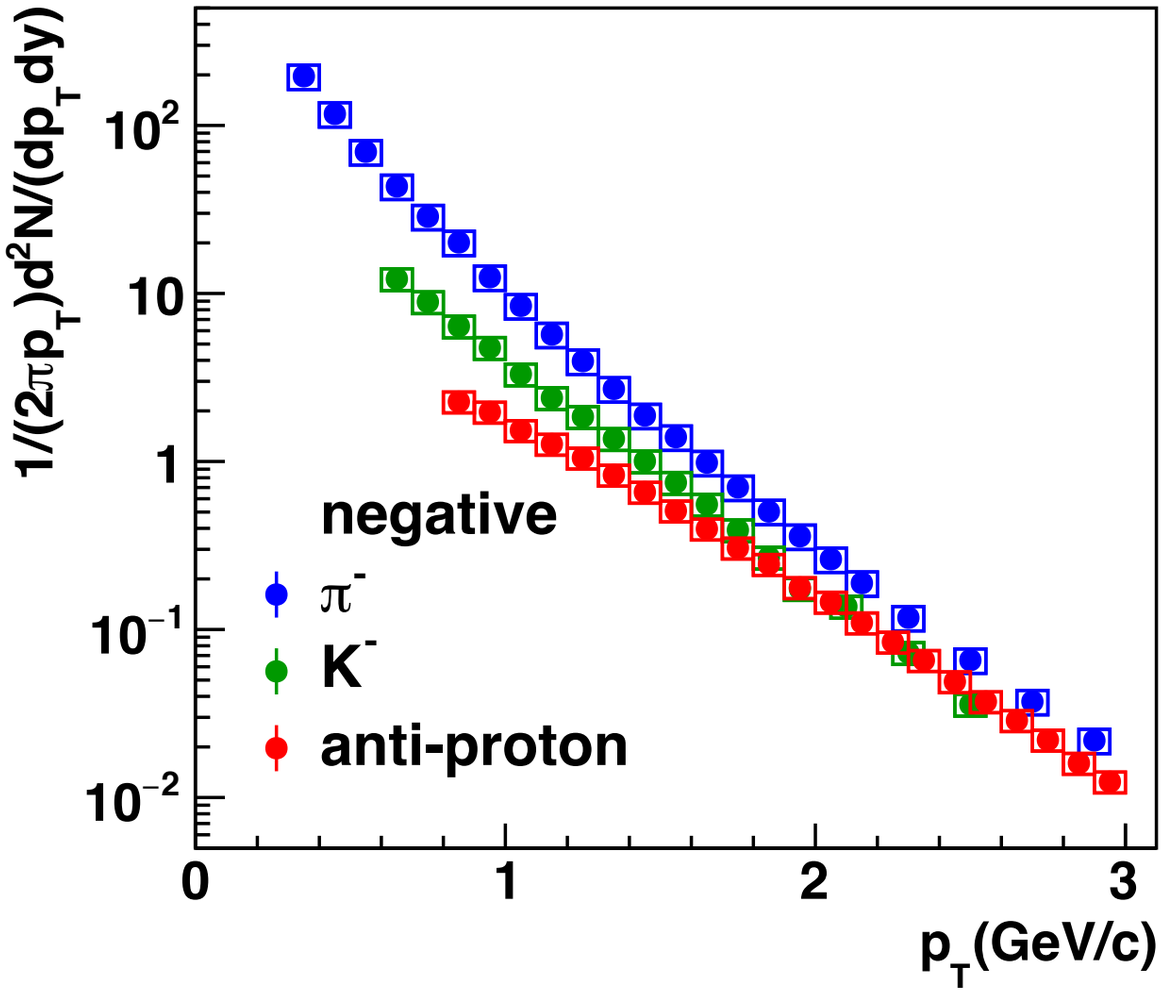
The difference of HFT matching efficiency between data and simulation

DCA selection : <10%

Particle species dependent

π, K, p p_T spectra

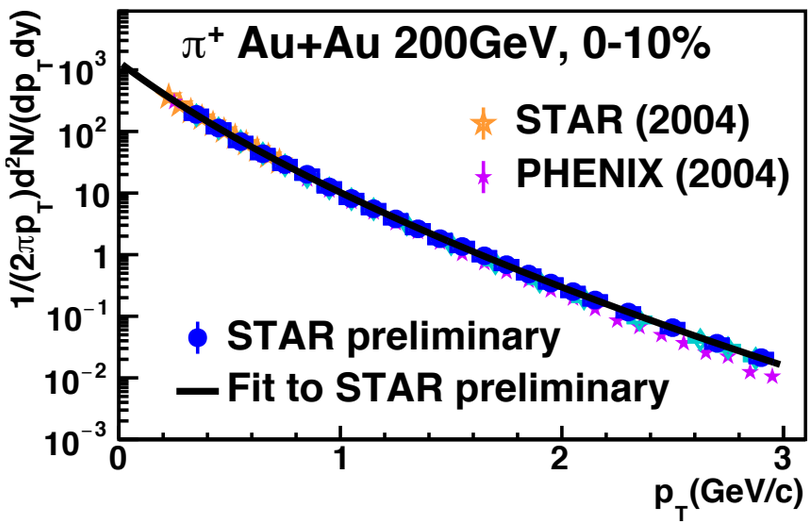


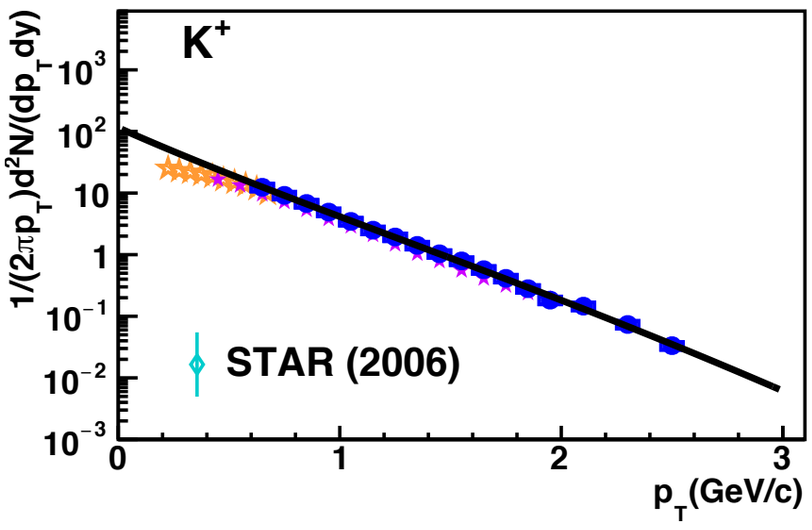


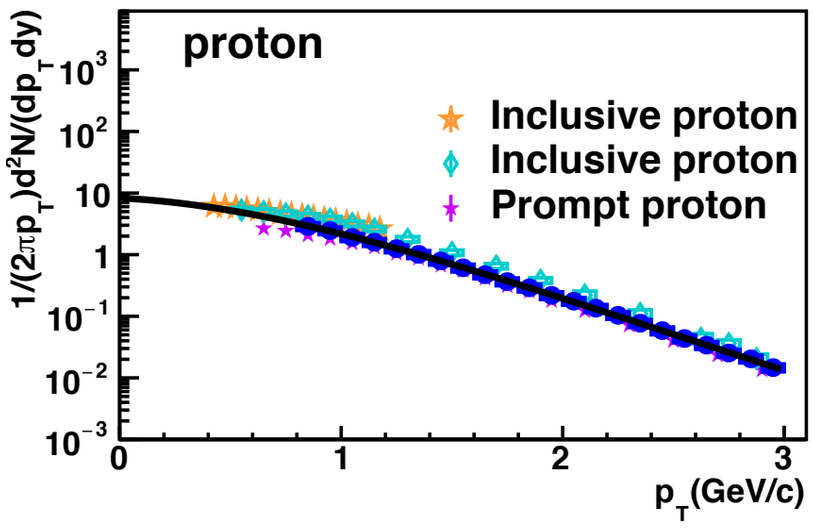
PID spectra with the HFT in Au-Au 200GeV

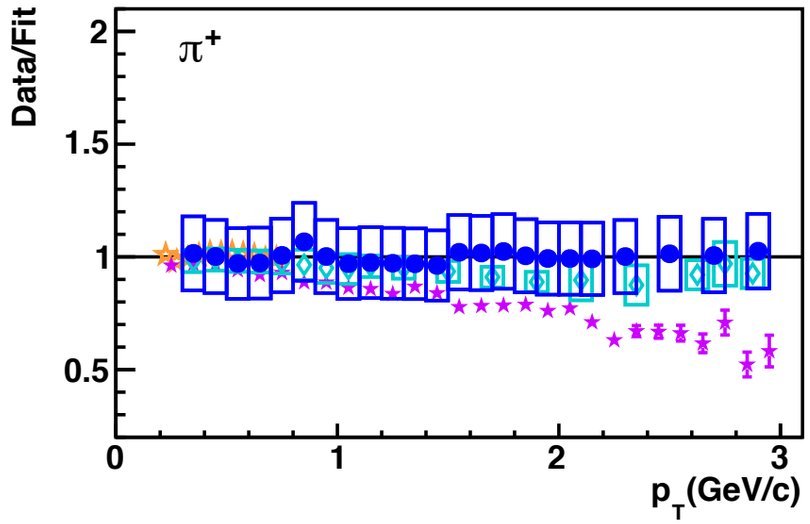
The shape depends on particle mass.

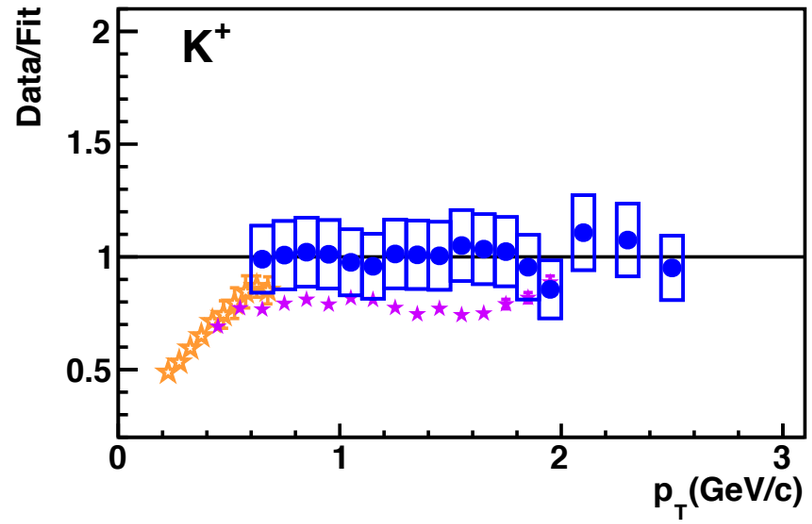
π, K, p p_T spectra

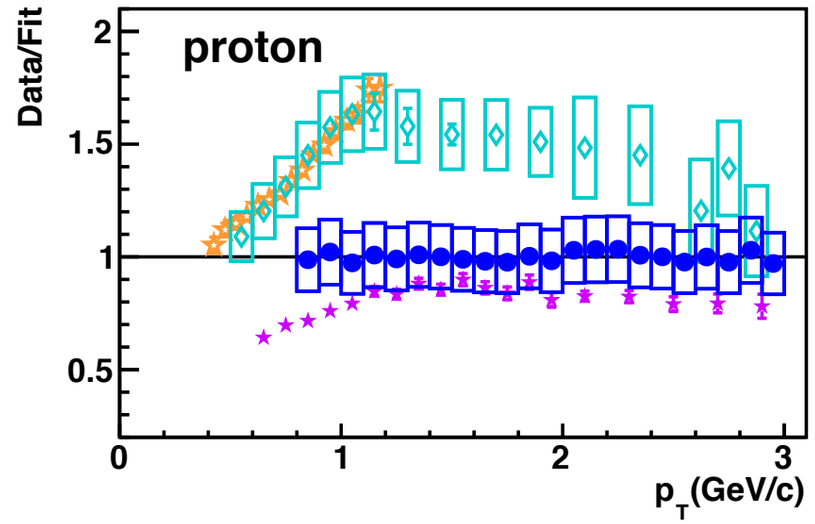












Modify Hagedorn equation

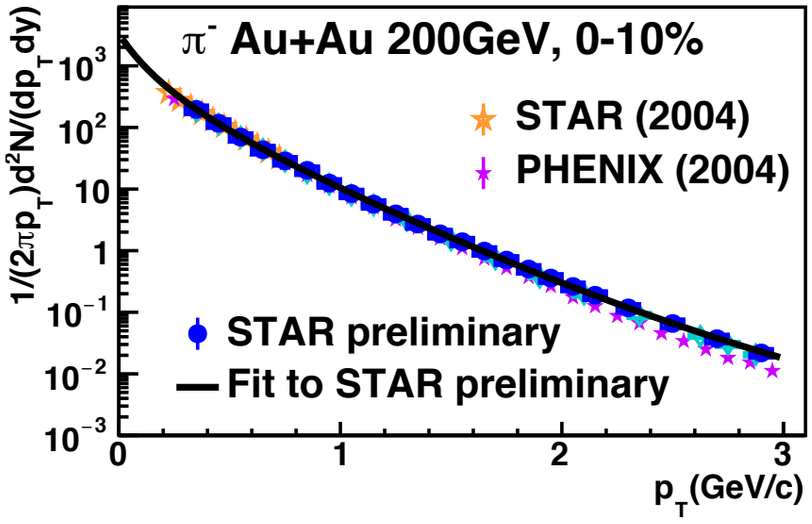
$$F = \frac{A}{\{\exp\left(-ap_T - bp_T^2\right) + p_T/p_0\}^n}$$

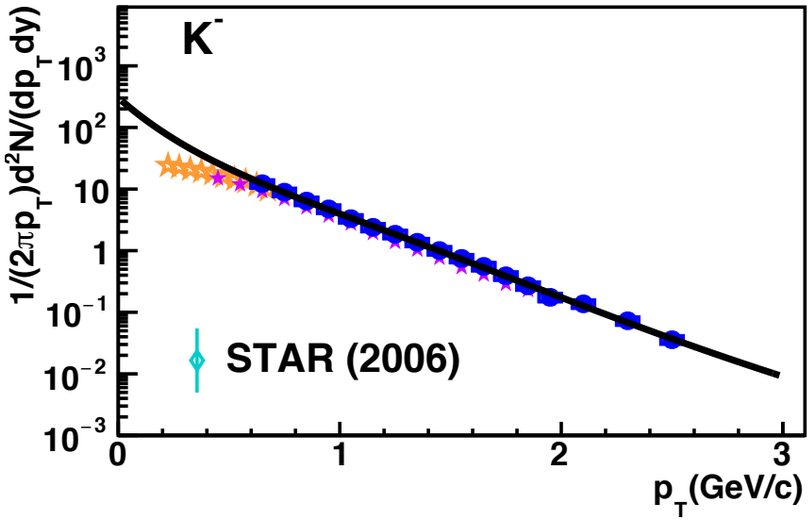
PRL 92, 112301 (2004)
PRC 69, 034909 (2004)
PRL 97, 152301 (2006)

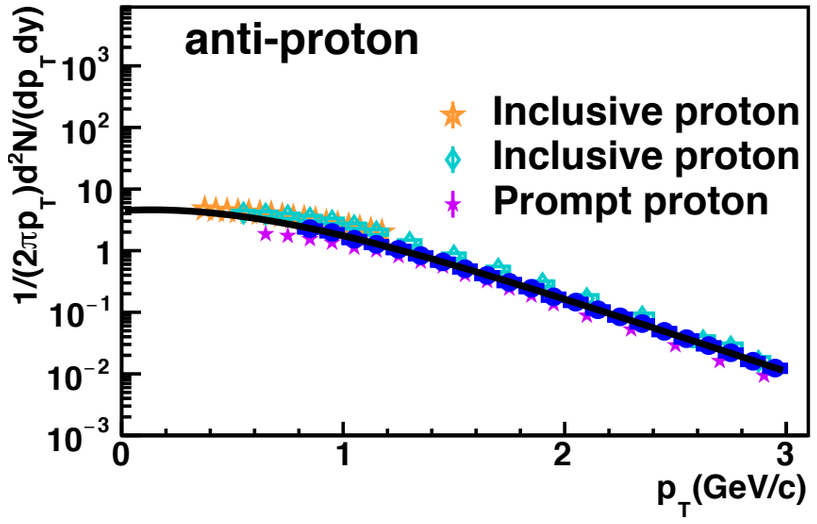
STAR results (orange, cyan) : inclusive proton

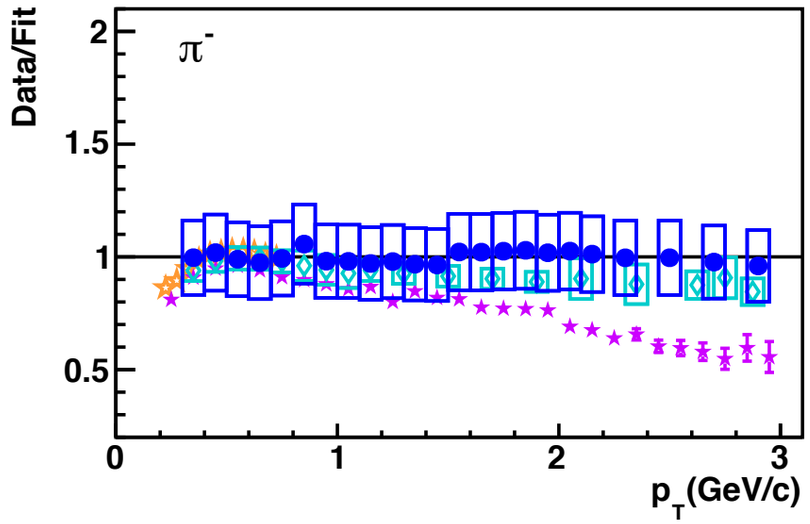
PHENIX results (magenta) : corrected for weak decay from Λ

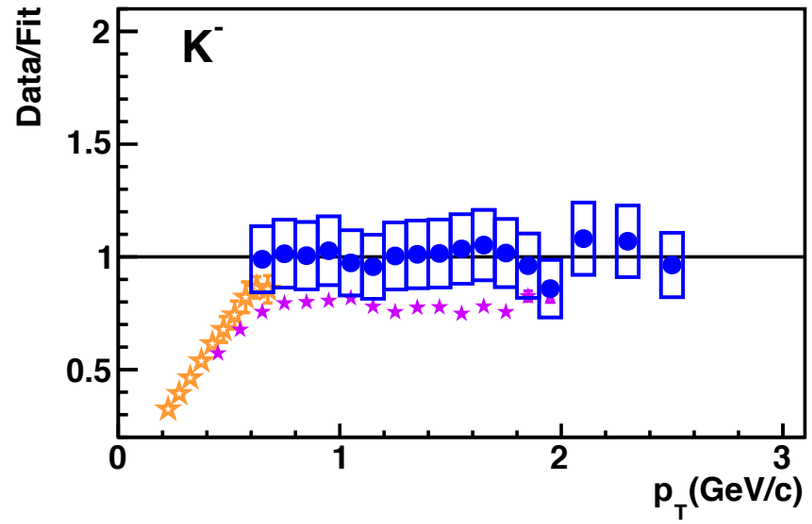
π, K, p p_T spectra

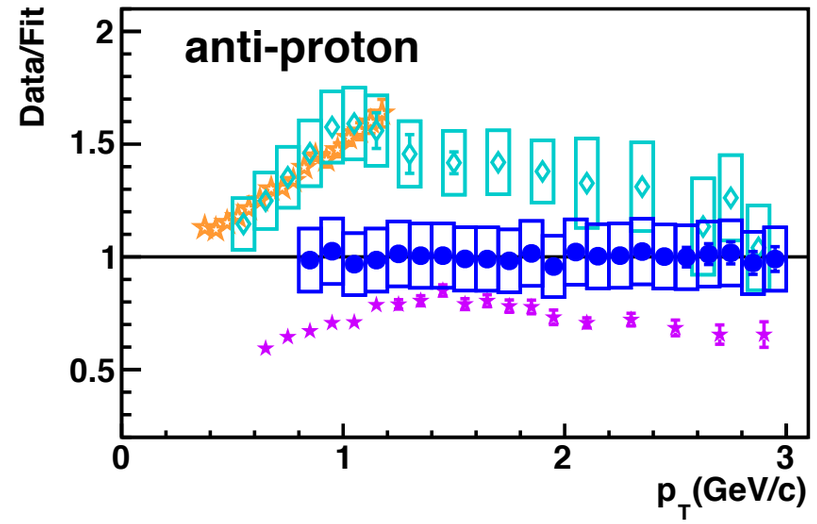












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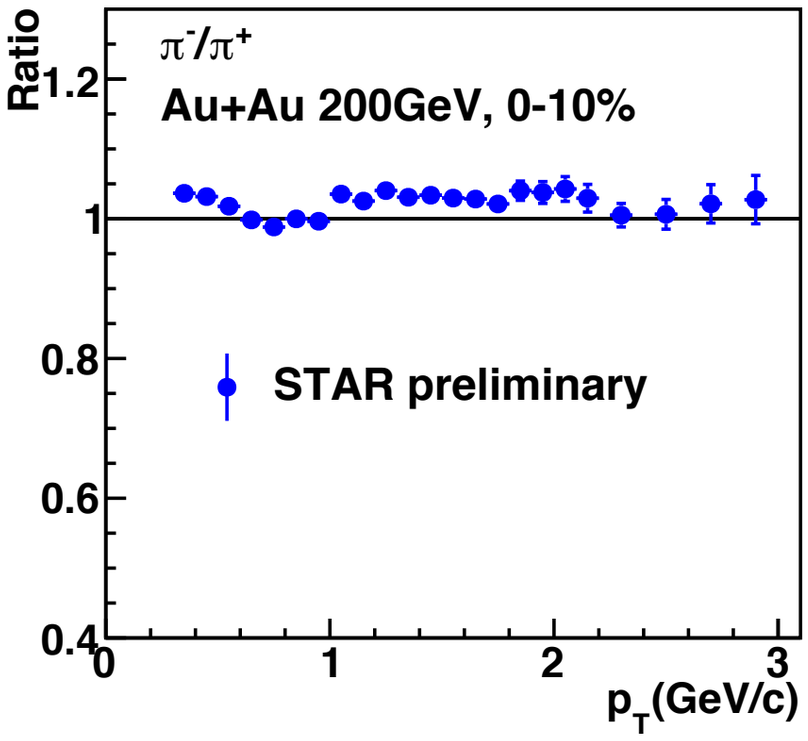
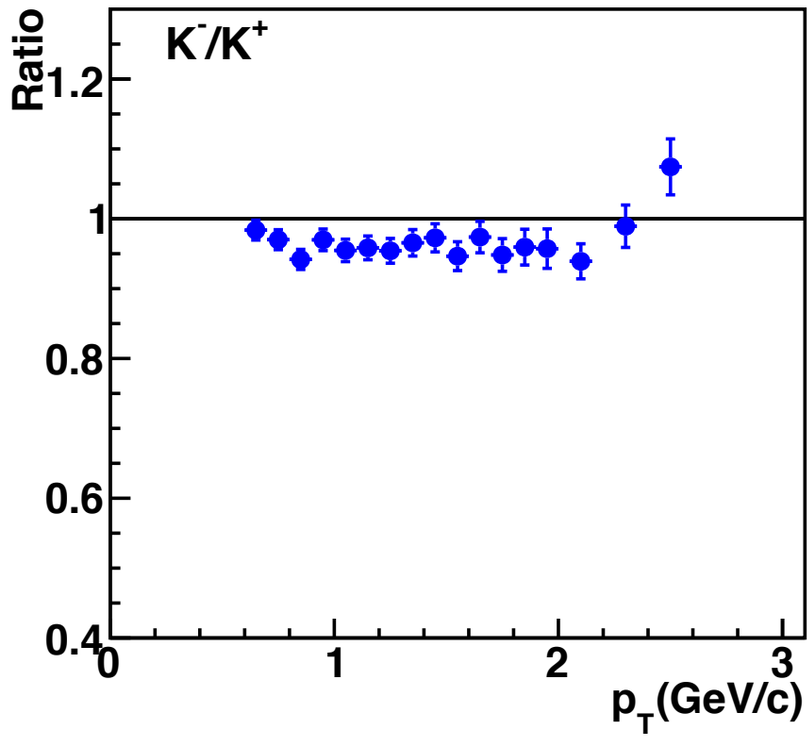
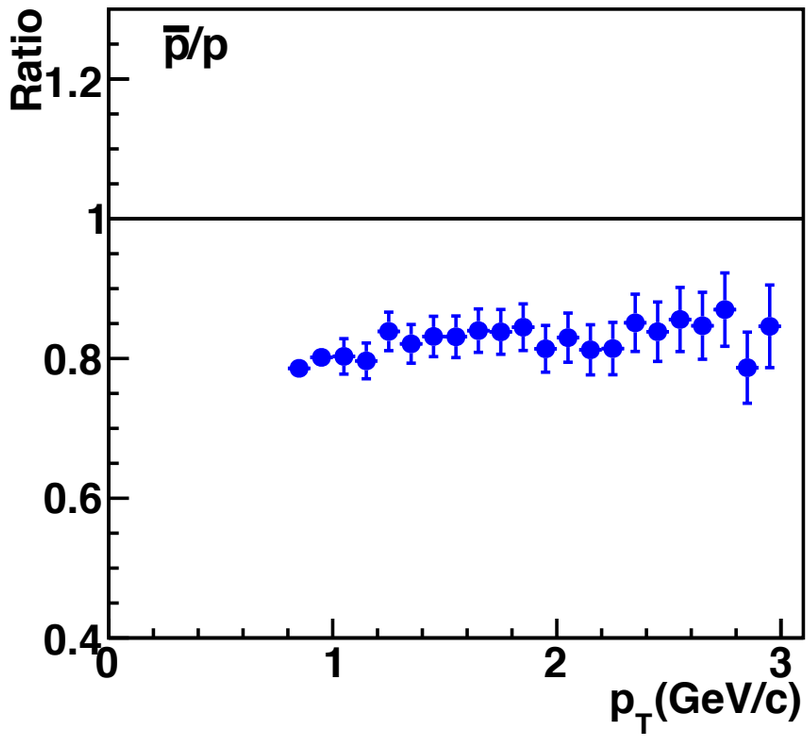
Anti-particle to particle ratio

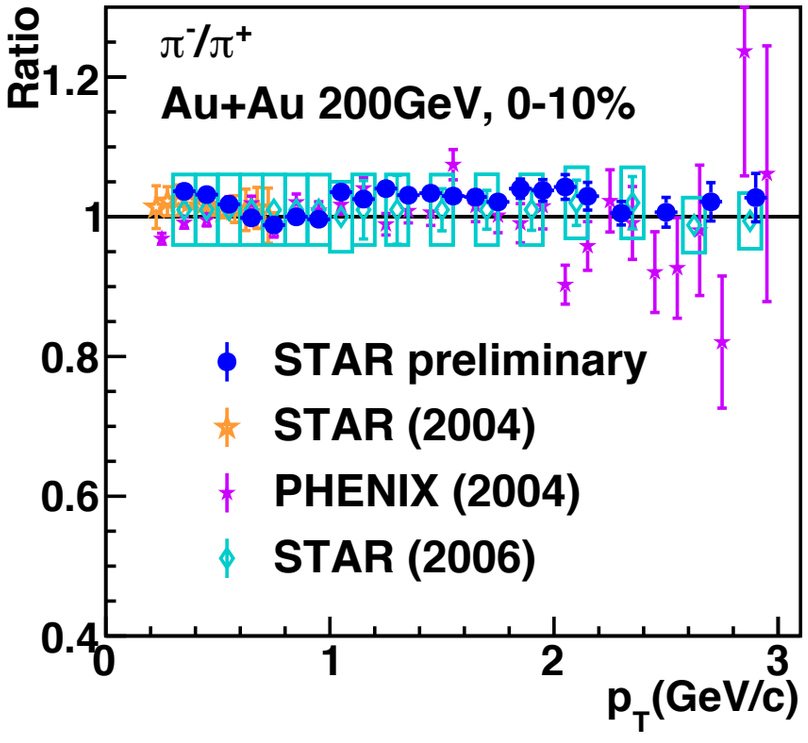


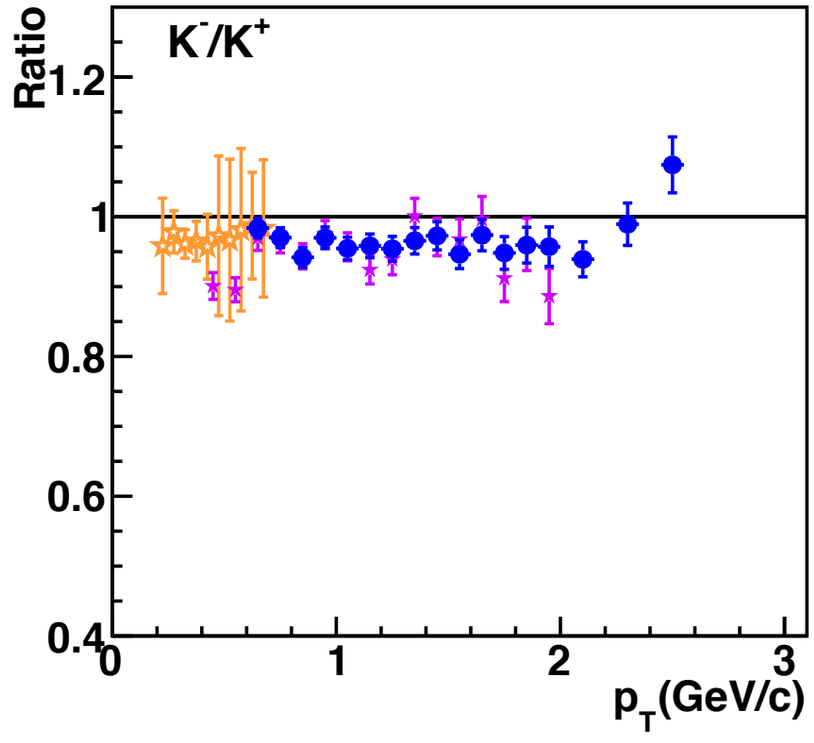


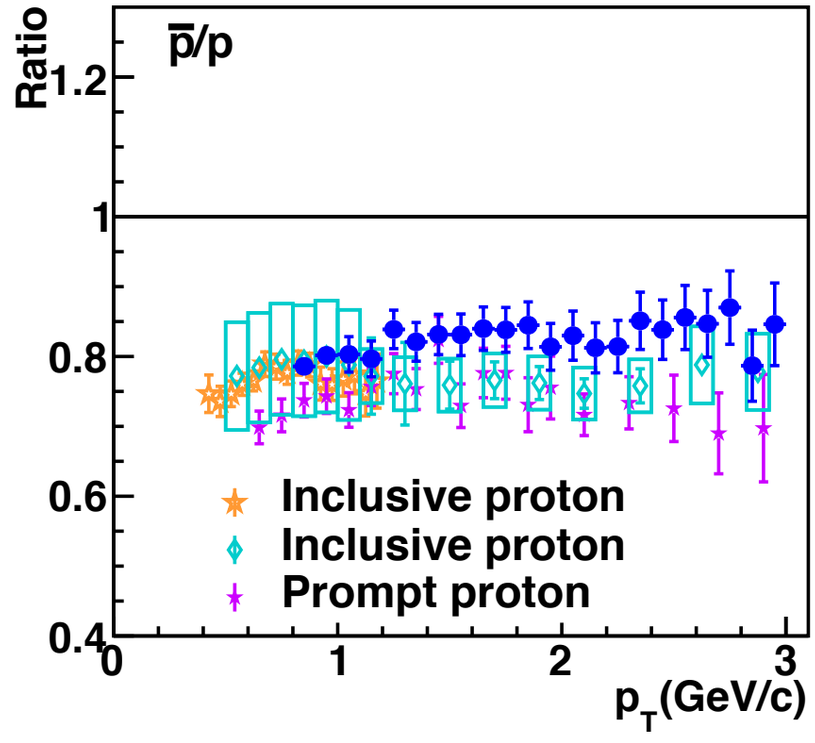


The ratios are about 1, 0.95, 0.8 for π, K, p at RHIC energy.

Anti-particle to particle ratio



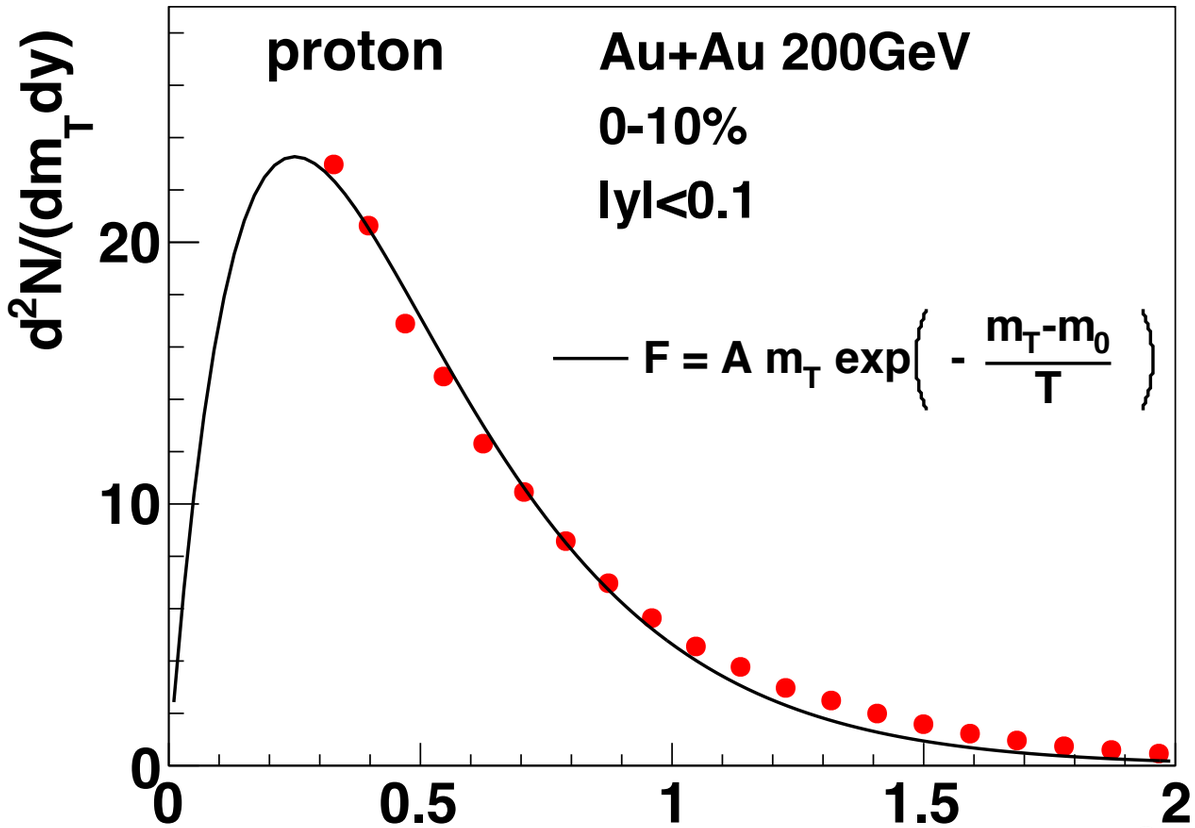




PRL 92, 112301 (2004)
PRC 69, 034909 (2004)
PRL 97, 152301 (2006)

There is no significant difference between inclusive and prompt proton ratio.

Estimating dN/dy distribution



Out of range of measured spectra

Extrapolating with equations

The difference of equations are defined as systematic uncertainty.

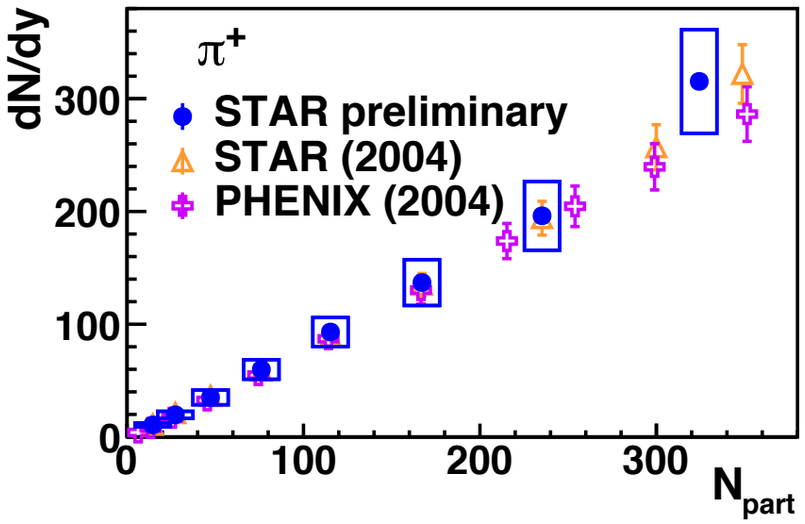
$m_T - m_0 (GeV/c^2)$ — Fraction of dN/dy

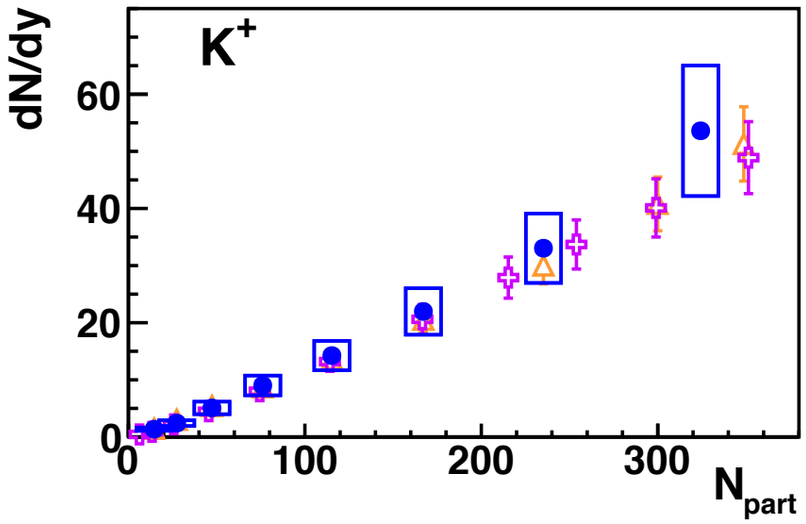
	measured dN/dy	extrapolated dN/dy low p_T	extrapolated dN/dy high p_T
π^+	168.7 (53.5%)	146.7 (46.4%)	0.14 (0.1%)
K^+	26.8 (50%)	26.7 (49%)	0.1 (1%)
proton	11.1 (51%)	10.4(48%)	0.11 (1%)

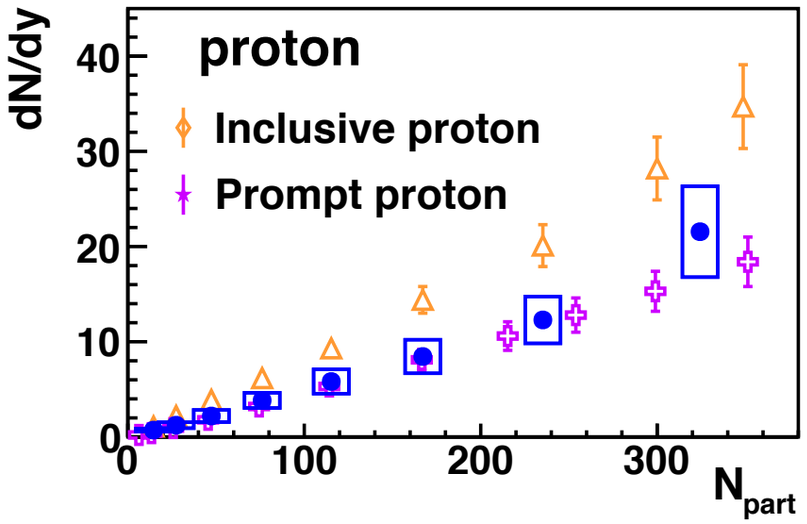
For pion, Bose-Einstein equation, m_T exponential (for estimating systematics)

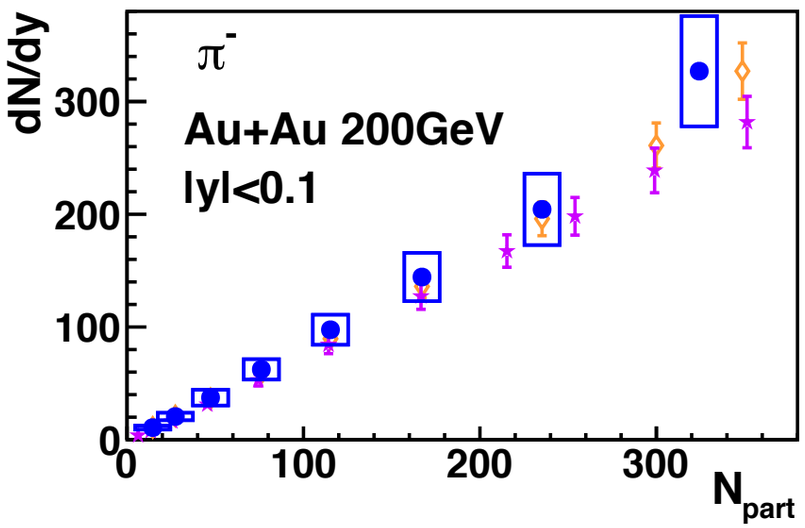
For kaon and proton, p_T exponential, m_T exponential

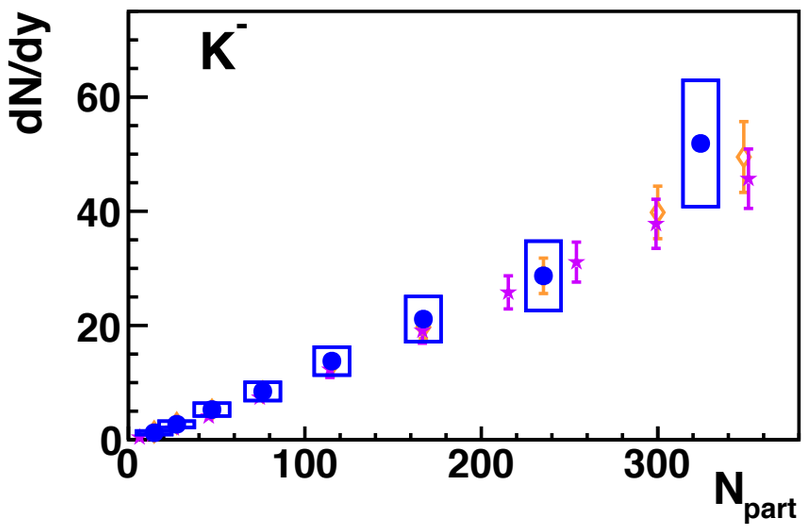
dN/dy distribution

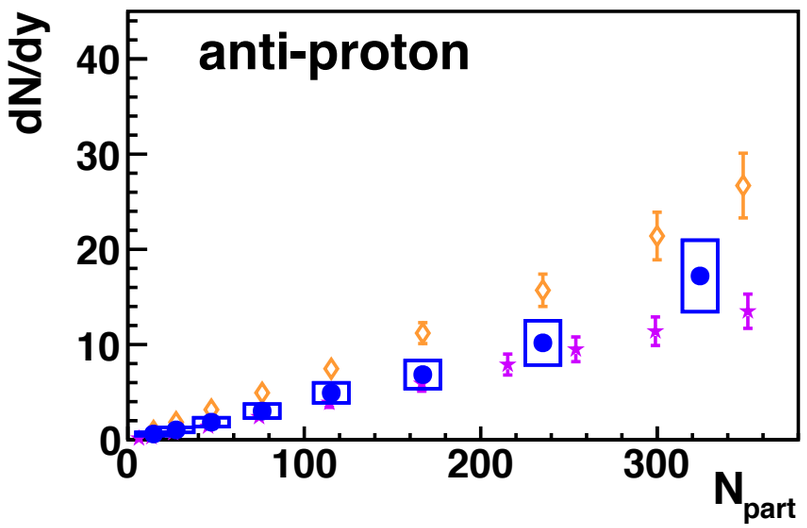












STAR results (orange, cyan) : inclusive proton

PHENIX results (magenta) : corrected for weak decay from Λ

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Summary

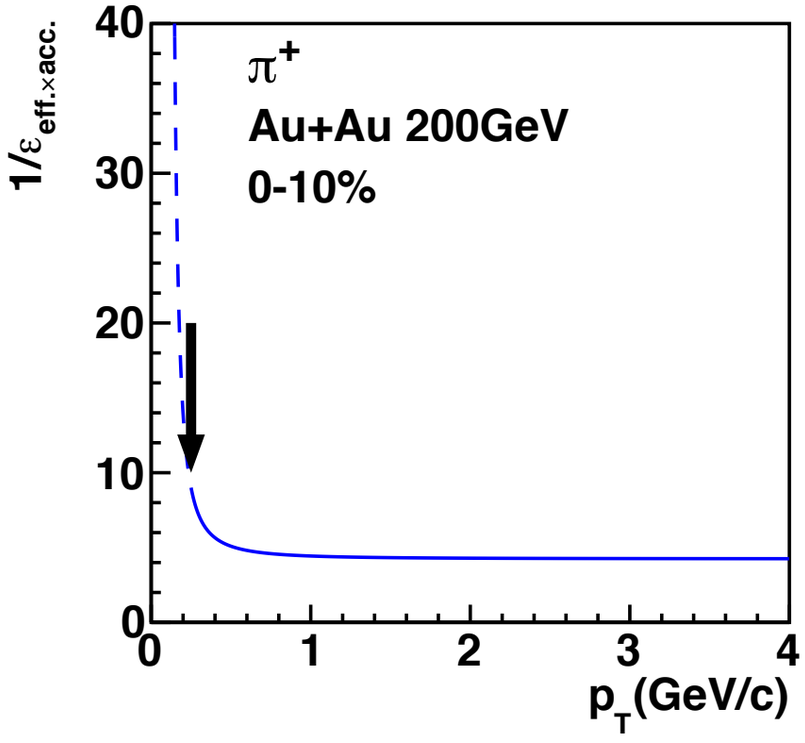
- The first result of prompt π, K, p p_T spectra with the HFT in Au+Au 200GeV collisions at STAR experiment

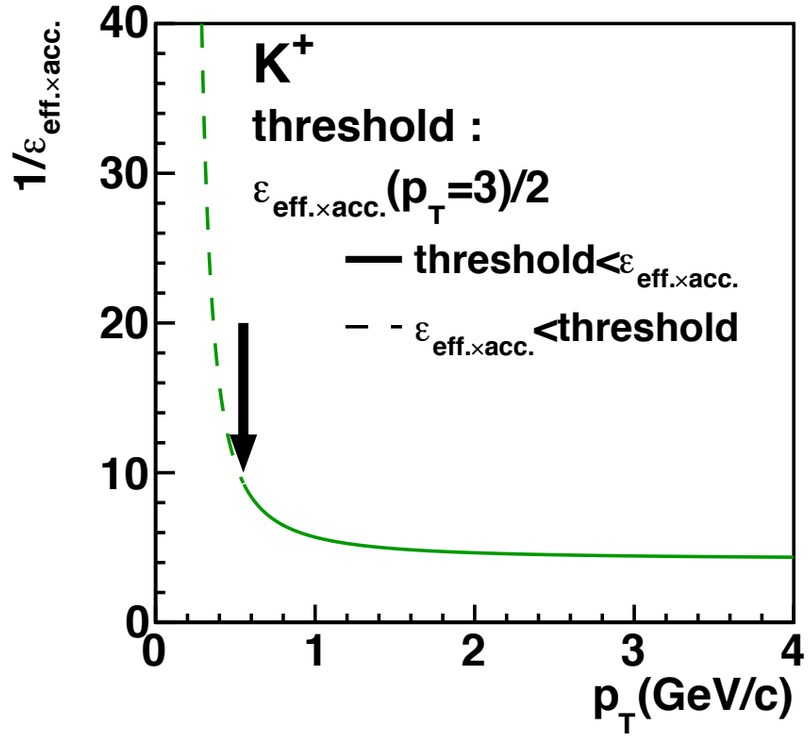
- The anti-particle to particle ratio
  There is no significant difference between inclusive and prompt proton results.

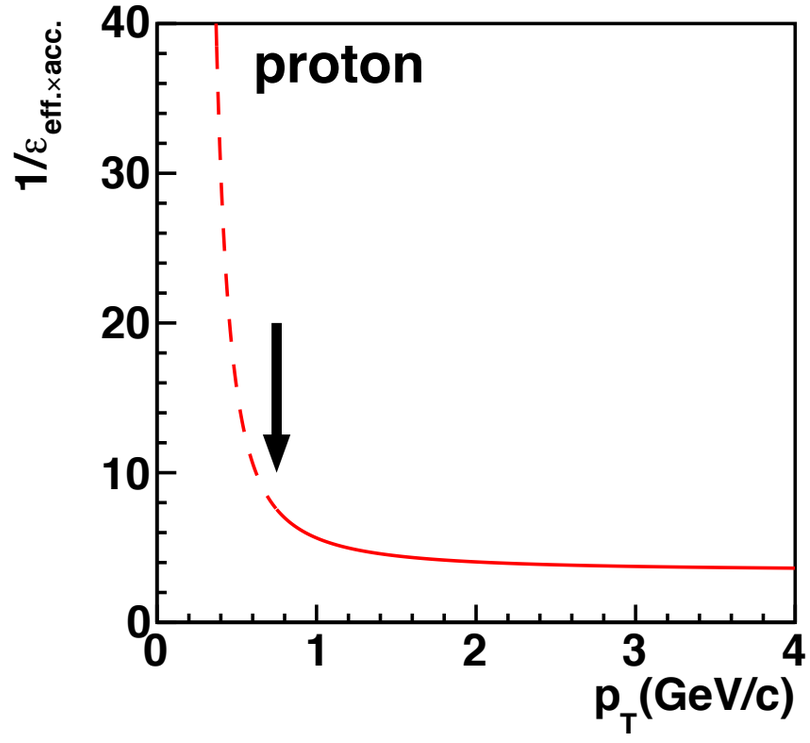
- Prompt particle azimuthal anisotropy
  Important for kinetic freeze-out parameters

Sanshiro Mizuno, CiRfSE workshop

Efficiency correction







$$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{eff.}\times\mathrm{acc.}} = \frac{N_{\mathrm{RC-prompt\ particle}}}{N_{\mathrm{MC-prompt\ particle}}}$$

Correction of detector efficiency and acceptance

Correction factor get large in low p_T region